

AROC Impairment Specific Report

Reconditioning Report

INPATIENT – PATHWAY 3

July 2018 – June 2019

Anywhere Hospital



**Australasian
Faculty of
Rehabilitation
Medicine**



australian health services
research institute



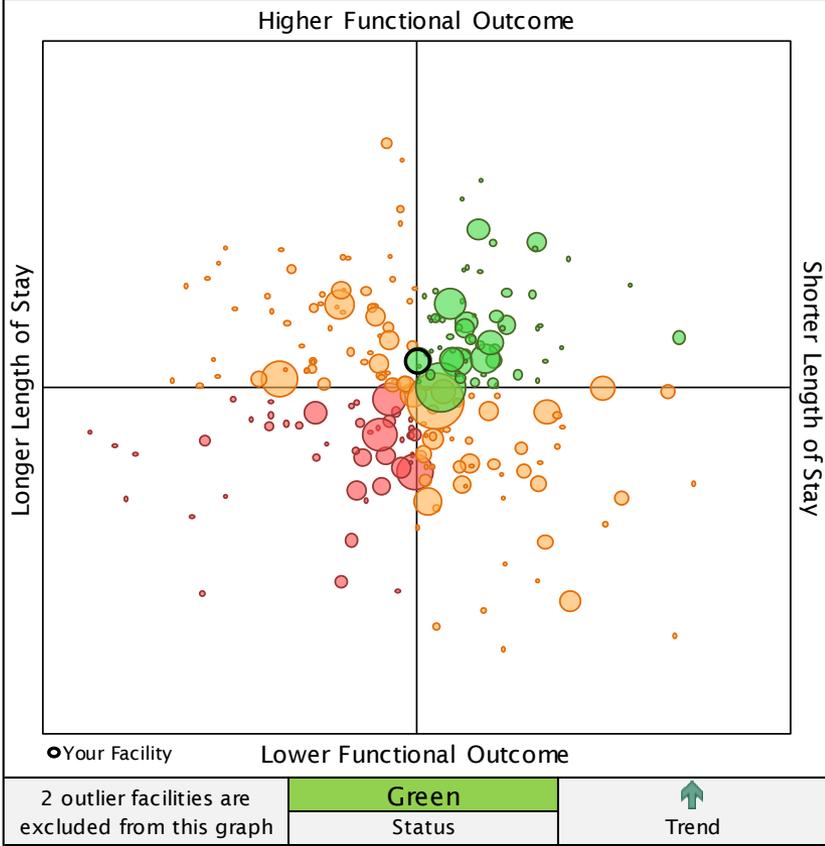
**UNIVERSITY
OF WOLLONGONG
AUSTRALIA**

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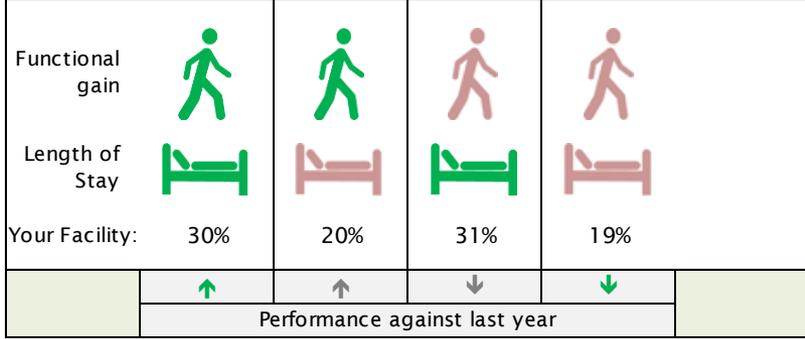
Reconditioning Dashboard



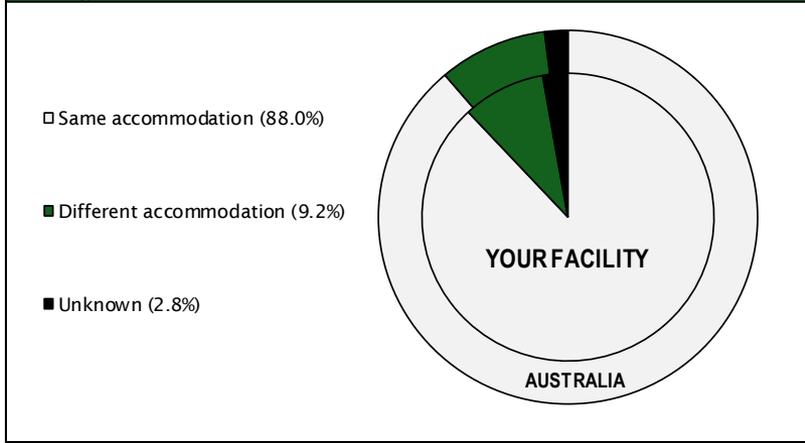
Rehabilitation Outcomes by Facility - AUSTRALIA



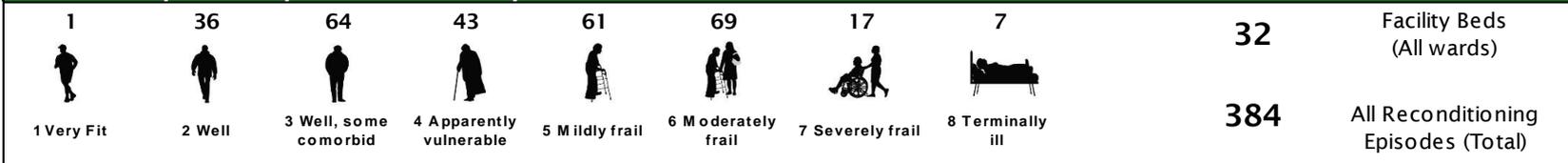
Performance Against Benchmark



Change in Accommodation



Number of Episodes by Rockwood Frailty Score



Reconditioning Dashboard

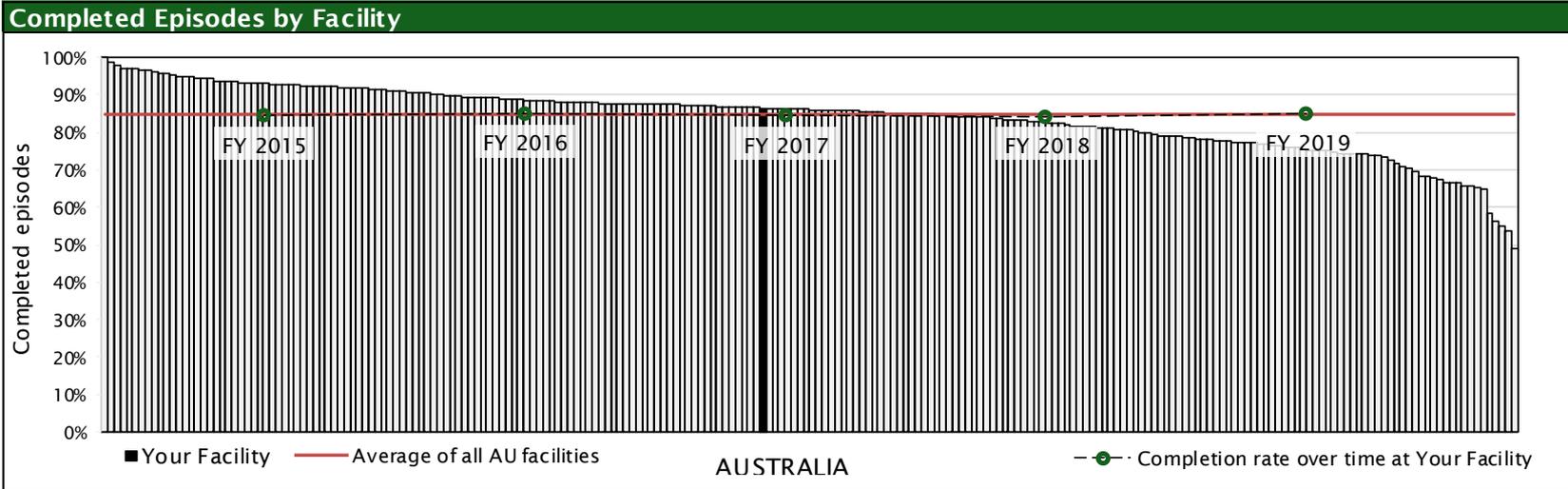


Key Indicators*	
YOUR FACILITY	AUSTRALIA
Average Age: 79.0	Average Age: 79.7
Mortality Rate: 0.5%	Mortality Rate: 0.5%
% with at least one comorbidity: 52%	% with at least one comorbidity: 56%
% with at least one complication: 25%	% with at least one complication: 28%
% episodes with start delays: 12%	% episodes with start delays: 10%
Days between onset and rehab episode: 14.1	Days between onset and rehab episode: 14.4
Days between clinically rehab ready & start date: 0.7	Days between clinically rehab ready & start date: 0.9

Facility FIM Training*	
FIM Credentialed Staff per 100 Episodes	FIM Credentialed Facility Trainers
7.1 Your Facility	3 Your Facility
6.3 AUSTRALIA (Mean)	2 AROC Suggested Minimum

* Mean value provided unless otherwise specified

* This includes all impairments from all wards



- Reconditioning episodes discharged during the reporting period (July 2018 – June 2019) and time series data covering five years.
- Benchmark group is AUSTRALIA.
- Casemix analysis uses version 4 AN-SNAP classes (Appendix 3). Casemix adjustment is calculated against AUSTRALIA data.
- Unit of counting is by concatenated* episode, not by patient.
- Where there are less than five episodes within a subgroup, summary data are not provided. Missing data and ungroupable AN-SNAP classes are excluded from figures, but are included in tables.
- Facilities will only receive this report when the facility reports a minimum of 20 completed reconditioning episodes.

Note: Appendix 1 (Glossary) contains definitions of concepts referred to in this report. An understanding of these will help with interpretation of the data. This report should be considered in conjunction with the Outcome Benchmarks Report for your facility.

*Refer to Appendix 1 for more details about the process of data concatenation.

Reconditioning episodes were identified as those with the following AROC impairment codes:

- 16.1 – Reconditioning following surgery
- 16.2 – Reconditioning following medical illness
- 16.3 – Cancer rehabilitation

Note: A list of all impairment codes can be found in Appendix 2.

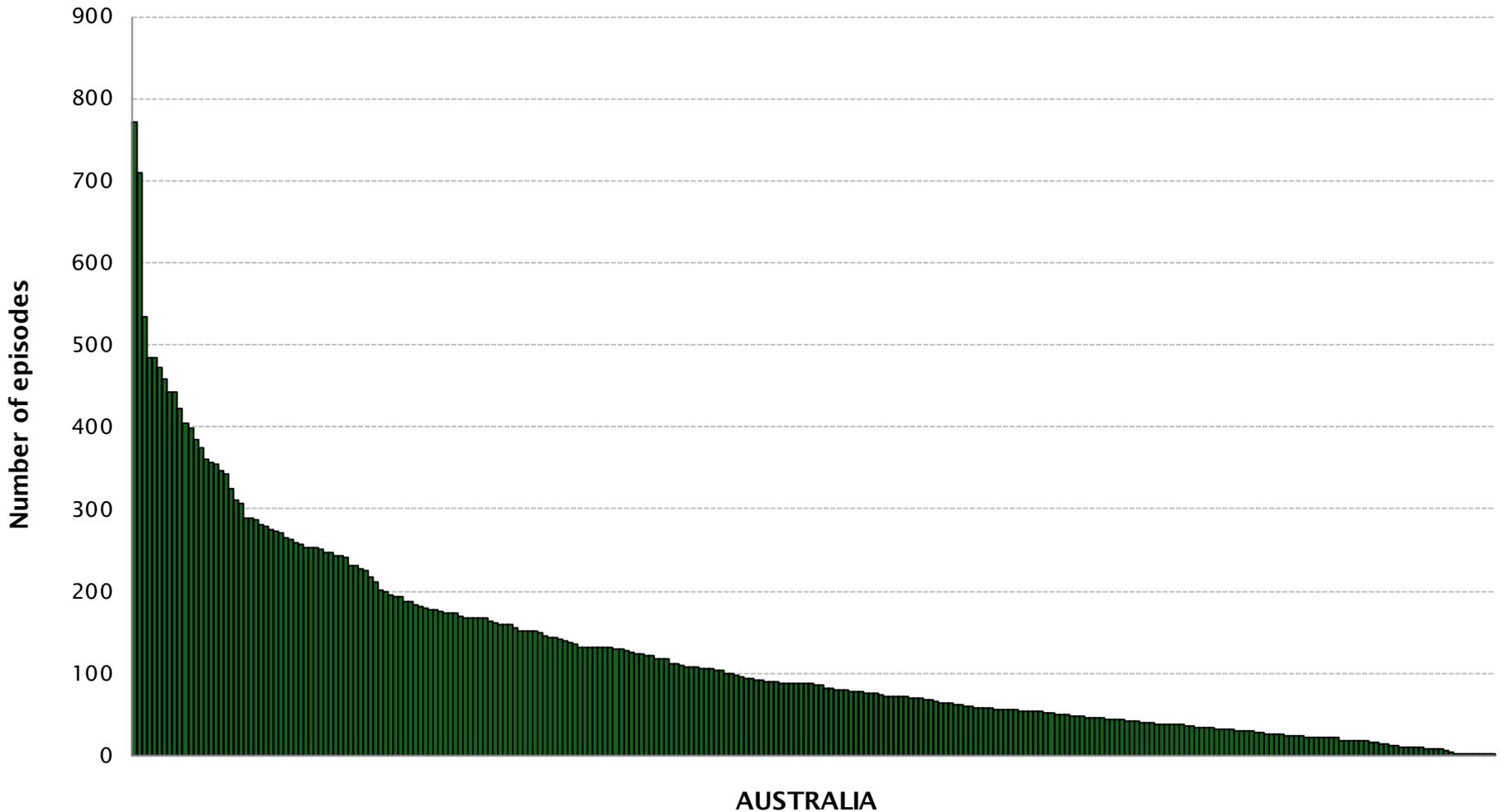
Levels of functioning for reconditioning are categorised by the following version 4 AN-SNAP classes:

- 4AR1 – Reconditioning, weighted FIM motor 67-91
- 4AR2 – Reconditioning, weighted FIM motor 50-66, FIM cognition 26-35
- 4AR3 – Reconditioning, weighted FIM motor 50-66, FIM cognition 5-25
- 4AR4 – Reconditioning, weighted FIM motor 34-49, FIM cognition 31-35
- 4AR5 – Reconditioning, weighted FIM motor 34-49, FIM cognition 5-30
- 4AR6 – Reconditioning, weighted FIM motor 19-33
- 4AZ3 – Weighted FIM motor score 13-18, All other impairments, Age \geq 65
- 4AZ4 – Weighted FIM motor score 13-18, All other impairments, Age \leq 64

Note: A list of all AN SNAP classes can be found in Appendix 3.

