



UNIVERSITY
OF WOLLONGONG
AUSTRALIA

UOW SAFE@WORK

Roof Safety Survey

BUILDING 40 Hope Theatre

Version 4



Contents

1	Introduction	3
2	Purpose	3
3	Disclaimer.....	3
4	Building 40 Hope Theatre Roof Area Aerial Photo Zone Layout.....	4
5	Risk Management	5
	5.1 Risk Matrix	5
	5.2 Risk Control.....	5
	5.3 Contractors Risk Assessment.....	6
6	Roof Safety Survey Building 40 Hope Theatre	7
	6.1 Building 40 Hope Theatre General Information	7
	6.2 Building 40 Hope Theatre Safety Systems Aerial Photo Layout.....	9
	6.3 Building 40 Hope Theatre Roof Photos.....	10
7	Program Evaluation	13
8	Related Documents.....	13
9	References	13
	9.1 Legislation	13
	9.2 Australian Standards	13
	9.3 Codes of Practice.....	13
10	Version Control Table	14
11	Appendix A: Sample Images.....	14

1 Introduction

The following document outlines the Roof Safety Survey (RSS) for Building 40 Hope Theatre of the University of Wollongong located at Wollongong Campus Northfields Avenue Wollongong NSW 2522.

2 Purpose

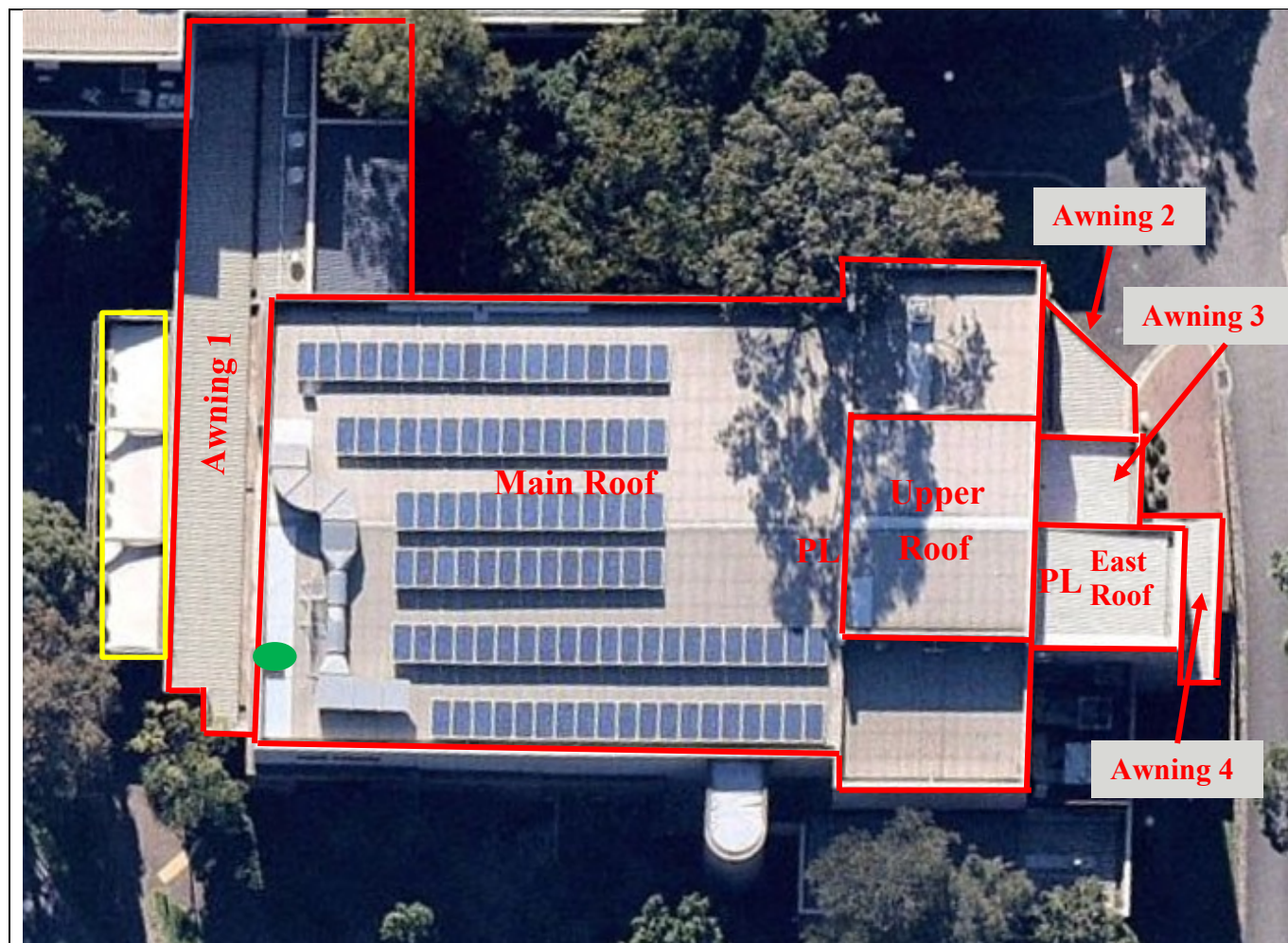
This RSS is to be used as a general guideline to provide awareness and control measures for site personnel and contractors when accessing various roof areas. Personnel must make an assessment prior to accessing the roof. Should there be any potential for falls, all personnel must ensure the necessary fall prevention systems are utilised and operated in a “fall restraint” working mode. All ends users of Fall arrest equipment must be trained to a level of national recognition. All work practices and systems operations must be identified and documented in the risk assessment and safe work method statement.

