

Appendix to Marginalized Exponential Random Graph Models published in the Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics

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Derivation of Likelihood Equation

First we express the mean of $\mathbf{Y} = (Y_{12}, Y_{13}, \dots, Y_{n-1,n})'$ as

$$\boldsymbol{\pi} = \mathbb{E}\mathbf{Y} = \sum_{\mathbf{y} \in \mathcal{S}} \mathbf{y} \exp(\boldsymbol{\Psi}'\mathbf{y} + \boldsymbol{\eta}(\boldsymbol{\theta})'\mathbf{Z}(\mathbf{y}) - \kappa\{\boldsymbol{\eta}(\boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\Psi})\}) = \partial\kappa/\partial\boldsymbol{\Psi}$$

and that of \mathbf{Z} by

$$\mathbb{E}\mathbf{Z}(\mathbf{Y}) = \sum_{\mathbf{y} \in \mathcal{S}} \mathbf{Z}(\mathbf{y}) \exp(\boldsymbol{\Psi}'\mathbf{y} + \boldsymbol{\eta}(\boldsymbol{\theta})'\mathbf{Z}(\mathbf{y}) - \kappa\{\boldsymbol{\eta}(\boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\Psi})\}) = \partial\kappa/\partial\boldsymbol{\eta}.$$

Now we obtain

$$\partial\boldsymbol{\pi}/\partial\boldsymbol{\Psi} = \left[\sum_{\mathbf{y} \in \mathcal{S}} \mathbf{y}\mathbf{y}' \exp(\boldsymbol{\Psi}'\mathbf{y} + \boldsymbol{\eta}(\boldsymbol{\theta})'\mathbf{Z}(\mathbf{y}) - \kappa\{\boldsymbol{\eta}(\boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\Psi})\}) \right] - \boldsymbol{\pi}\boldsymbol{\pi}' = \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Y}},$$

$$\partial\boldsymbol{\pi}/\partial\boldsymbol{\eta} = \left[\sum_{\mathbf{y} \in \mathcal{Y}} \mathbf{y}\mathbf{Z}(\mathbf{y})' \exp(\boldsymbol{\Psi}'\mathbf{y} + \boldsymbol{\eta}(\boldsymbol{\theta})'\mathbf{Z}(\mathbf{y}) - \kappa\{\boldsymbol{\eta}(\boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\Psi})\}) \right] - \boldsymbol{\pi}\mathbb{E}\mathbf{Z}(\mathbf{y})' = \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Y},\mathbf{Z}}$$

and

$$\partial\mathbb{E}\mathbf{Z}/\partial\boldsymbol{\eta} = \left[\sum_{\mathbf{y} \in \mathcal{S}} \mathbf{Z}(\mathbf{y})\mathbf{Z}(\mathbf{y})' \exp(\boldsymbol{\Psi}'\mathbf{y} + \boldsymbol{\eta}(\boldsymbol{\theta})'\mathbf{Z}(\mathbf{y}) - \kappa\{\boldsymbol{\eta}(\boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\Psi})\}) \right] - \mathbb{E}\mathbf{Z}(\mathbf{y})\mathbb{E}\mathbf{Z}(\mathbf{y})' = \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Z}}.$$

We have

$$\begin{pmatrix} \partial l/\partial\boldsymbol{\Psi} \\ \partial l/\partial\boldsymbol{\eta} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{y}^{obs} - \mathbb{E}\mathbf{Y} \\ \mathbf{z}^{obs} - \mathbb{E}\mathbf{Z} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \partial\boldsymbol{\pi}/\partial\boldsymbol{\Psi} & \partial\boldsymbol{\eta}/\partial\boldsymbol{\Psi} \\ \partial\boldsymbol{\pi}/\partial\boldsymbol{\eta} & \partial\boldsymbol{\eta}/\partial\boldsymbol{\eta} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \partial l/\partial\boldsymbol{\pi} \\ \partial l/\partial\boldsymbol{\eta} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Y}} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Z},\mathbf{Y}} & \mathbf{I} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \partial l/\partial\boldsymbol{\pi} \\ \partial l/\partial\boldsymbol{\eta} \end{pmatrix}.$$

Therefore

$$\begin{pmatrix} \partial l/\partial\boldsymbol{\pi} \\ \partial l/\partial\boldsymbol{\eta} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Y}} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Z},\mathbf{Y}} & \mathbf{I} \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{y}^{obs} - \mathbb{E}\mathbf{Y} \\ \mathbf{z}^{obs} - \mathbb{E}\mathbf{Z} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Y}}^{-1} & \mathbf{0} \\ -\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Z},\mathbf{Y}}\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Y}}^{-1} & \mathbf{I} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{y}^{obs} - \mathbb{E}\mathbf{Y} \\ \mathbf{z}^{obs} - \mathbb{E}\mathbf{Z} \end{pmatrix}.$$

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Finally we derive

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{pmatrix} \partial l / \partial \boldsymbol{\beta} \\ \partial l / \partial \boldsymbol{\theta} \end{pmatrix} &= \begin{pmatrix} \partial \boldsymbol{\pi} / \partial \boldsymbol{\beta} & \partial \boldsymbol{\eta} / \partial \boldsymbol{\beta} \\ \partial \boldsymbol{\pi} / \partial \boldsymbol{\theta} & \partial \boldsymbol{\eta} / \partial \boldsymbol{\theta} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \partial l / \partial \boldsymbol{\pi} \\ \partial l / \partial \boldsymbol{\eta} \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{X}'_f (\partial \boldsymbol{\pi} / \partial \boldsymbol{\nu}) & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & \nabla \boldsymbol{\eta}(\boldsymbol{\theta})' \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{C}_Y^{-1} & \mathbf{0} \\ -\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{Y}} \mathbf{C}_Y^{-1} & \mathbf{I} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{y}^{obs} - \mathbb{E} \mathbf{Y} \\ \mathbf{z}^{obs} - \mathbb{E} \mathbf{Z} \end{pmatrix}, \end{aligned}$$

where $\partial \boldsymbol{\pi} / \partial \boldsymbol{\nu} := \mathbf{D}$ yielding

$$\begin{pmatrix} \partial l / \partial \boldsymbol{\beta} \\ \partial l / \partial \boldsymbol{\theta} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{X}'_f \mathbf{D} \mathbf{C}_Y^{-1} (\mathbf{y}^{obs} - \boldsymbol{\pi}) \\ \nabla \boldsymbol{\eta}(\boldsymbol{\theta})' \{-\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{Y}} \mathbf{C}_Y^{-1} (\mathbf{y}^{obs} - \boldsymbol{\pi}) + \mathbf{z}^{obs} - \mathbb{E} \mathbf{Z}\} \end{pmatrix}.$$