The BIG picture

Volume of episodes by facilities treating reconditioning



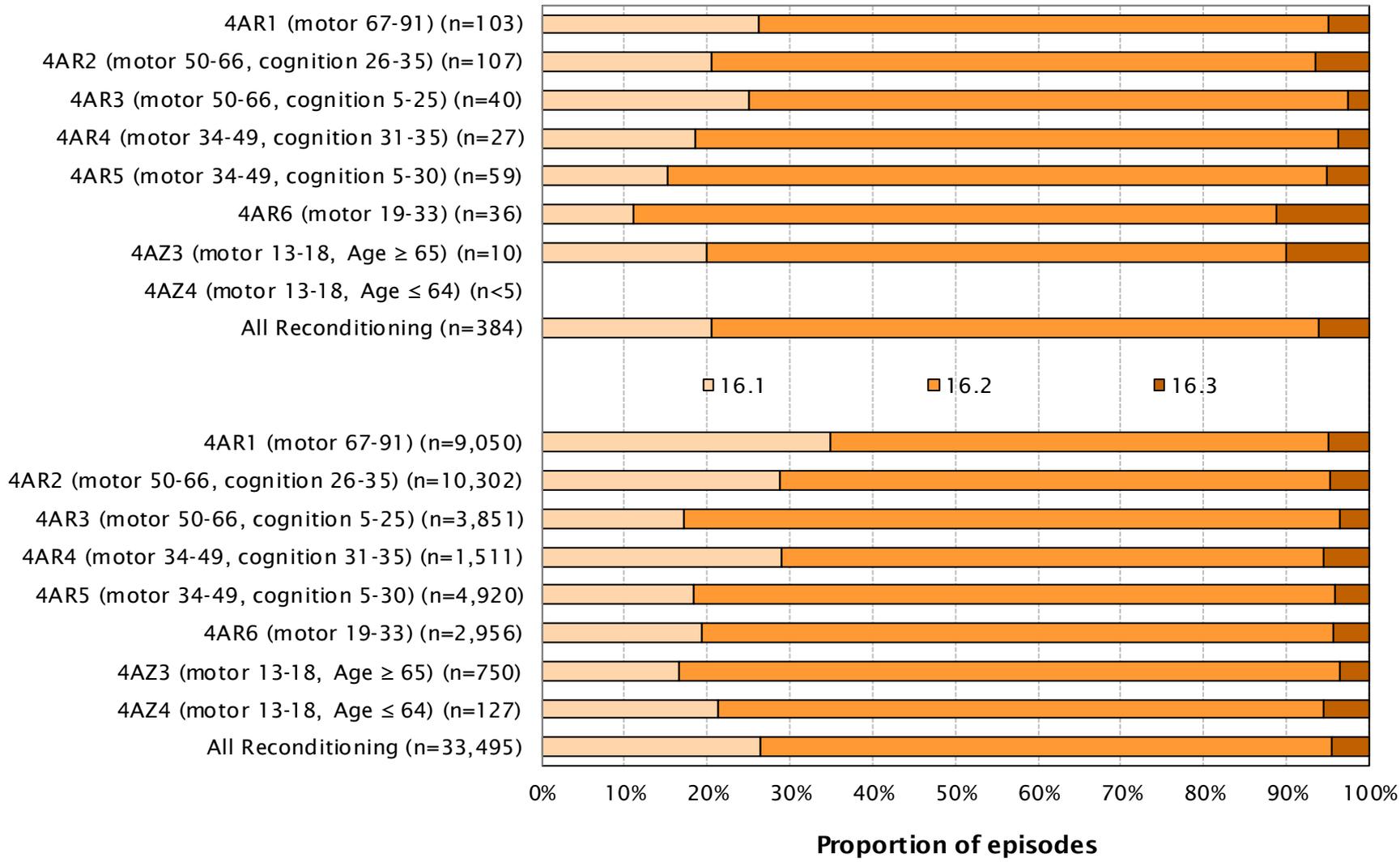
NOTE: 272 facilities reported at least one reconditioning episode, with 241 facilities reporting between 20 and 771 episodes in this reporting period.

Proportion of episodes by impairment code and AN-SNAP class



YOUR FACILITY

AUSTRALIA



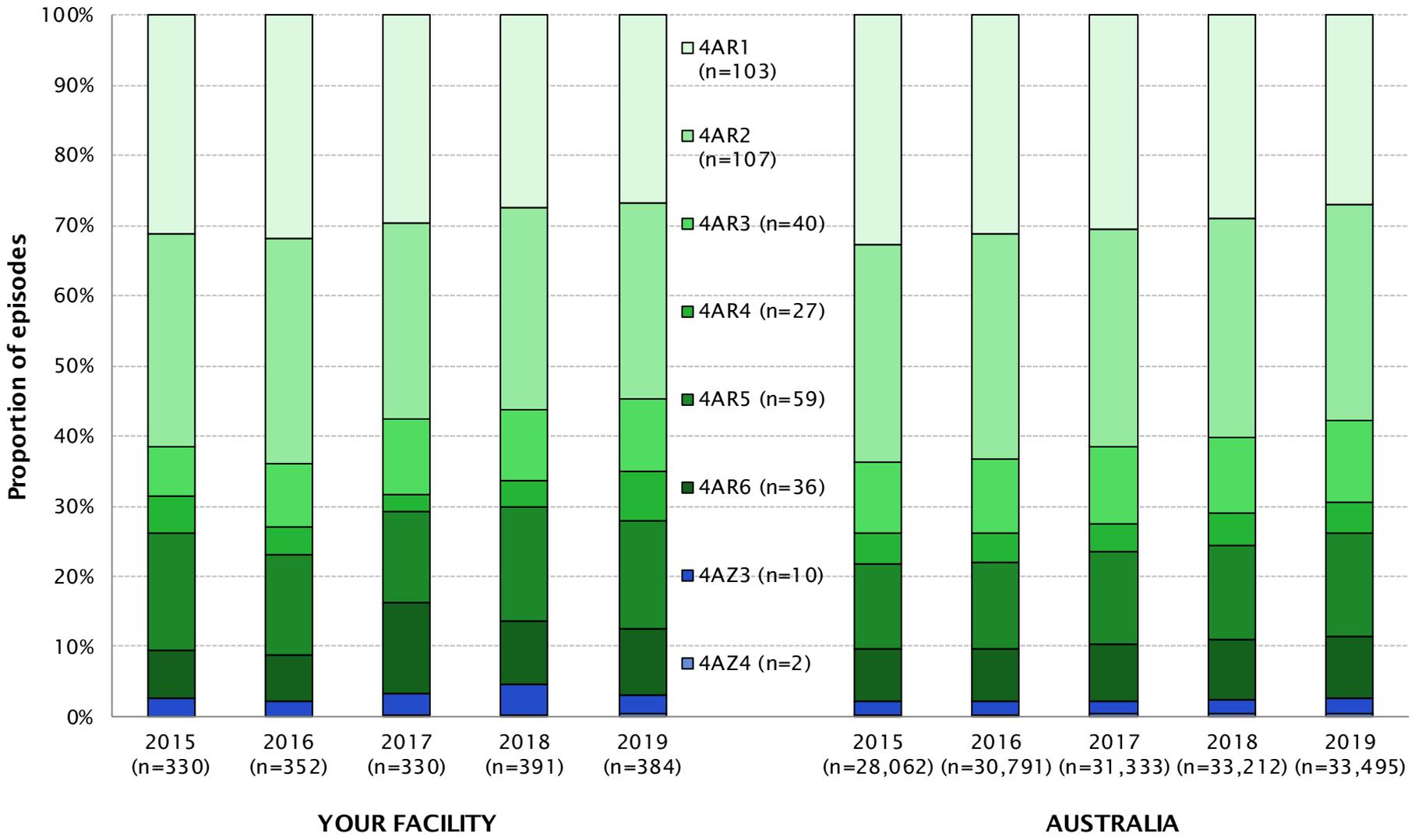
Episodes by AN-SNAP class and impairment code



AN-SNAP class V4	YOUR FACILITY — N (%)			
	16.1	16.2	16.3	All Reconditioning
4AR1 (motor 67-91)	27 (34.2)	71 (25.2)	5 (21.7)	103 (26.8)
4AR2 (motor 50-66, cognition 26-35)	22 (27.8)	78 (27.7)	7 (30.4)	107 (27.9)
4AR3 (motor 50-66, cognition 5-25)	10 (12.7)	29 (10.3)	1 (4.3)	40 (10.4)
4AR4 (motor 34-49, cognition 31-35)	5 (6.3)	21 (7.4)	1 (4.3)	27 (7.0)
4AR5 (motor 34-49, cognition 5-30)	9 (11.4)	47 (16.7)	3 (13.0)	59 (15.4)
4AR6 (motor 19-33)	4 (5.1)	28 (9.9)	4 (17.4)	36 (9.4)
4AZ3 (motor 13-18, Age ≥ 65)	2 (2.5)	7 (2.5)	1 (4.3)	10 (2.6)
4AZ4 (motor 13-18, Age ≤ 64)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.4)	1 (4.3)	2 (0.5)
499A (Data error - ungroupable)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
All Reconditioning AN-SNAP Classes	79 (100.0)	282 (100.0)	23 (100.0)	384 (100.0)

AN-SNAP class V4	AUSTRALIA — N (%)			
	16.1	16.2	16.3	All Reconditioning
4AR1 (motor 67-91)	3,162 (35.7)	5,441 (23.5)	447 (29.6)	9,050 (27.0)
4AR2 (motor 50-66, cognition 26-35)	2,964 (33.4)	6,857 (29.7)	481 (31.9)	10,302 (30.8)
4AR3 (motor 50-66, cognition 5-25)	660 (7.4)	3,055 (13.2)	136 (9.0)	3,851 (11.5)
4AR4 (motor 34-49, cognition 31-35)	438 (4.9)	991 (4.3)	82 (5.4)	1,511 (4.5)
4AR5 (motor 34-49, cognition 5-30)	908 (10.2)	3,807 (16.5)	205 (13.6)	4,920 (14.7)
4AR6 (motor 19-33)	573 (6.5)	2,259 (9.8)	124 (8.2)	2,956 (8.8)
4AZ3 (motor 13-18, Age ≥ 65)	124 (1.4)	600 (2.6)	26 (1.7)	750 (2.2)
4AZ4 (motor 13-18, Age ≤ 64)	27 (0.3)	93 (0.4)	7 (0.5)	127 (0.4)
499A (Data error - ungroupable)	9 (0.1)	18 (0.1)	1 (0.1)	28 (0.1)
All Reconditioning AN-SNAP Classes	8,865 (100.0)	23,121 (100.0)	1,509 (100.0)	33,495 (100.0)

Proportion of episodes by AN-SNAP class over time

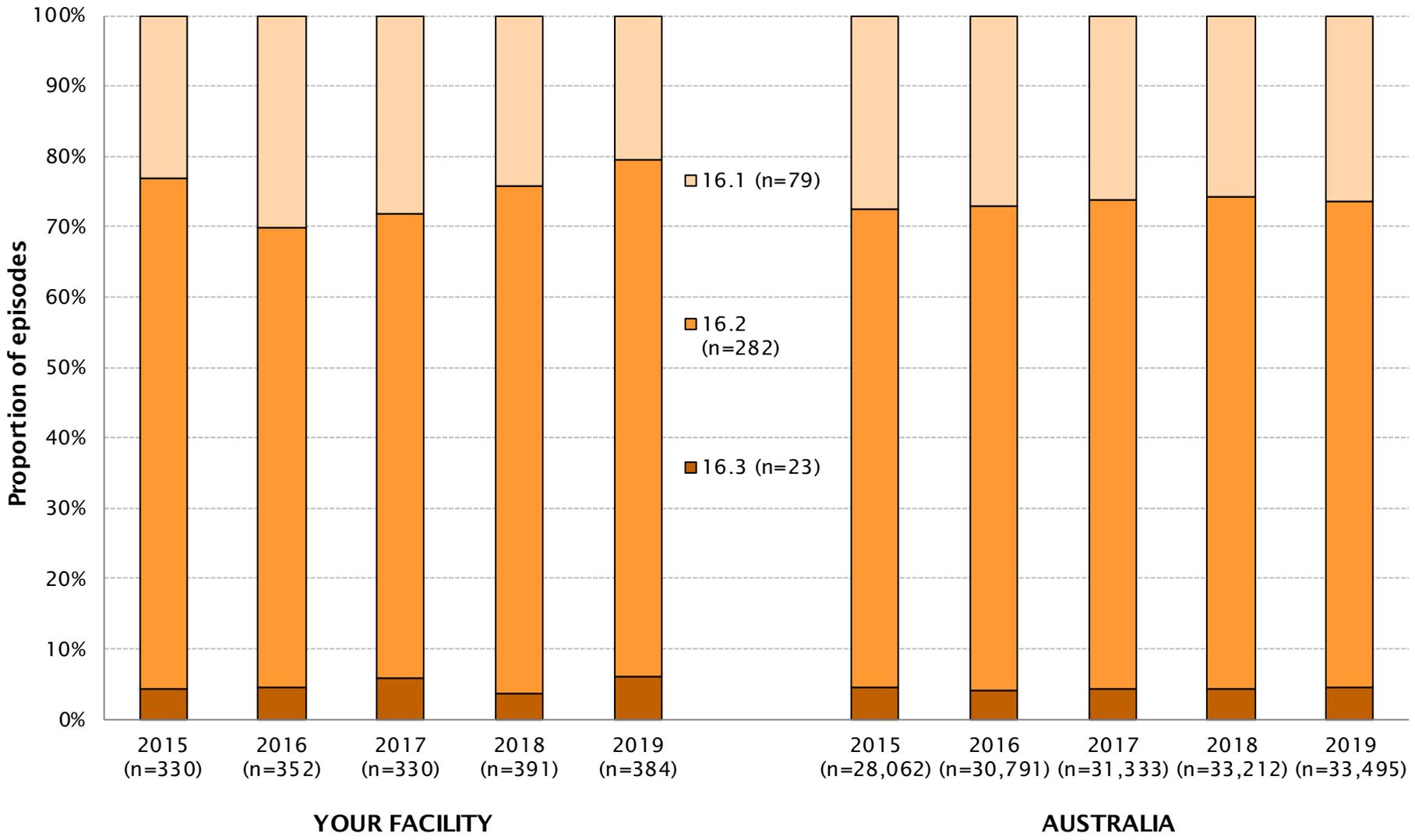


Episodes by AN-SNAP class over time

AN-SNAP class V4	YOUR FACILITY — N					AUSTRALIA — N				
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
4AR1 (motor 67-91)	103	111	97	107	103	9,142	9,553	9,574	9,587	9,050
4AR2 (motor 50-66, cognition 26-35)	100	113	92	112	107	8,685	9,924	9,706	10,402	10,302
4AR3 (motor 50-66, cognition 5-25)	23	31	35	40	40	2,867	3,224	3,397	3,518	3,851
4AR4 (motor 34-49, cognition 31-35)	18	14	8	14	27	1,231	1,269	1,296	1,535	1,511
4AR5 (motor 34-49, cognition 5-30)	55	50	43	64	59	3,385	3,773	4,076	4,451	4,920
4AR6 (motor 19-33)	22	23	42	35	36	2,117	2,306	2,596	2,854	2,956
4AZ3 (motor 13-18, Age ≥ 65)	9	8	10	17	10	508	607	553	711	750
4AZ4 (motor 13-18, Age ≤ 64)	0	0	1	1	2	81	85	109	113	127
499A (Data error - ungroupable)	0	2	2	1	0	46	50	26	41	28
All Reconditioning AN-SNAP Classes	330	352	330	391	384	28,062	30,791	31,333	33,212	33,495

AN-SNAP class V4	YOUR FACILITY — %					AUSTRALIA — %				
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
4AR1 (motor 67-91)	31.2	31.5	29.4	27.4	26.8	32.6	31.0	30.6	28.9	27.0
4AR2 (motor 50-66, cognition 26-35)	30.3	32.1	27.9	28.6	27.9	30.9	32.2	31.0	31.3	30.8
4AR3 (motor 50-66, cognition 5-25)	7.0	8.8	10.6	10.2	10.4	10.2	10.5	10.8	10.6	11.5
4AR4 (motor 34-49, cognition 31-35)	5.5	4.0	2.4	3.6	7.0	4.4	4.1	4.1	4.6	4.5
4AR5 (motor 34-49, cognition 5-30)	16.7	14.2	13.0	16.4	15.4	12.1	12.3	13.0	13.4	14.7
4AR6 (motor 19-33)	6.7	6.5	12.7	9.0	9.4	7.5	7.5	8.3	8.6	8.8
4AZ3 (motor 13-18, Age ≥ 65)	2.7	2.3	3.0	4.3	2.6	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.1	2.2
4AZ4 (motor 13-18, Age ≤ 64)	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
499A (Data error - ungroupable)	0.0	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
All Reconditioning AN-SNAP Classes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Proportion of episodes by impairment code over time