3 Disclaimer

This document should be used as a general guide for roof access purposes only. Items detailed within this document were in situ at the time of inspection and may change. End users must use caution and evaluate the conditions as suitable to themselves.

Riverlands Roofing and Waterproofing (Louey Models Pty Ltd) accepts no responsibility for the actions of persons accessing these areas and or legislative compliance of fittings and fixtures of the site.




4 Building 40 Hope Theatre Roof Area Aerial Photo Zone Layout



Zone: A

- Main Roof
- Upper Roof Roof
- East Roof
- Awning 1 (No Access)
- Awning 2 (No Access)
- Awning 3 (No Access)
- Awning 4 (No Access)

Legend:

-  Highlighted Zone Areas
-  Primary Roof Access Hatch (Portable Ladder Required)
- PL** Portable Ladder Required to Access Roof Area
-  No Access to Canopy Structure

5 Risk Management

5.1 Risk Matrix

This risk assessment matrix below must be used reviewing in context with the University’s [Risk Management Guidelines](#).

Step 1 – Consider the Consequences		Step 2 – Consider the Likelihood		Step 3 – Calculate the Risk					
What are the consequences of this incident occurring? Consider what <u>could reasonably</u> have happened as well as what actually happened. Look at the descriptions and choose the most suitable Consequence.		What is the likelihood of the consequence identified in step 1 happening? Consider this without new or interim controls in place. Look at the descriptions and choose the most suitable Likelihood.		1. Take step 1 rating and select the correct column 2. Take Step 2 rating and select the correct line 3. Circle the risk score where the two ratings cross on the matrix below. H = High, M = Medium, L = Low					
CONSEQUENCES		LIKELIHOOD							
Consequence	Description	Likelihood	Description		CONSEQUENCES				
					Minor	Moderate	Major	Severe	
Severe	Death or extensive injuries	Almost Certain	Is expected to occur in most circumstances	LIKELIHOOD	Almost Certain	M	M	H	H
Major	Medical treatment	Likely	Will probably occur in most circumstances		Likely	L	M	H	H
Moderate	First aid treatment	Possible	May occur at some time		Possible	L	L	M	H
Minor	Injury report, no treatment	Unlikely	May occur, but probably never will		Unlikely	L	L	M	M

5.2 Risk Control

Risk control is a method of managing the risk with the primary emphasis on controlling the hazards at source. For a risk that is assessed as “high”, steps should be taken immediately to minimize risk of injury. The method of ensuring that risks are controlled effectively is by using the “hierarchy of controls”.