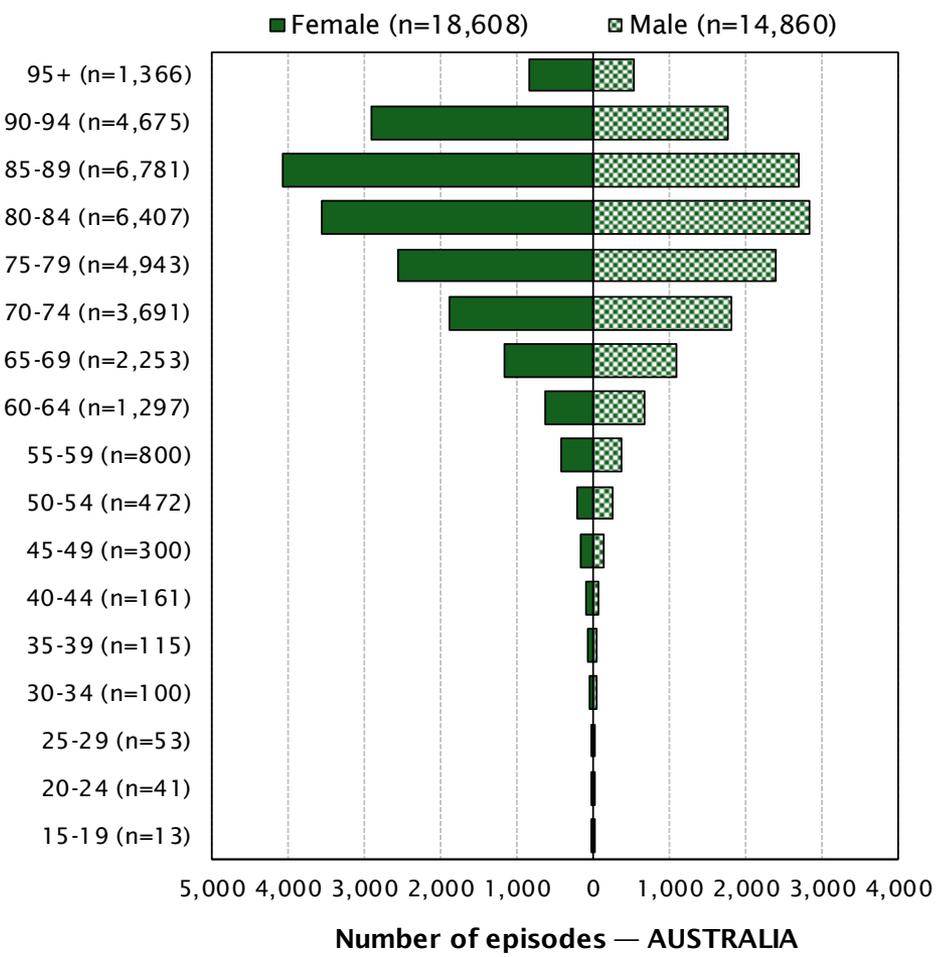
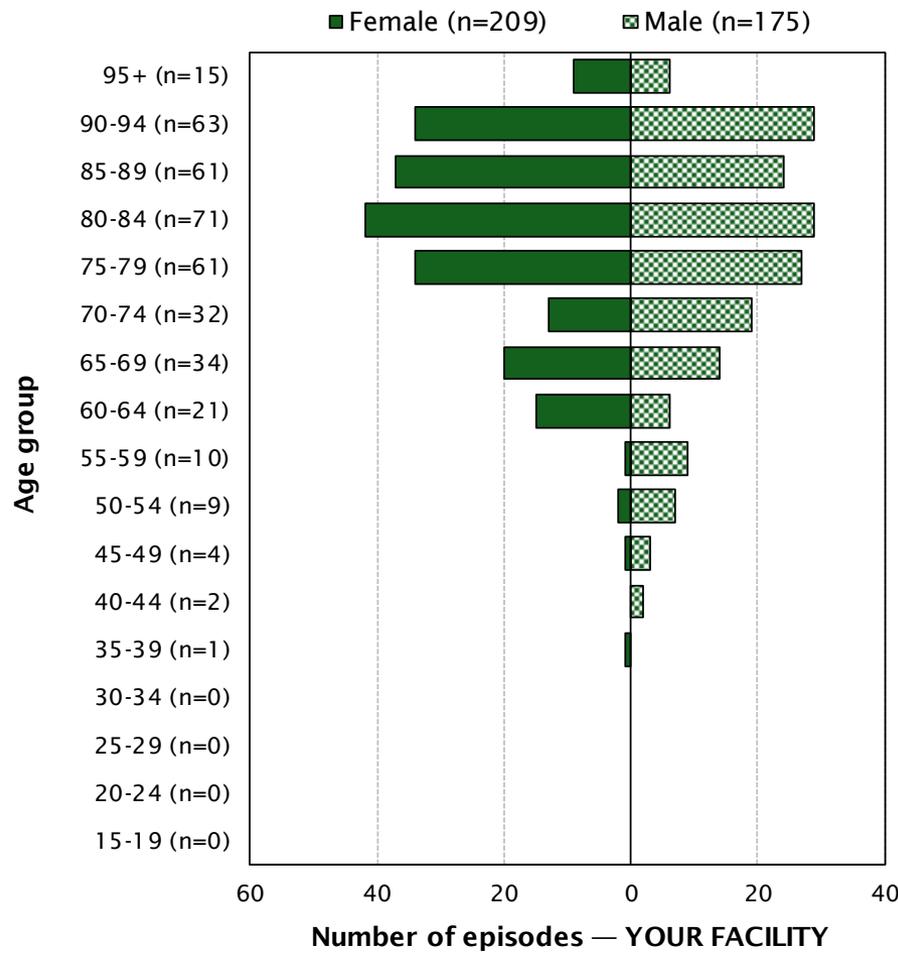
Episodes by impairment code over time



Impairment	YOUR FACILITY — N					AUSTRALIA — N				
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
16.1 Reconditioning following surgery	76	106	93	95	79	7,732	8,334	8,222	8,571	8,865
16.2 Reconditioning following medical illness	240	230	218	282	282	19,067	21,175	21,767	23,216	23,121
16.3 Cancer rehabilitation	14	16	19	14	23	1,263	1,282	1,344	1,425	1,509
All Reconditioning	330	352	330	391	384	28,062	30,791	31,333	33,212	33,495

Impairment	YOUR FACILITY — %					AUSTRALIA — %				
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
16.1 Reconditioning following surgery	23.0	30.1	28.2	24.3	20.6	27.6	27.1	26.2	25.8	26.5
16.2 Reconditioning following medical illness	72.7	65.3	66.1	72.1	73.4	67.9	68.8	69.5	69.9	69.0
16.3 Cancer rehabilitation	4.2	4.5	5.8	3.6	6.0	4.5	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.5
All Reconditioning	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

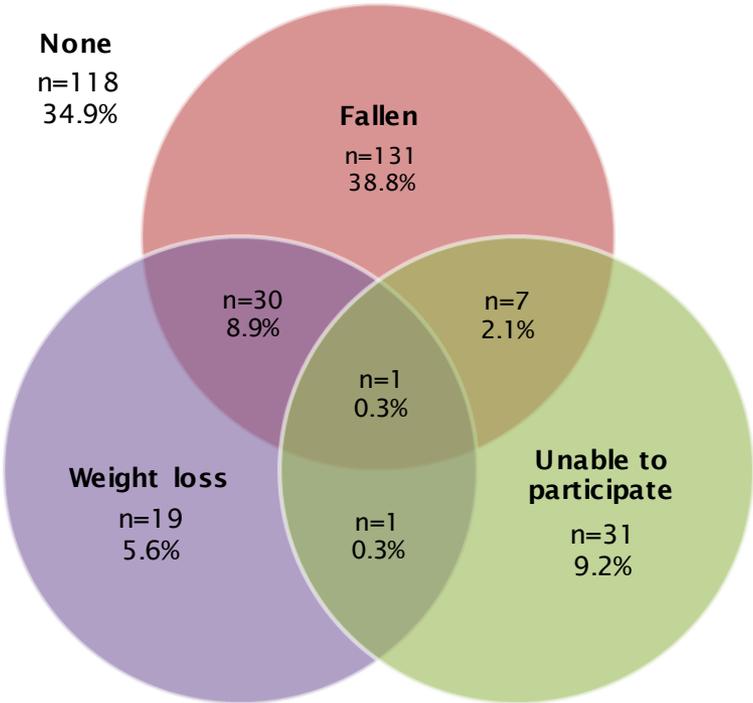
Reconditioning episodes by age and sex



Reconditioning specific data items

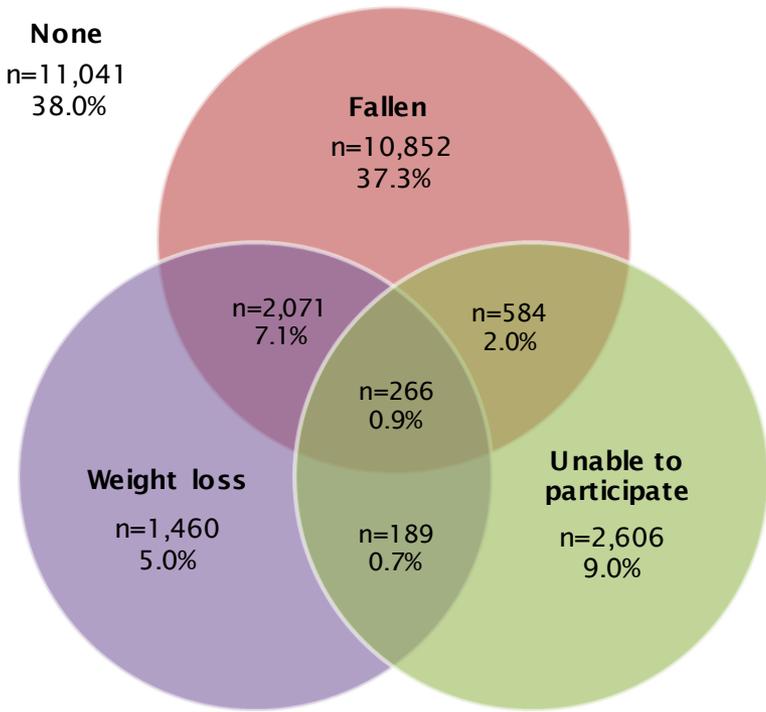


YOUR FACILITY



Note: 46 (12.0%) episodes did not record all three items and are excluded from analysis.

AUSTRALIA



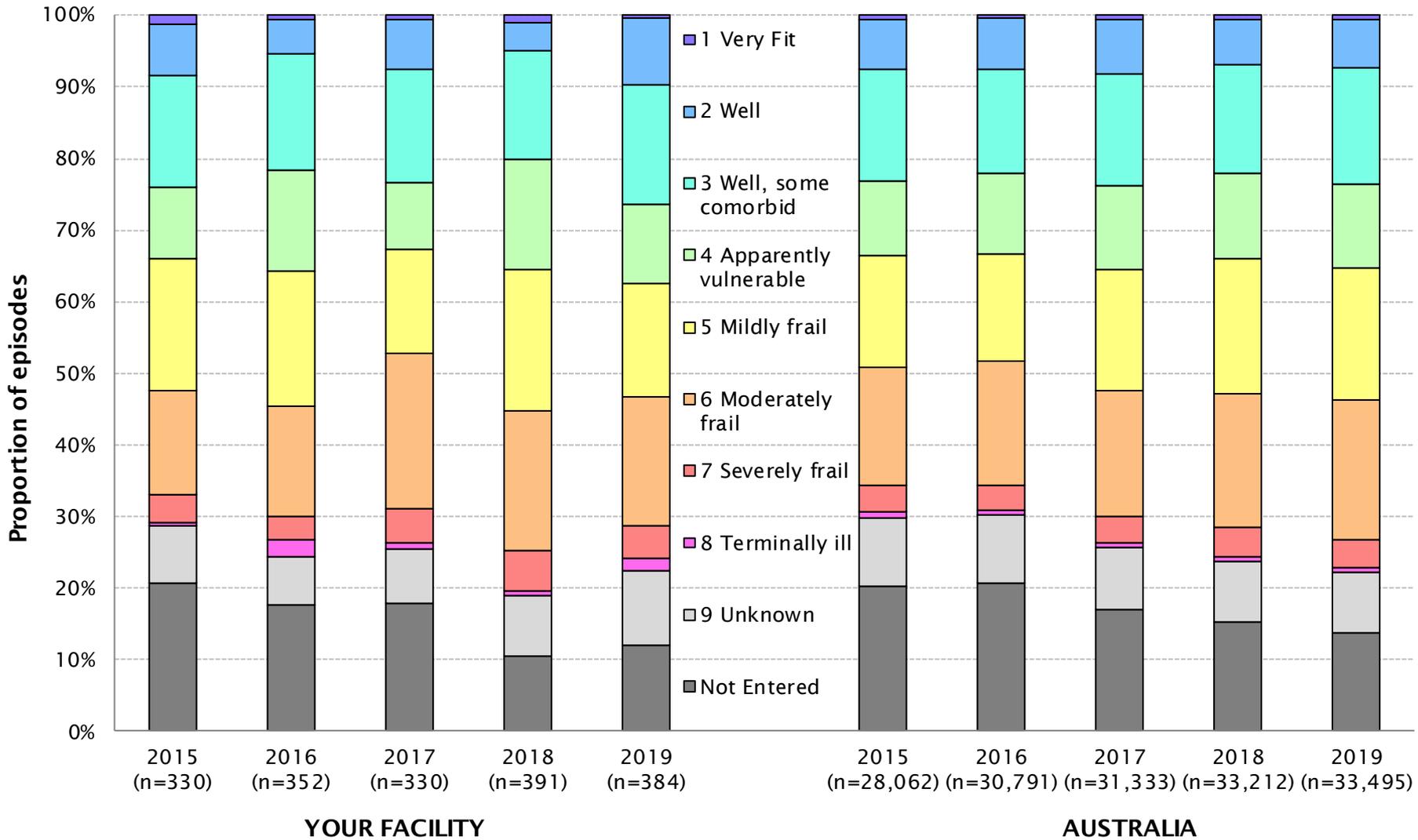
Note: 4,426 (13.2%) episodes did not record all three items and are excluded from analysis.

Reconditioning specific data items

		YOUR FACILITY — N					AUSTRALIA — N				
		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Has patient fallen in the last 12 months?	Yes	111	130	126	167	171	9,700	10,989	12,038	13,149	13,966
	No	159	169	147	185	171	13,104	13,979	14,351	15,307	15,375
Was patient unable to participate in therapy from day 1	Yes	36	49	34	55	40	3,088	3,356	3,175	4,033	3,663
	No	235	250	239	299	302	19,701	21,624	23,256	24,456	25,690
Has patient lost >10% of their body weight in the last 12 months	Yes	41	55	39	70	51	3,246	3,553	3,738	3,949	3,991
	No	225	240	232	279	287	19,314	21,200	22,470	24,217	25,090

		YOUR FACILITY — %					AUSTRALIA — %				
		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Has patient fallen in the last 12 months?	Yes	41.1	43.5	46.2	47.4	50.0	42.5	44.0	45.6	46.2	47.6
	No	58.9	56.5	53.8	52.6	50.0	57.5	56.0	54.4	53.8	52.4
Was patient unable to participate in therapy from day 1	Yes	13.3	16.4	12.5	15.5	11.7	13.6	13.4	12.0	14.2	12.5
	No	86.7	83.6	87.5	84.5	88.3	86.4	86.6	88.0	85.8	87.5
Has patient lost >10% of their body weight in the last 12 months	Yes	15.4	18.6	14.4	20.1	15.1	14.4	14.4	14.3	14.0	13.7
	No	84.6	81.4	85.6	79.9	84.9	85.6	85.6	85.7	86.0	86.3

Proportion of episodes by frailty score over time



Proportion of episodes by frailty score over time

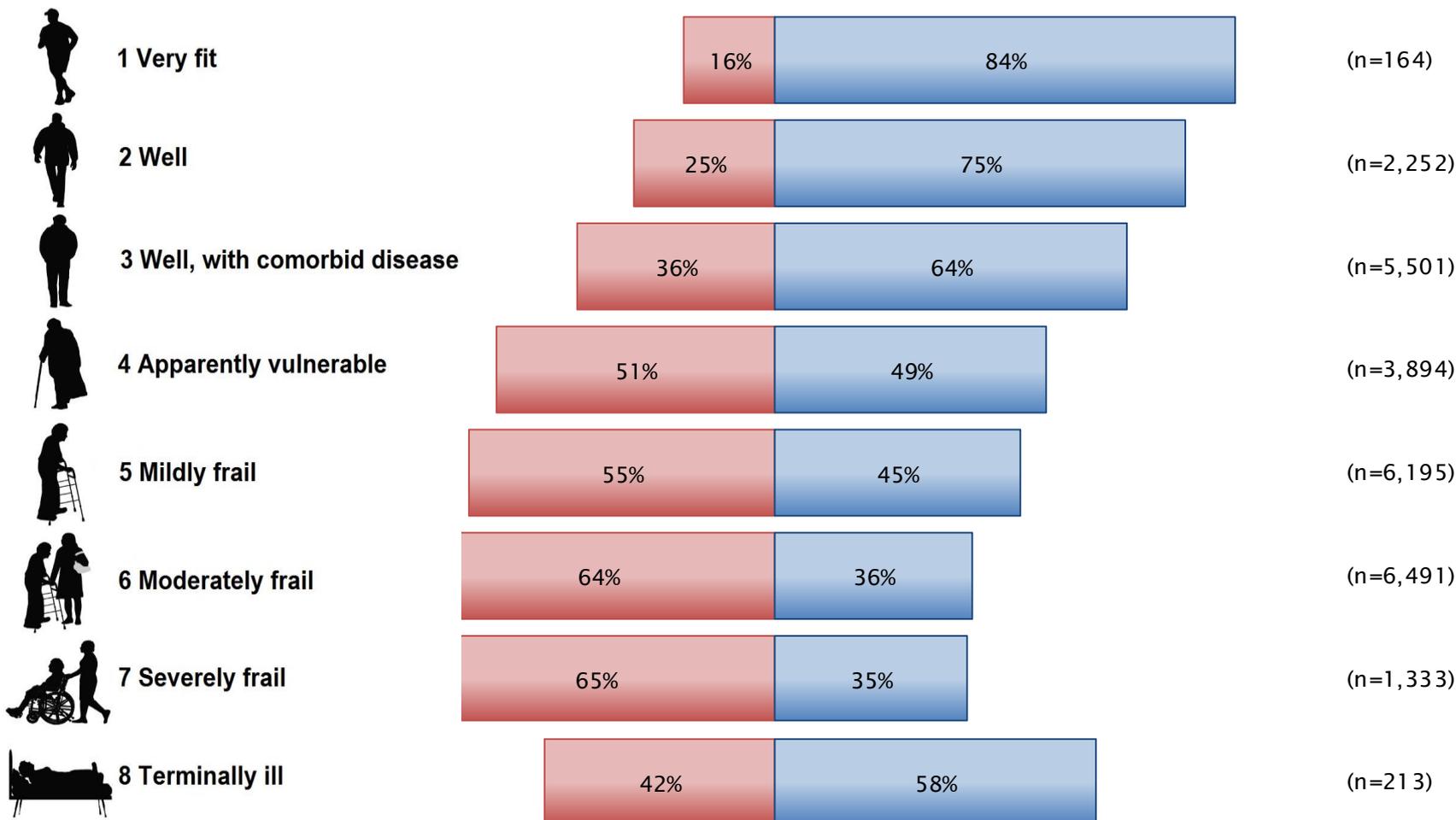


Frailty	YOUR FACILITY — N					AUSTRALIA — N				
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1 Very Fit	4	2	2	4	1	147	123	158	175	164
2 Well	24	17	23	15	36	1,966	2,201	2,377	2,076	2,252
3 Well, some comorbid	51	57	52	60	64	4,386	4,498	4,917	5,101	5,506
4 Apparently vulnerable	33	50	31	60	43	2,927	3,453	3,679	3,918	3,901
5 Mildly frail	61	66	48	77	61	4,397	4,619	5,279	6,251	6,198
6 Moderately frail	48	54	71	76	69	4607	5294	5540	6223	6500
7 Severely frail	13	12	16	22	17	1051	1080	1109	1359	1336
8 Terminally ill	1	8	3	3	7	190	185	211	215	214
9 Unknown	27	24	25	33	40	2690	2941	2749	2823	2836
Not Entered	68	62	59	41	46	5701	6397	5314	5071	4588
All Reconditioning	330	352	330	391	384	28,062	30,791	31,333	33,212	33,495

Frailty	YOUR FACILITY — %					AUSTRALIA — %				
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1 Very Fit	1.2	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
2 Well	7.3	4.8	7.0	3.8	9.4	7.0	7.1	7.6	6.3	6.7
3 Well, some comorbid	15.5	16.2	15.8	15.3	16.7	15.6	14.6	15.7	15.4	16.4
4 Apparently vulnerable	10.0	14.2	9.4	15.3	11.2	10.4	11.2	11.7	11.8	11.6
5 Mildly frail	18.5	18.8	14.5	19.7	15.9	15.7	15.0	16.8	18.8	18.5
6 Moderately frail	14.5	15.3	21.5	19.4	18.0	16.4	17.2	17.7	18.7	19.4
7 Severely frail	3.9	3.4	4.8	5.6	4.4	3.7	3.5	3.5	4.1	4.0
8 Terminally ill	0.3	2.3	0.9	0.8	1.8	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6
9 Unknown	8.2	6.8	7.6	8.4	10.4	9.6	9.6	8.8	8.5	8.5
Not Entered	20.6	17.6	17.9	10.5	12.0	20.3	20.8	17.0	15.3	13.7
All Reconditioning	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Has patient fallen in the last 12 months? by frailty score