The Hierarchy of Controls are:

Order No.	Control Type	Example
Firstly	Eliminate	Removing the hazard, eg taking a hazardous piece of equipment out of service.
Secondly	Substitute	Replacing a hazardous substance or process with a less hazardous one, eg substituting a hazardous substance with a non-hazardous substance.
Thirdly	Isolation	Isolating the hazard from the person at risk, eg using a guard or barrier.
Fourthly	Engineering	Redesign a process or piece of equipment to make it less hazardous.
Fifthly	Administrative	Adopting safe work practices or providing appropriate training, instruction or information.
Sixthly	Personal protective equipment	The use of personal protective equipment could include using gloves, glasses, earmuffs, aprons, safety footwear, dust masks.

For more information on risk management visit:

<https://www.uow.edu.au/about/services/safe-at-work/whs-framework>

5.3 Contractors Risk Assessment

The below tables have been populated by the University with known hazards that may be applicable for roof work.

All contractors are required to establish their own risk assessment and SWP/SWMS/etc specific to each task they perform, taking into account hazards that may not have been identified by the University.

Assessment of Hazards						
Hazard No.	Description of Activity/ Service Item	Description of Hazard (What has potential to cause injury or damage to property/environment?)	Current Controls (What is in place today that controls the risk? List any control measures already implemented)	Risk rating (With <u>current</u> controls in place)		
				Consequence	Likelihood	Risk

Risk Control						
Hazard No.	Additional Control Description (What should be done in the future to control the risk? What can be done to eliminate or further reduce the risk?)	Control Type (Elimination, Substitution, Isolation, Engineering, Administration, PPE)	Person Responsible	Risk rating (With <u>additional</u> controls in place)		
				Consequence	Likelihood	Risk

6 Roof Safety Survey Building 40 Hope Theatre

6.1 Building 40 Hope Theatre General Information

Note: Before commencing any work obtain Roof Permit from Facilities Management Division

Building:

University of Wollongong Campus Building 40 Hope Theatre

Description:

Multi storey low pitched metal roof with awnings and canopy structure, services include solar panels, air conditioning units and roof ventilation.

SafetyNet Risk Assessment Reference Number:

- UOW 01658

Roof Access:

Main Roof Access:

- Access to the main roof is via ground floor fire stairs (door #S8). Take the stairs to the top, locate the fire door also marked (S8) which opens on to the theatre's catwalk area. Caution low head clearance, take the first left and follow the catwalk around to the roof access hatch. A portable 8 foot step ladder is required to reach the roof access hatch.

Upper Roof Access:

- Access to the Upper roof area is via a portable ladder. (Portable step ladder is required)

Eastern Roof Access:

- Access to the Eastern roof is via a portable ladder. A ladder bracket is provided also an anchor with strop. Users are to be connected when climbing down from the upper roof to the east roof area (Portable step ladder is required)

Awnings 1 Roof Access:

- No Access to Awning 1

Awnings 2, 3 & 4 Roof Access:

- No Access to Awnings 2, 3, and 4.

Signage:

- Various restricted areas

Compliance Plates:

- Data Plate for Lifelines & Anchor point data tags

Height of Building:

- Multi storey

Pitch:

- < 5 degrees

Roof Construction:

- Metal

Structural Integrity:

- Sound

Vegetation:

- Yes

Fall Arrest System:

System	Certification Status	Certification By
Various Anchor Points	Current	Riverlands Roofing
Horizontal Lifelines	N/A	N/A

(End users must follow manufacturer's instructions and use compatible attachments)

Services:

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gutters | <input type="checkbox"/> Fume Cupboards | <input type="checkbox"/> Fiberglass Skylights |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A/C Units | <input type="checkbox"/> Telco Towers | <input type="checkbox"/> Pipework |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ducts | <input type="checkbox"/> Satellite Dishes | <input type="checkbox"/> Cooling Tower |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Roof Ventilators | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Antenna | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Roof Top Solar Panels |

Existing Safety Systems:

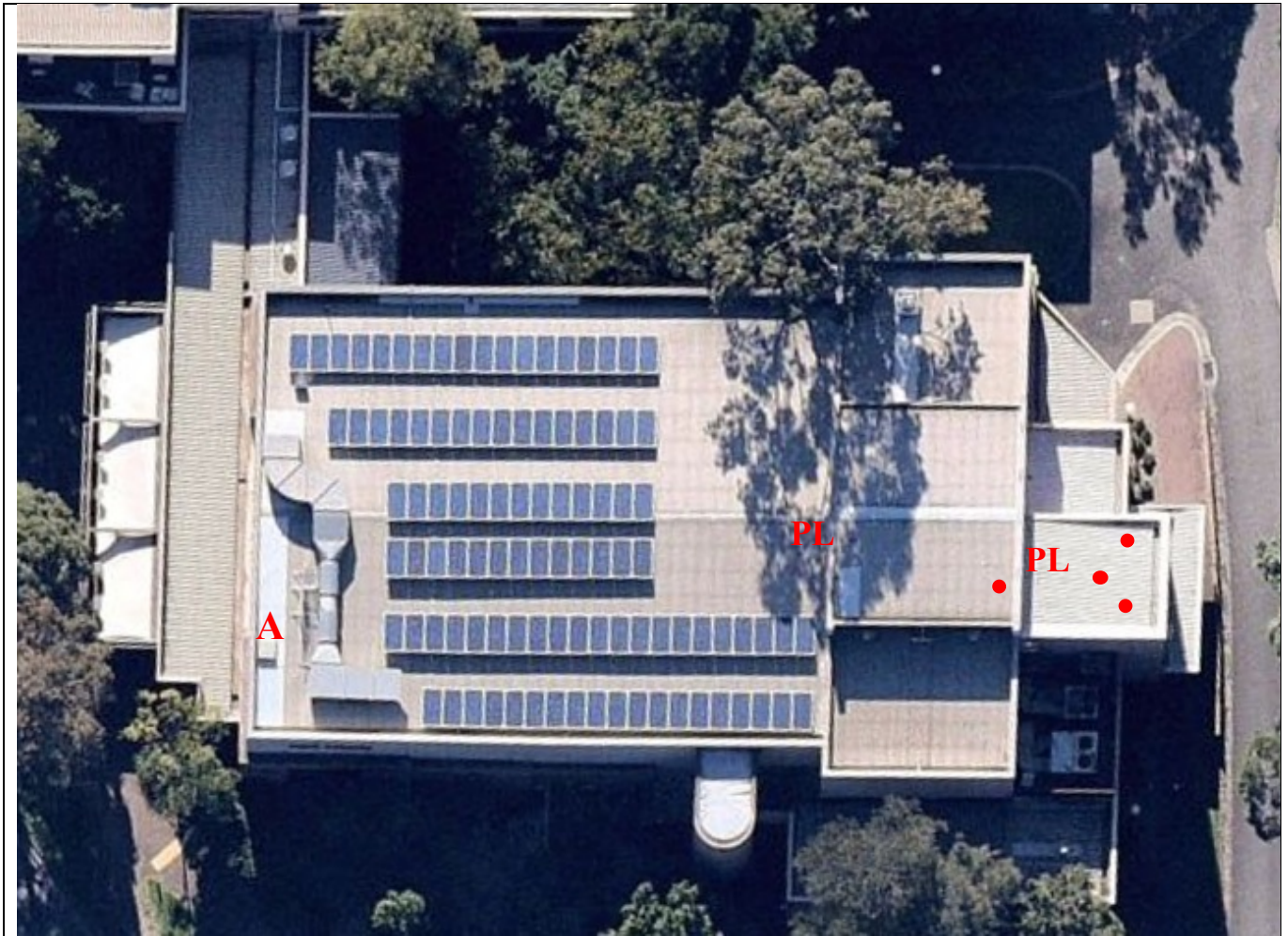
- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Horizontal Lifelines | <input type="checkbox"/> Vertical Lifelines | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Walkway |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Anchor Points | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Handrail | <input type="checkbox"/> Parapets |

Work Activity & Frequency:

- Clean gutters/routine maintenance – 6 months
- Service A/C plant- monthly

6.2 Building 40 Hope Theatre Safety Systems Aerial Photo Layout

The following aerial photo indicates access points and safety systems layout.


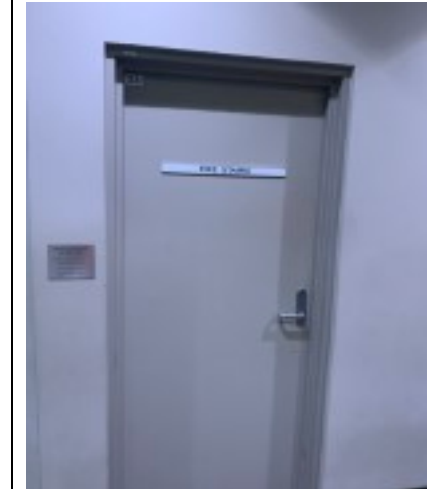
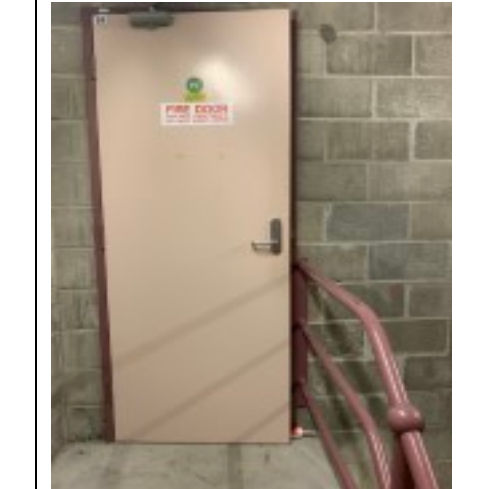
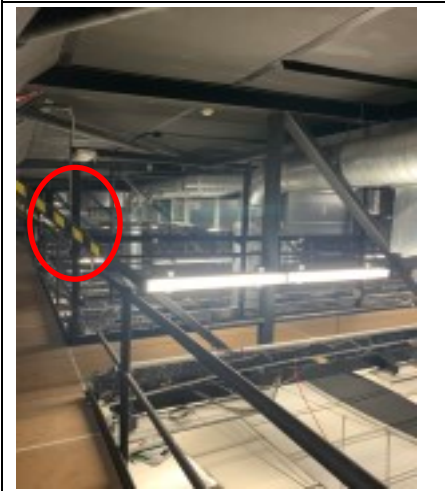

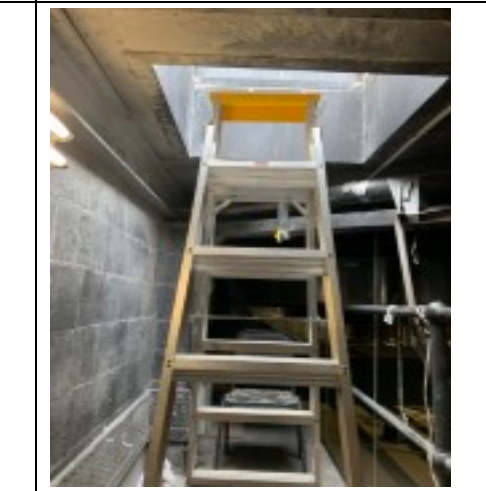
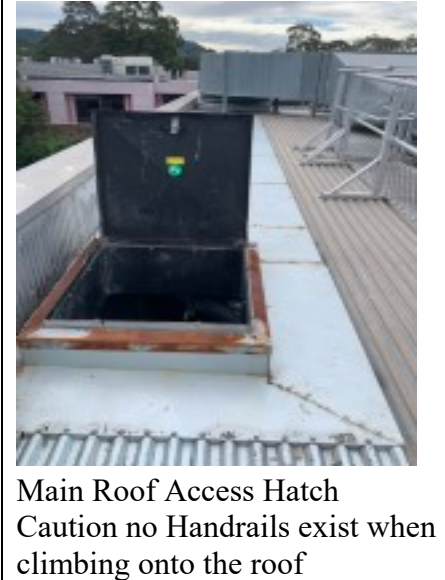


Legend:

- | | | | |
|-----------|--|----------|--------------|
| A | Roof Access Hatch (Portable Ladder Required) | ● | Anchor Point |
| PL | Portable Ladder (Portable Ladder Required) | | |

6.3 Building 40 Hope Theatre Roof Photos

Roof Access

		
<p>Building facade</p>	<p>Ground floor fire door to fire stairs</p>	<p>Top of fire stairs access door to theatre catwalk</p>
		