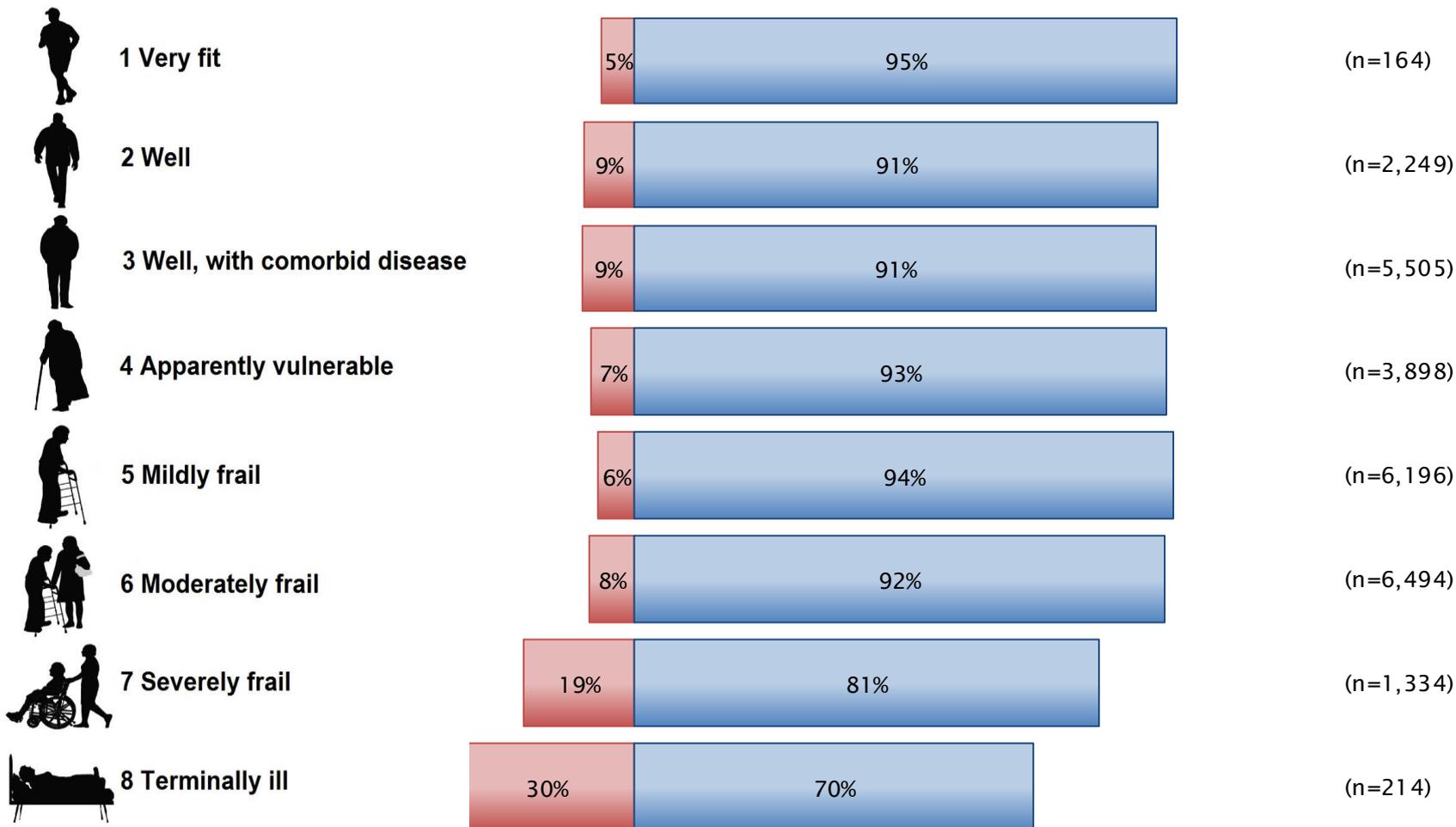
Rockwood Frailty Score



Unable to participate in therapy on day one? by frailty score

Rockwood Frailty Score

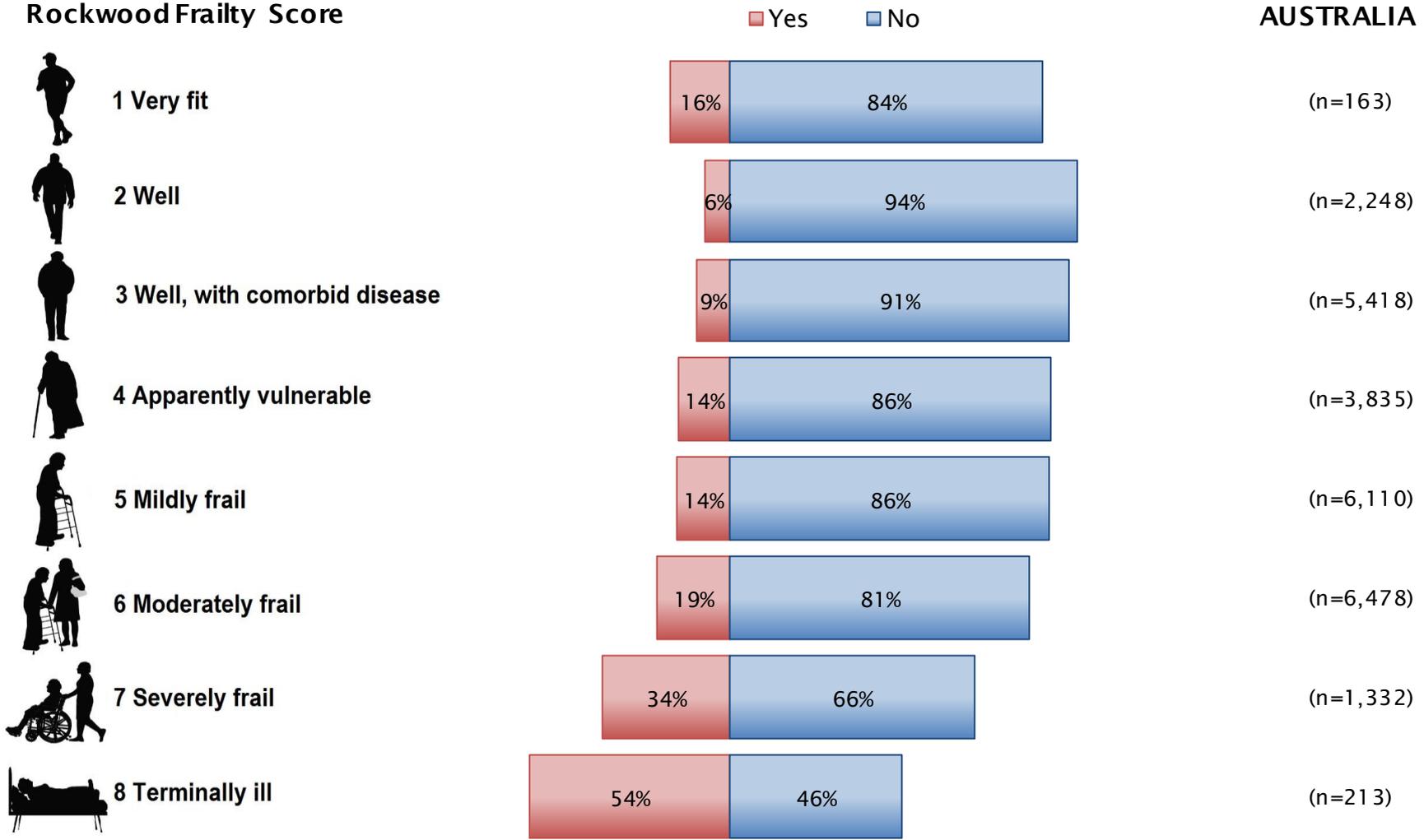
Yes No



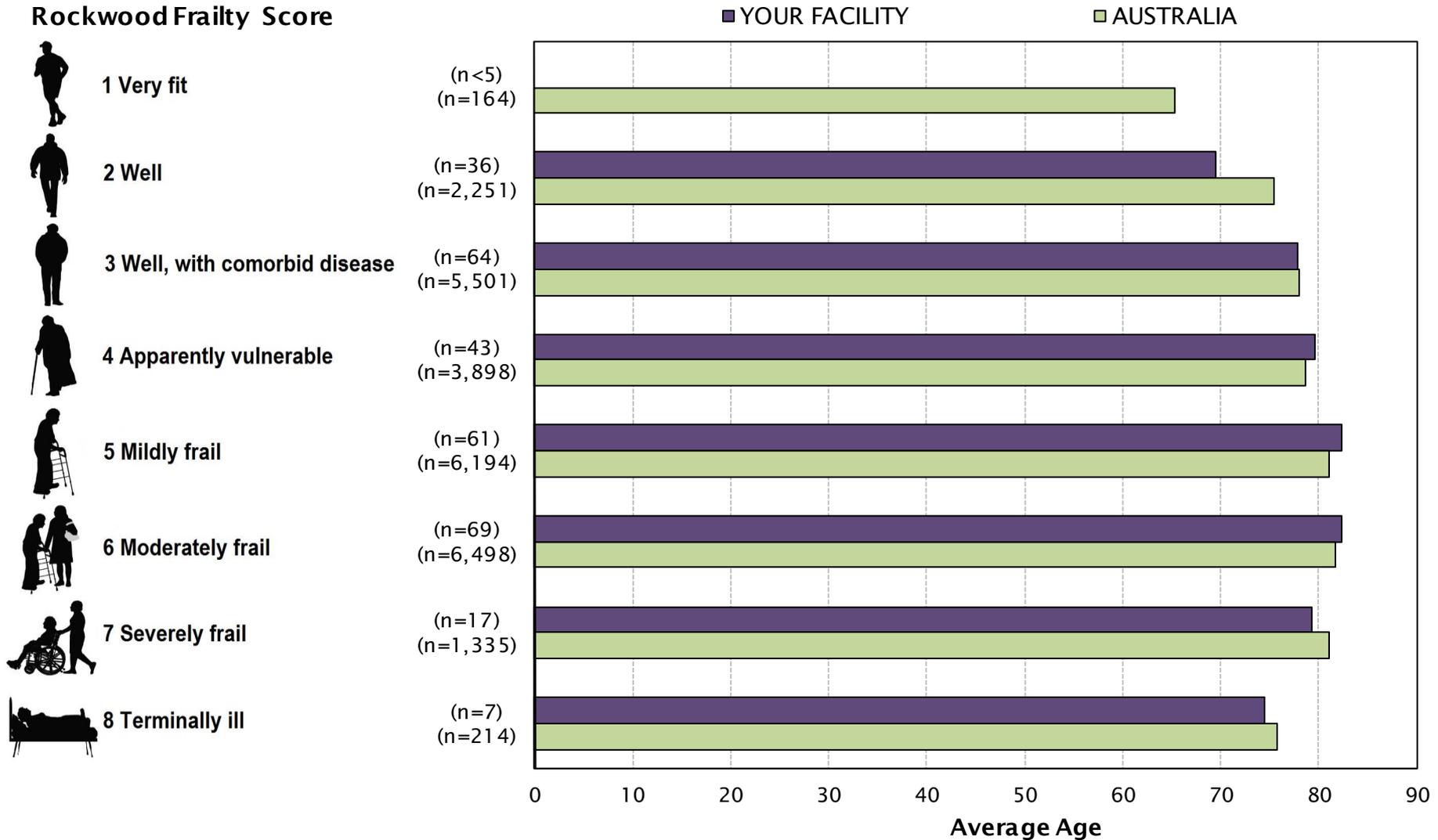
AUSTRALIA

Has patient lost >10% body weight in the last 12 months? by frailty score

Rockwood Frailty Score



Average age by frailty score



Summary of incomplete episodes

Complete episode analysis	YOUR FACILITY		AUSTRALIA	
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)
Total reporting episodes	384		33,495	
Incomplete episodes	52	(13.5)	5,107	(15.2)

Reason for incomplete:

Discharged home with end FIM=18	0	(0.0)	54	(1.1)
Discharged home with no end FIM	1	(1.9)	35	(0.7)
Discharged to another hospital	29	(55.8)	2,472	(48.4)
Care type change - same hospital	16	(30.8)	1,945	(38.1)
Discharged at own risk	3	(5.8)	226	(4.4)
Change of care type (LOS<1 week)	0	(0.0)	60	(1.2)
Died	2	(3.8)	159	(3.1)
Other/Unknown Discharge	1	(1.9)	156	(3.1)

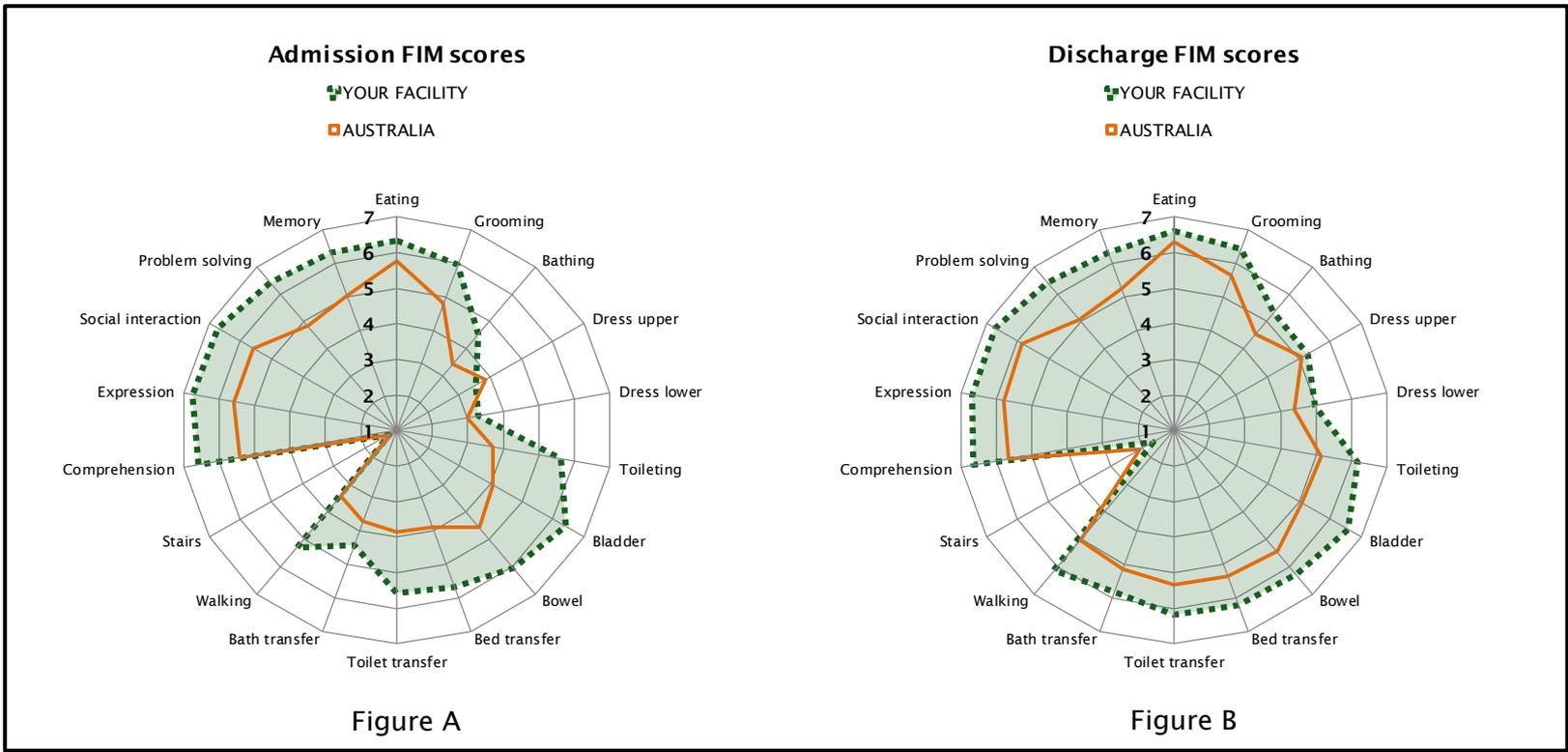
Impairment Code:	YOUR FACILITY			
	Incomplete Episodes	Complete episodes		
16.1 Reconditioning following surgery	8	(15.4)	71	(21.4)
16.2 Reconditioning following medical illness	39	(75.0)	243	(73.2)
16.3 Cancer rehabilitation	5	(9.6)	18	(5.4)

AN-SNAP Class:

4AR1 (motor 67-91)	5	(9.6)	98	(29.5)
4AR2 (motor 50-66, cognition 26-35)	14	(26.9)	93	(28.0)
4AR3 (motor 50-66, cognition 5-25)	5	(9.6)	35	(10.5)
4AR4 (motor 34-49, cognition 31-35)	5	(9.6)	22	(6.6)
4AR5 (motor 34-49, cognition 5-30)	11	(21.2)	48	(14.5)
4AR6 (motor 19-33)	8	(15.4)	28	(8.4)
4AZ3 (motor 13-18, Age ≥ 65)	4	(7.7)	6	(1.8)
4AZ4 (motor 13-18, Age ≤ 64)	0	(0.0)	2	(0.6)

Review of FIM item scoring by AN-SNAP class

Interpreting the comparative FIM item scoring charts



The FIM splat provides a graphic presentation of functional status in a radar chart. The 18 FIM items are arranged in order as 'spokes' of a wheel and the scoring levels from 1 (total dependence) to 7 (total independence) run from the centre outwards. The mean FIM item score for each item is indicated — a perfect score would be demonstrated as a large circle. The two FIM splats compare FIM scoring on admission (Figure A) and discharge (Figure B) between YOUR FACILITY and NATIONAL data — differences in the two shaded areas indicate differences in mean admission/discharge scoring. Graphs include completed episodes with valid FIM scoring.

Comparative FIM item scoring

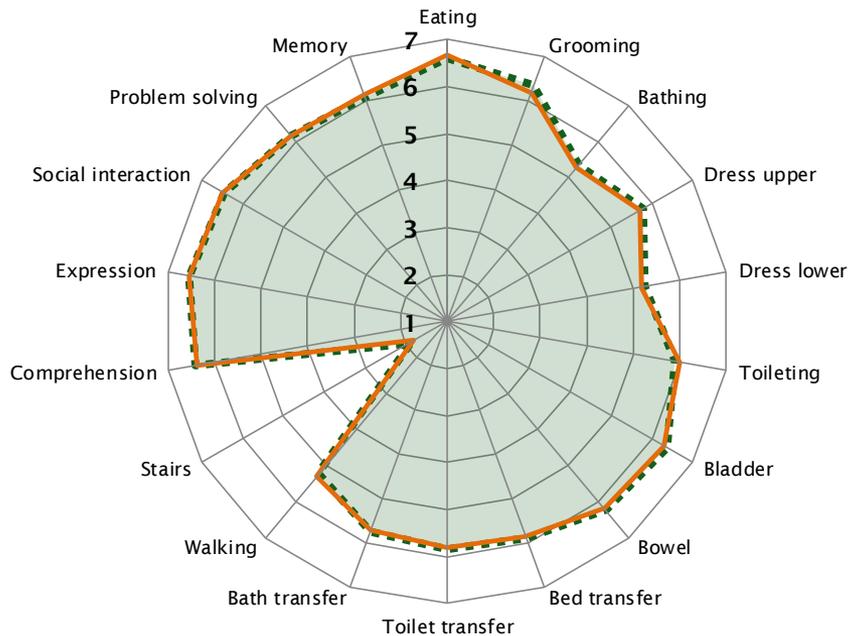
AN-SNAP class 4AR1



4AR1 Admission FIM scores

YOUR FACILITY (n=98)

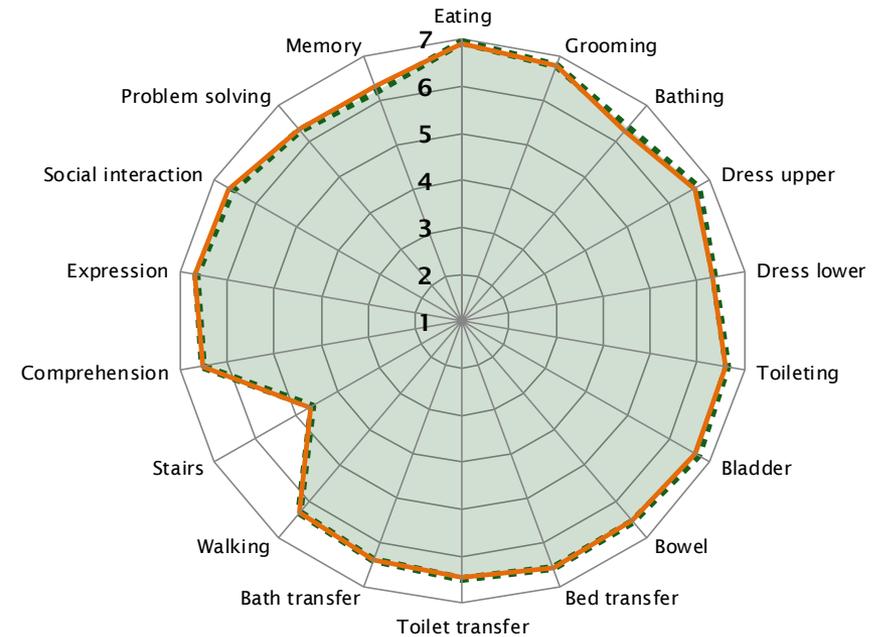
AUSTRALIA (n=8,296)



4AR1 Discharge FIM scores

YOUR FACILITY (n=98)

AUSTRALIA (n=8,296)



Note: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores

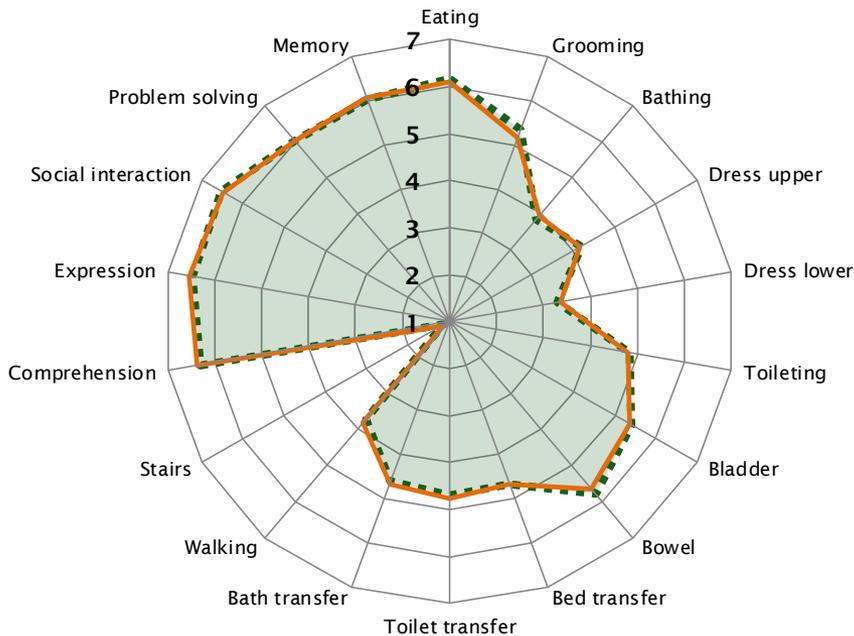
Comparative FIM item scoring

AN-SNAP class 4AR2



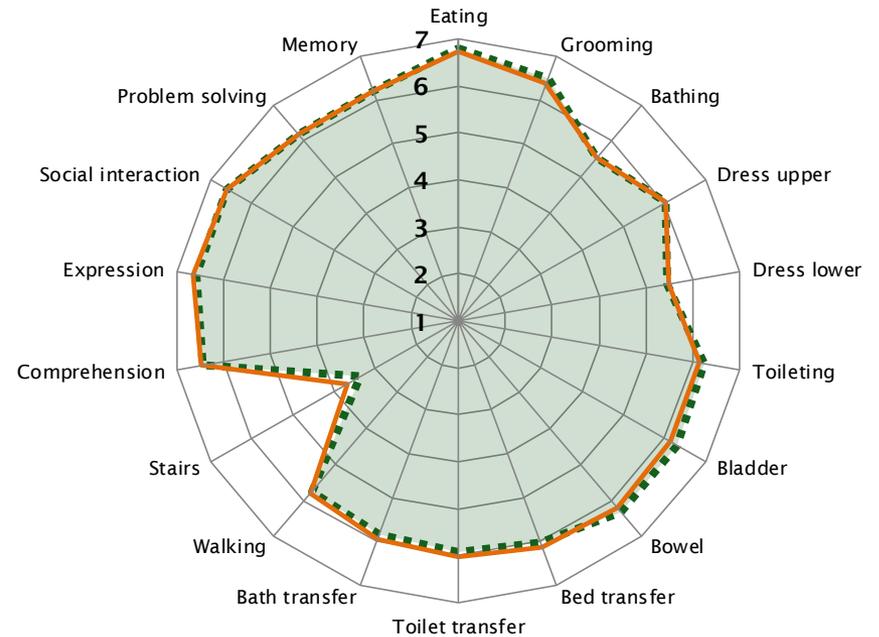
4AR2 Admission FIM scores

- YOUR FACILITY (n=93)
- AUSTRALIA (n=8,988)



4AR2 Discharge FIM scores

- YOUR FACILITY (n=93)
- AUSTRALIA (n=8,988)



Note: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores

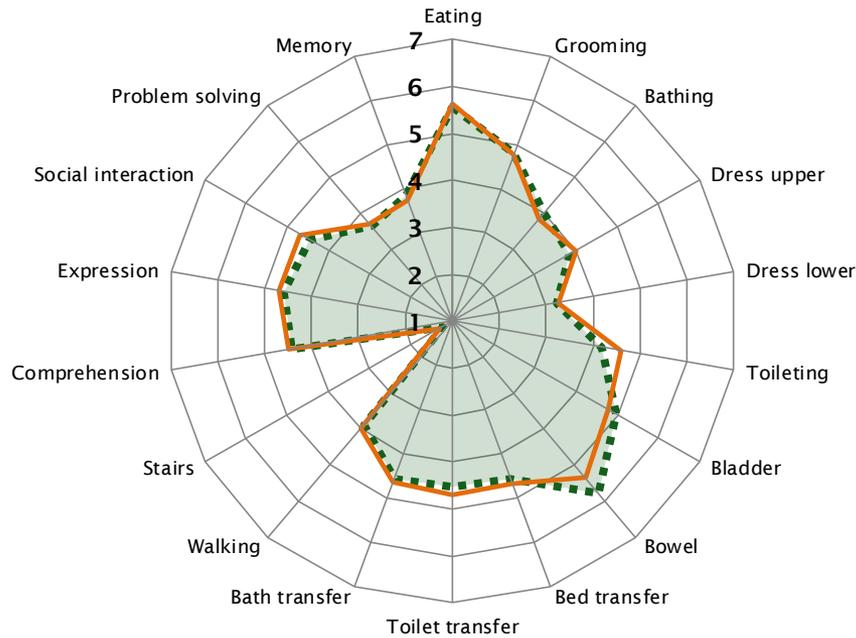
Comparative FIM item scoring

AN-SNAP class 4AR3



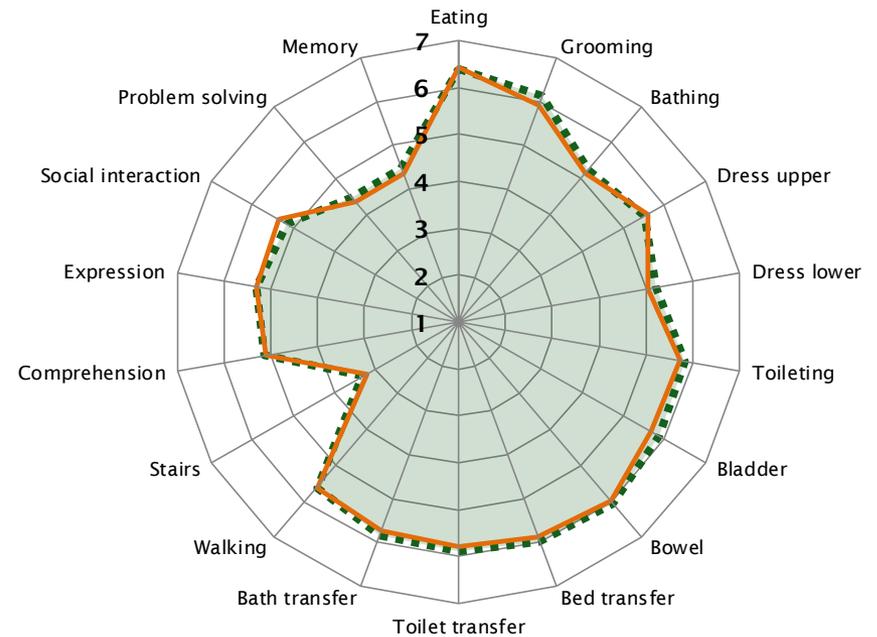
4AR3 Admission FIM scores

- YOUR FACILITY (n=35)
- AUSTRALIA (n=3,309)



4AR3 Discharge FIM scores

- YOUR FACILITY (n=35)
- AUSTRALIA (n=3,309)



Note: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores

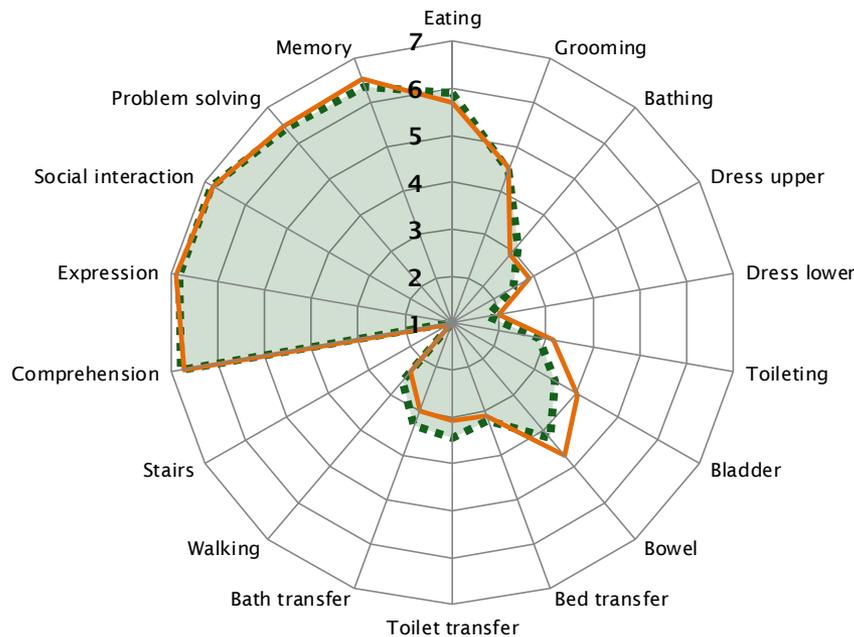
Comparative FIM item scoring

AN-SNAP class 4AR4



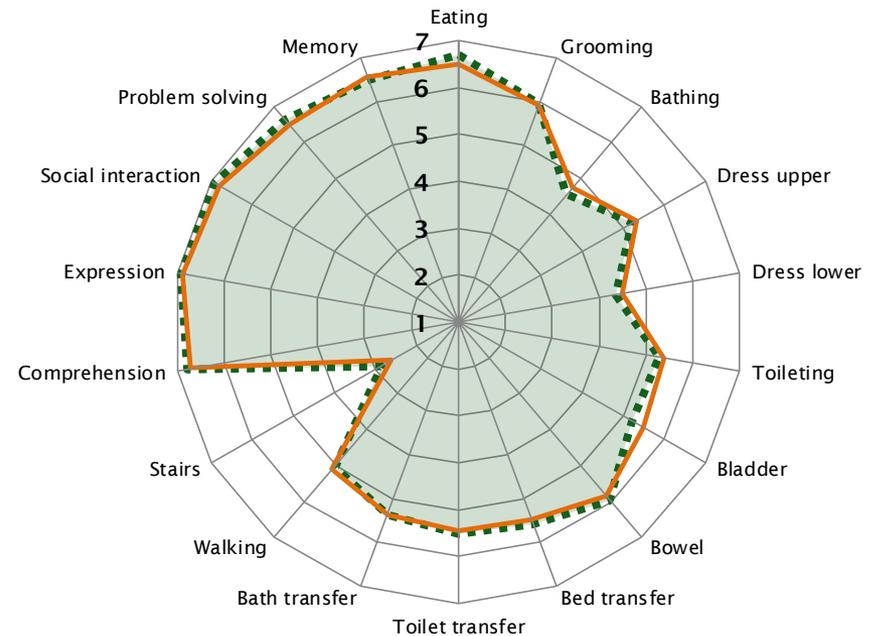
4AR4 Admission FIM scores

- YOUR FACILITY (n=22)
- AUSTRALIA (n=1,190)



4AR4 Discharge FIM scores

- YOUR FACILITY (n=22)
- AUSTRALIA (n=1,190)



Note: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores

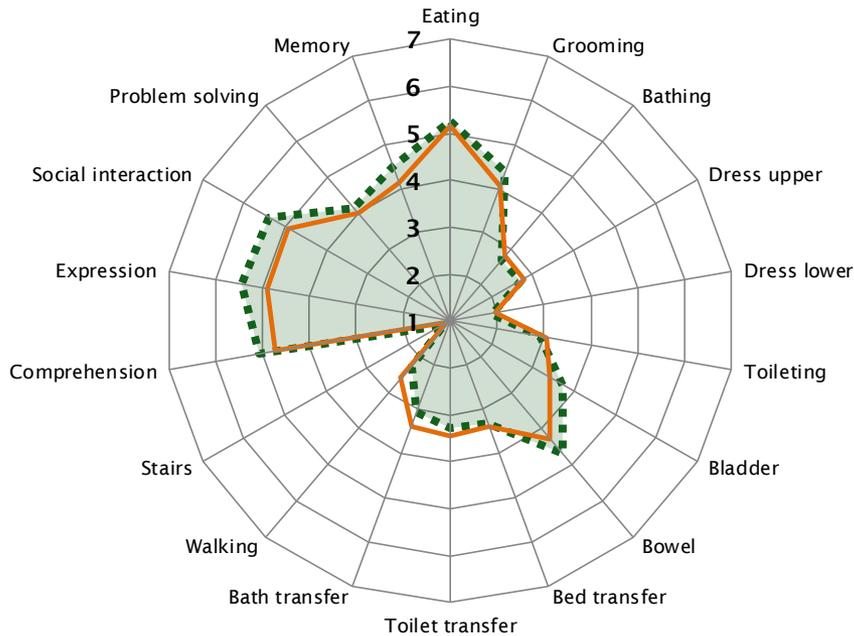
Comparative FIM item scoring

AN-SNAP class 4AR5



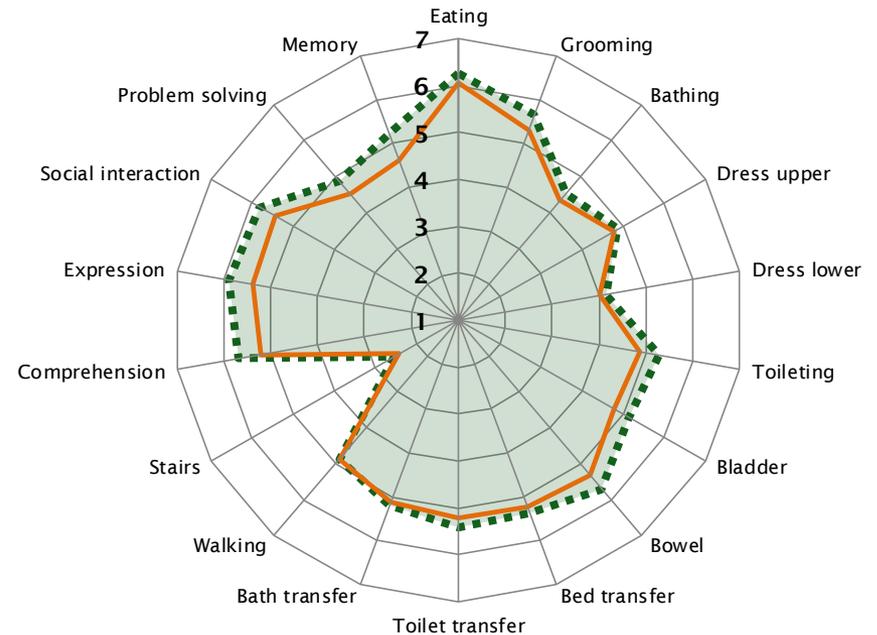
4AR5 Admission FIM scores

■ YOUR FACILITY (n=48)
 ■ AUSTRALIA (n=3,917)



4AR5 Discharge FIM scores

■ YOUR FACILITY (n=48)
 ■ AUSTRALIA (n=3,917)



Note: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores

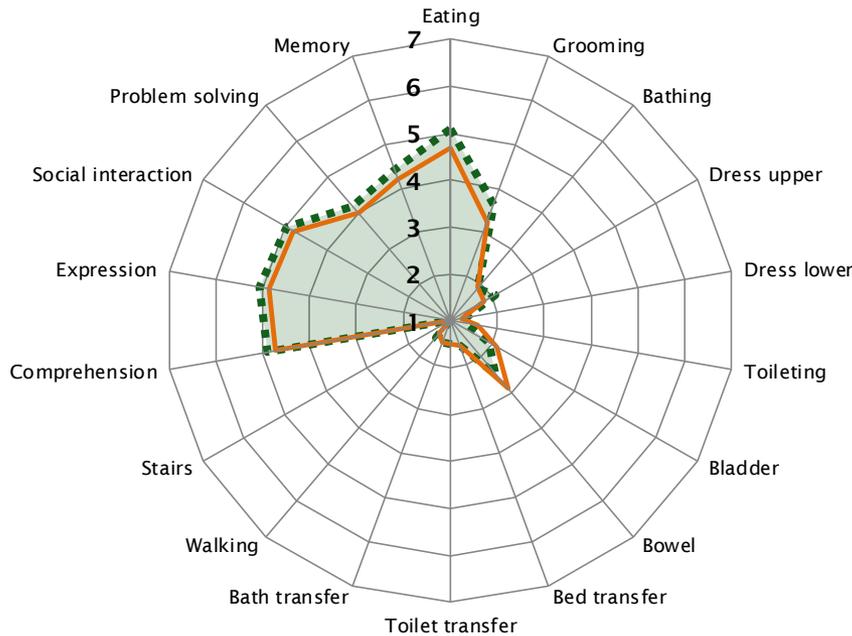
Comparative FIM item scoring

AN-SNAP class 4AR6



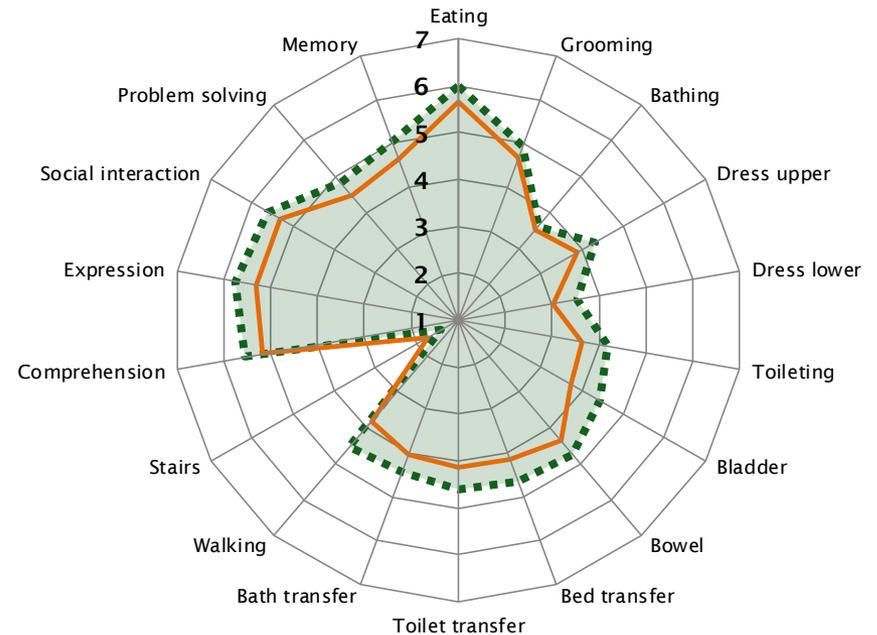
4AR6 Admission FIM scores

- YOUR FACILITY (n=28)
- AUSTRALIA (n=2,133)