<p>Theatre catwalk Caution low head clearance</p>	<p>Theatre catwalk Caution low head clearance</p>	<p>Roof access hatch with portable step ladder</p>
 <p>Main Roof Access Hatch Caution no Handrails exist when climbing onto the roof</p>		

Main Roof



Main roof area with walkway, handrail leading from the roof access hatch and ducts



Main roof area with solar panels



Main roof area with solar panels



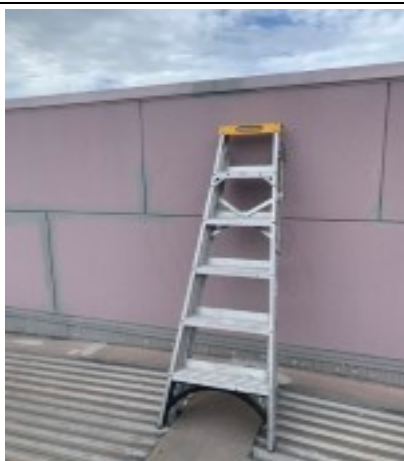
Main roof area with ducts



Main roof area



Upper Roof



Upper roof access, portable ladder required



Upper roof area



Upper roof area with anchor & strop (Certification by Riverlands Roofing Status Current)

East Roof



East roof with portable ladder access, ladder bracket Caution when climbing down the ladder user to be connected to the strop



East roof with anchors
(Certification by Riverlands Roofing Status Current)

Awnings



Awning 1 (No Access)



Awning 2 & 3 (No Access)

7 Program Evaluation

Conditions that might warrant a review of the guidelines on a more frequent basis would include:

- changes to the roof
- change in the relevant legislation or Australian Standards
- organisational needs or WHS Committee concern.

8 Related Documents

- [Managing the Risk of Falls Guidelines](#)
- [Working at Heights Rescue Plan](#)
- [Roof Access Permit](#)
- [Roof Access Procedure](#)

9 References

9.1 Legislation

- [NSW Work Health and Safety Regulation 2017 Part 4.4 Falls](#)
- [Public Health Amendment \(Legionella Control\) Regulation 2018](#)

9.2 Australian Standards

- AS 1657: Fixed platforms, walkways, stairways and ladders - Design, construction and installation
- AS 1891.1: Industrial fall-arrest systems and devices - Harnesses and ancillary equipment
- AS 1891.2: Industrial fall-arrest systems and devices - Horizontal lifeline and rail systems
- AS 1891.3: Industrial fall-arrest systems and devices - Fall-arrest devices
- AS 1891.4: Industrial fall-arrest systems and devices - Selection, use and maintenance
- AS 2210.1: Safety, protective and occupational footwear - Guide to selection, care and use
- AS 3666: Air-handling & Water Systems for Buildings - Microbial Control
- AS 4994.1: Temporary edge protection - General requirements
- AS 4994.2: Temporary edge protection - Roof edge protection - Installation and dismantling
- AS 5532: Manufacturing requirements for single-point anchor device used for harness-based work at height
- AS 2550.10: Crane, Hoists and lifting equipment. section 5.9

9.3 Codes of Practice

- [Managing the Risk of Falls at Workplaces \(SafeWork NSW\)](#)
- [NSW Code of Practice for the Control of Legionnaires' Disease \(NSW Health\)](#)

10 Version Control Table

Version Control	Date Released	Approved By	Amendment
1	November 2012	Manager WHS	New document
2	January 2016	Manager WHS	Scheduled review - no changes required
3	January 2018	Manager WHS	Revision and update
4	December 2020	Manager WHS	Document recreated by GO from Riverlands Roofing. All information reviewed/updated.

11 Appendix A: Sample Images

Before contractors use any Fall Arrest System (lifeline or Anchor point) users must complete the following:

- Locate the fall arrest systems data plate or data tag.
- Validate that the system is current and that a yearly certification has been completed.
- Complete a personal visual & physical inspection of the system.
- Users must never exceed the MAX LOAD or USERS of the system.



Fall Arrest System Data Plate



Anchor Point Data Tag