4AR6 Discharge FIM scores

- YOUR FACILITY (n=28)
- AUSTRALIA (n=2,133)



Note: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores

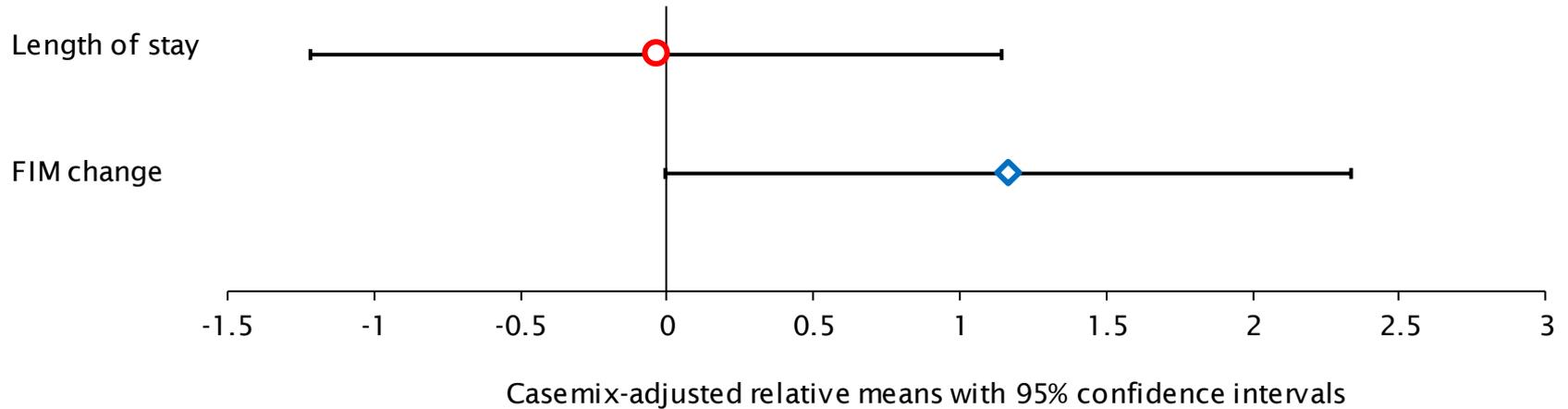
Outcome analysis

Completed episodes by AN-SNAP class

AN-SNAP class V4	YOUR FACILITY			AUSTRALIA		
	All episodes	Completed episodes	% Complete	All episodes	Completed episodes	% Complete
4AR1 (motor 67-91)	103	98	95.1	9,050	8,297	91.7
4AR2 (motor 50-66, cognition 26-35)	107	93	86.9	10,302	8,990	87.3
4AR3 (motor 50-66, cognition 5-25)	40	35	87.5	3,851	3,309	85.9
4AR4 (motor 34-49, cognition 31-35)	27	22	81.5	1,511	1,192	78.9
4AR5 (motor 34-49, cognition 5-30)	59	48	81.4	4,920	3,921	79.7
4AR6 (motor 19-33)	36	28	77.8	2,956	2,137	72.3
4AZ3 (motor 13-18, Age ≥ 65)	10	6	60.0	750	473	63.1
4AZ4 (motor 13-18, Age ≤ 64)	2	2	100.0	127	67	52.8
499A (Data error - ungroupable)	0	0	—	28	2	7.1
All Reconditioning AN-SNAP Classes	384	332	86.5	33,495	28,388	84.8

NOTE: All outcomes analysis are based on completed episodes. A definition of completed episodes can be found in Appendix1 (Glossary)

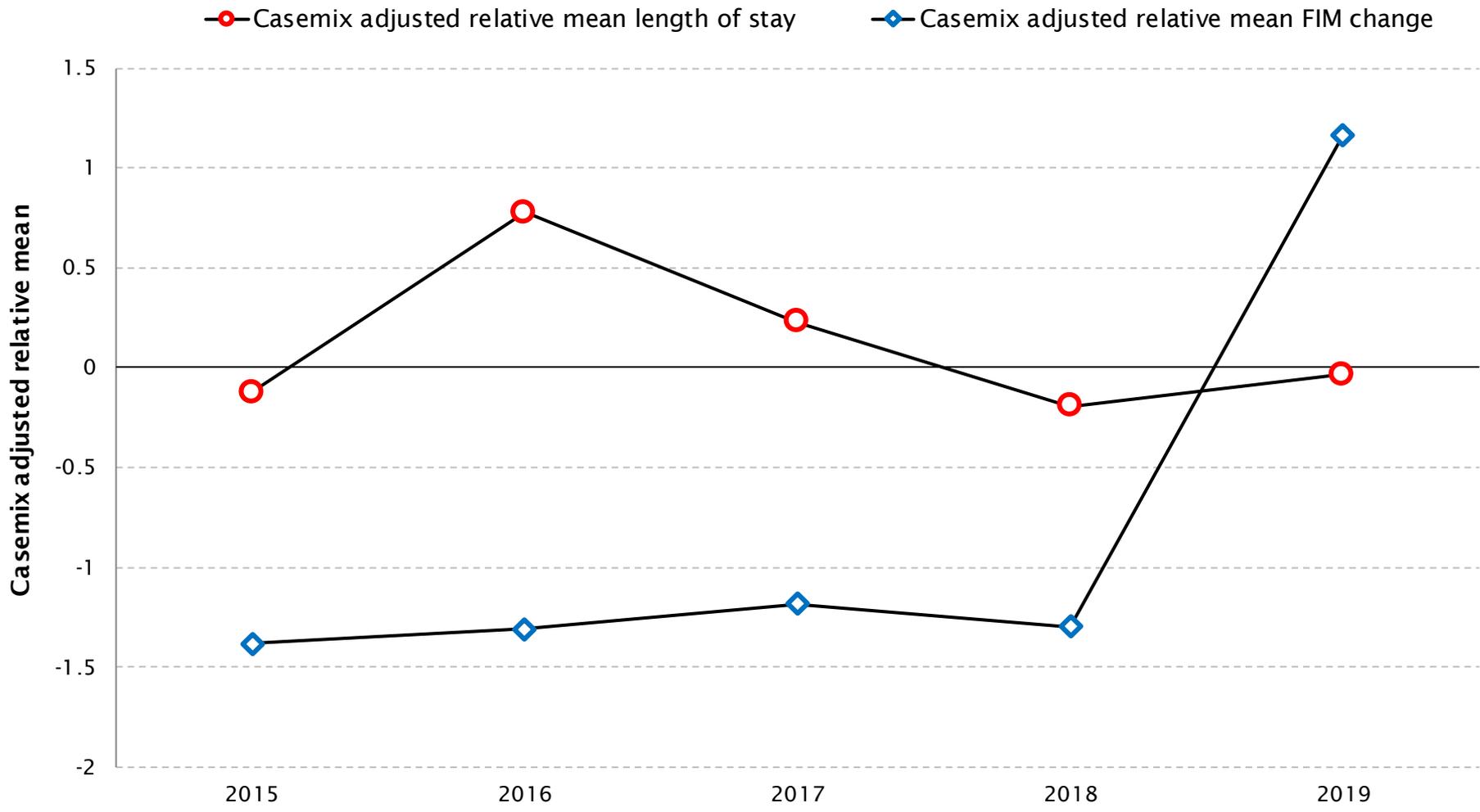
Casemix-adjusted* relative means



Out come measures	YOUR FACILITY		AUSTRALIA
	Casemix-adjusted* relative mean	95% CI	IQR
Length of stay	0.0	-1.2 to 1.1	-6.2 to 3.4
FIM change	1.2	0.0 to 2.3	-6.3 to 6.5

*Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores and LOS

Casemix-adjusted* relative means over time



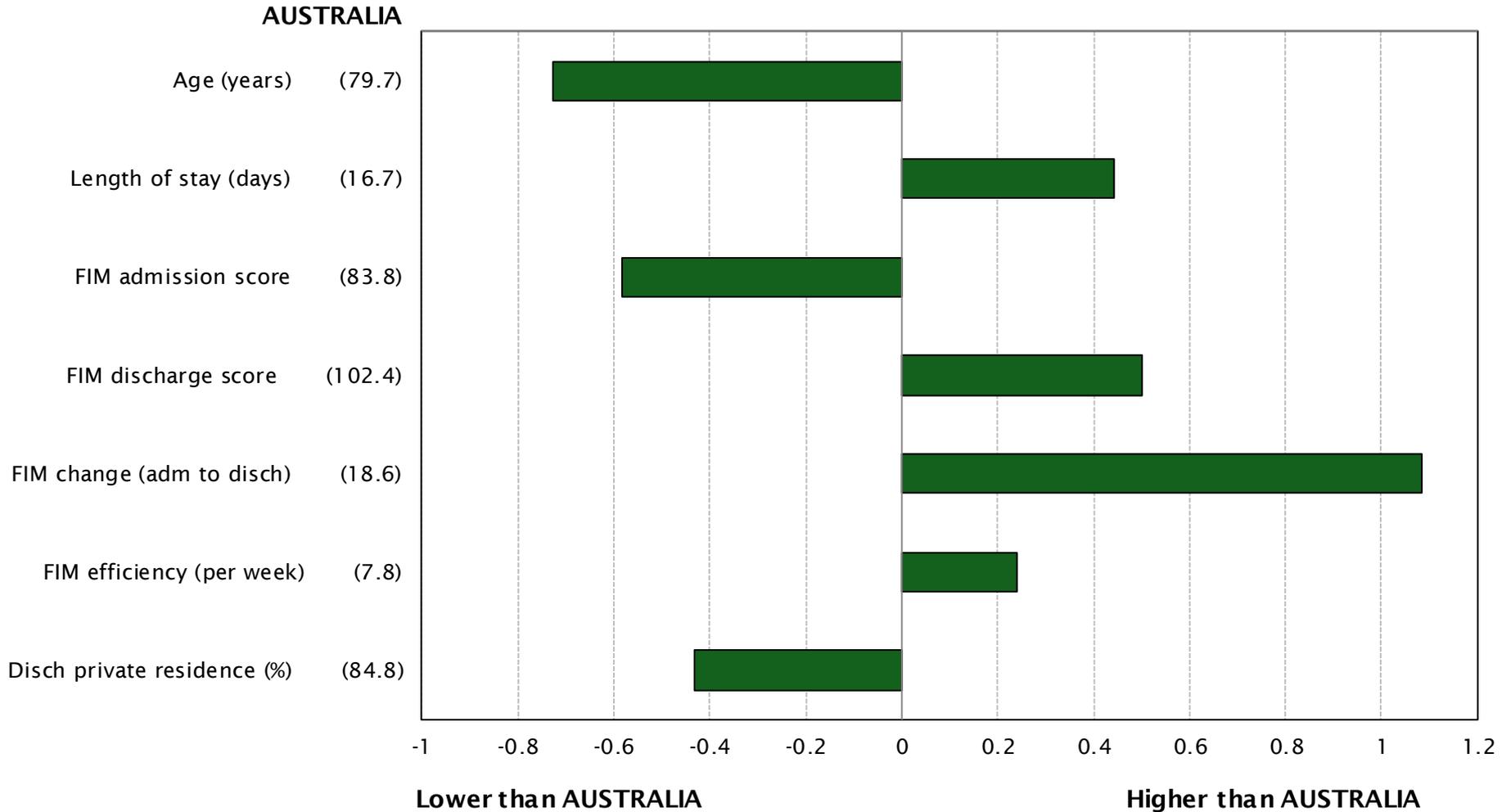
*Casemix adjusted values based on FY 2019

NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores and LOS; where n<5 the casemix-adjusted relative mean will not be shown.

Outcome measures – difference from national data



How YOUR FACILITY is different to AUSTRALIA

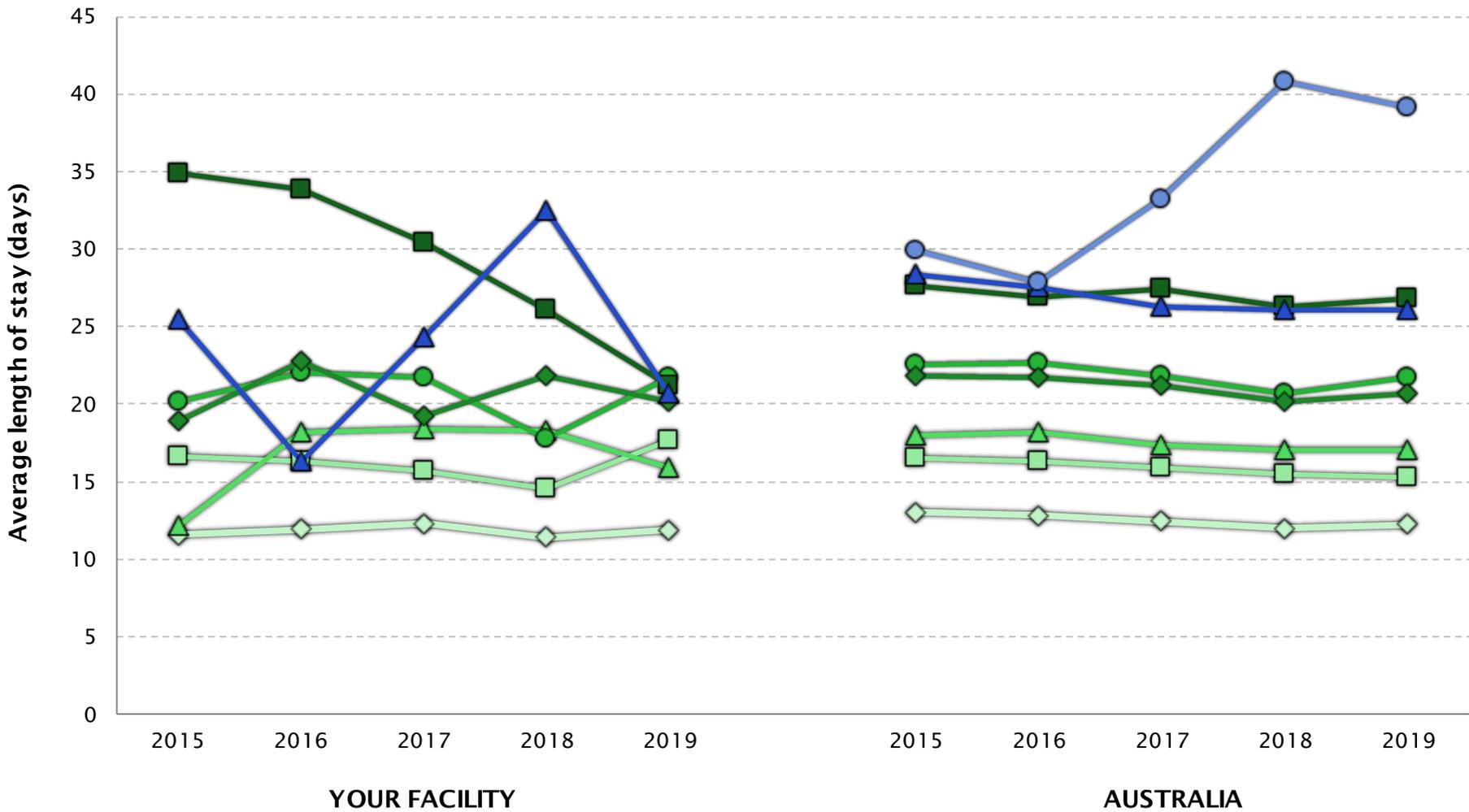


NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores and LOS.

Average length of stay by AN-SNAP class over time

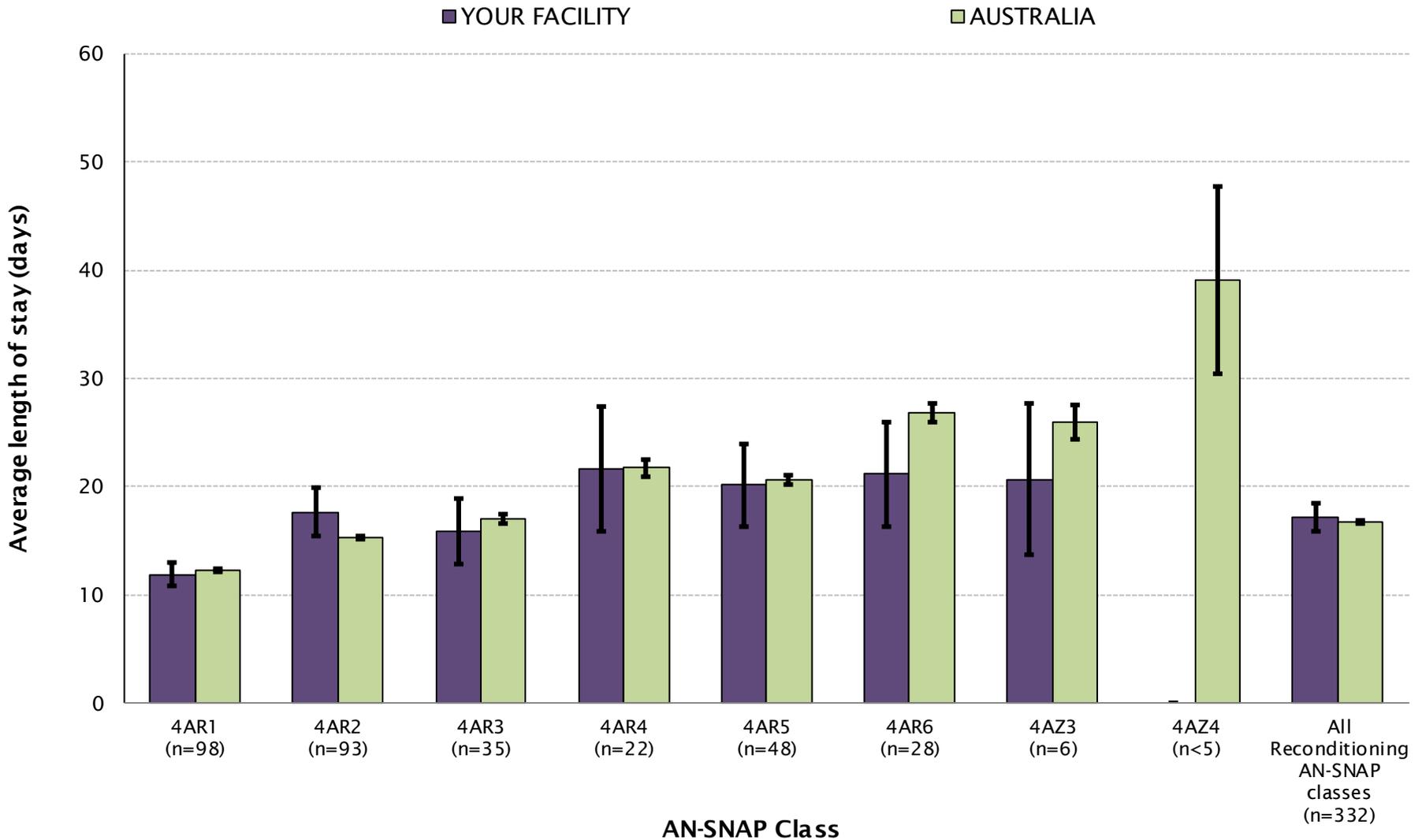


◇ 4AR1 □ 4AR2 ▲ 4AR3 ● 4AR4 ◆ 4AR5 ■ 4AR6 ▲ 4AZ3 ○ 4AZ4



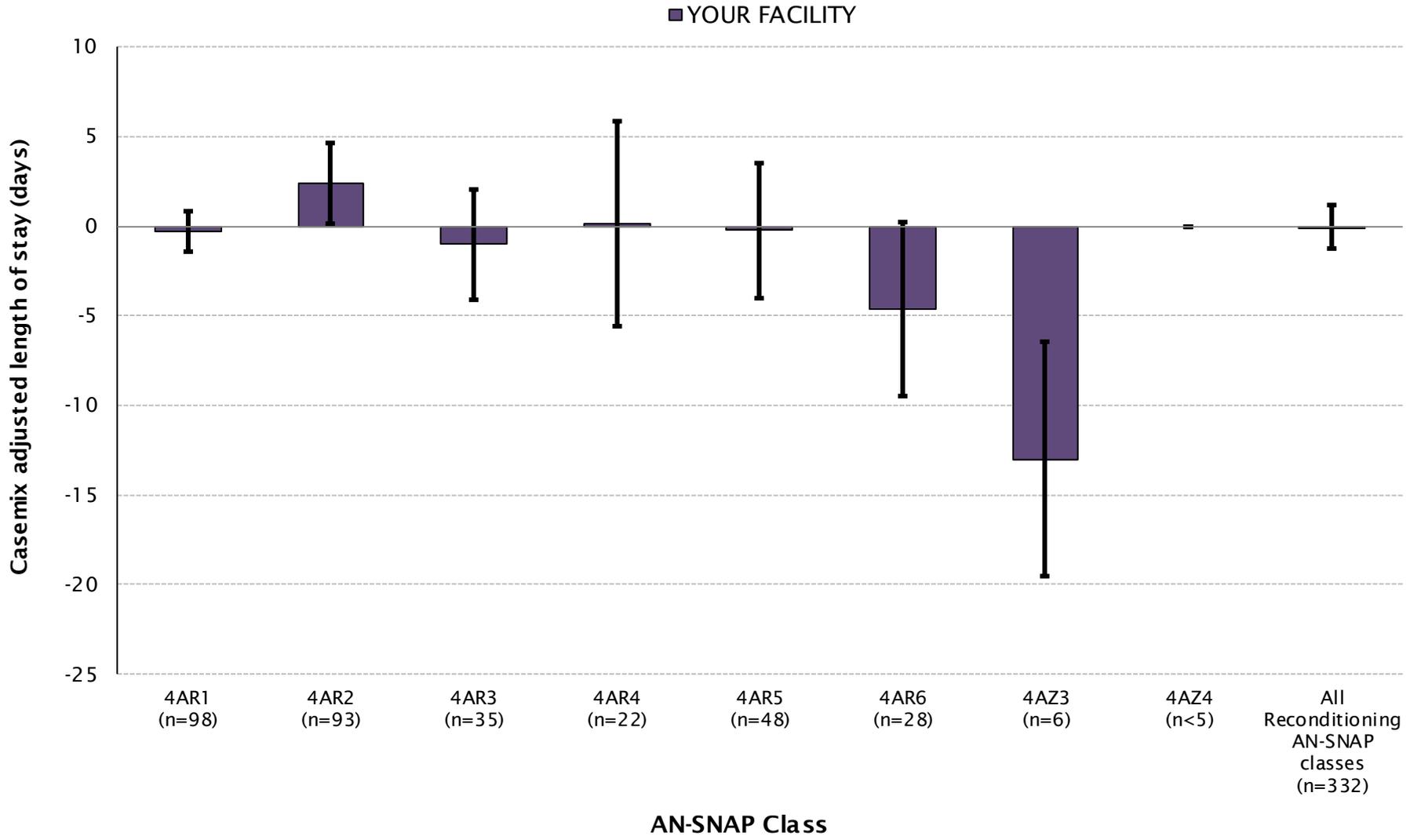
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid LOS; where n<5 ALOS will not be shown

Average length of stay by AN-SNAP class



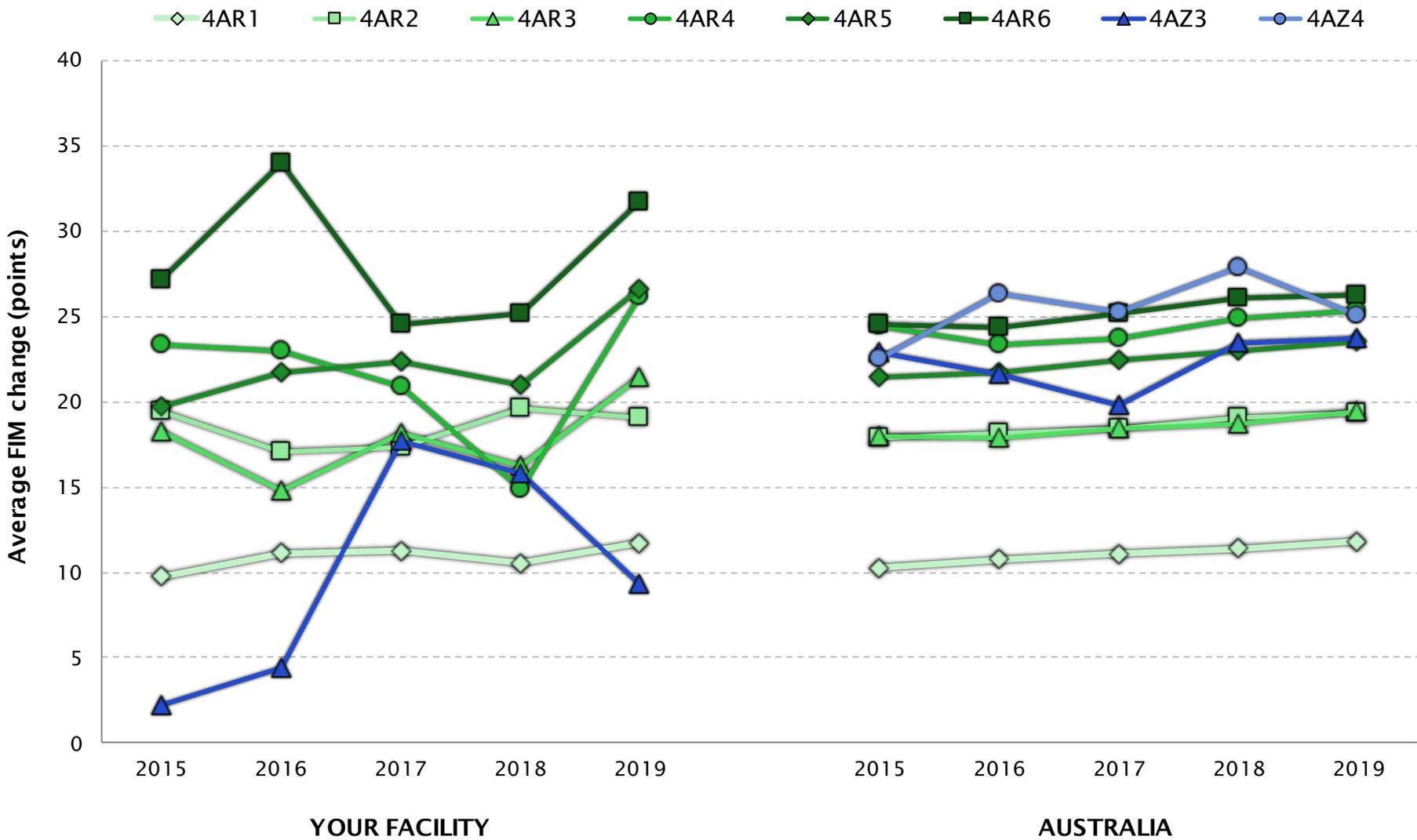
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid LOS; where n<5 ALOS will not be shown

Casemix-adjusted relative mean length of stay by AN-SNAP class



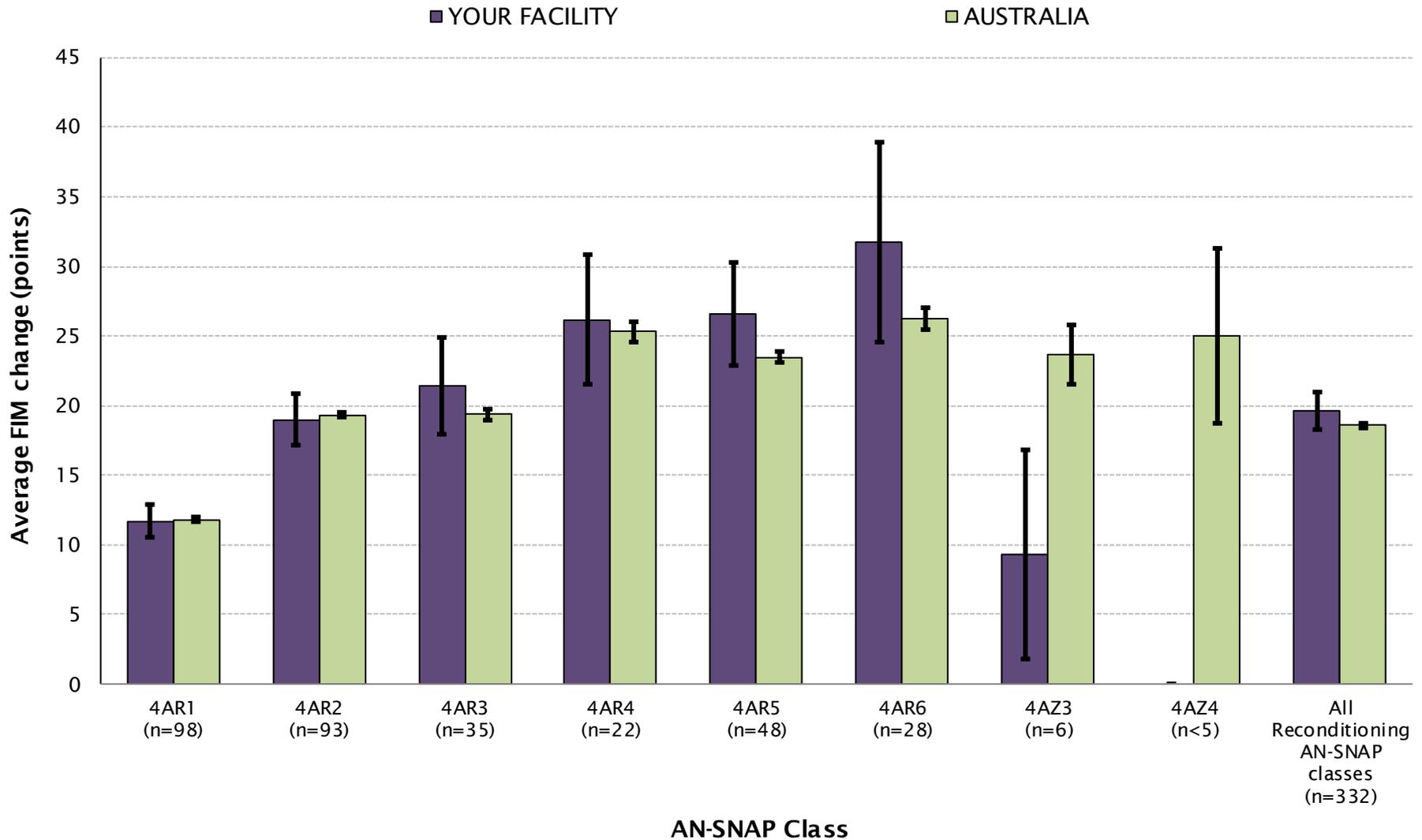
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid LOS; where n<5 CARMi LOS will not be shown

Average FIM change by AN-SNAP class over time



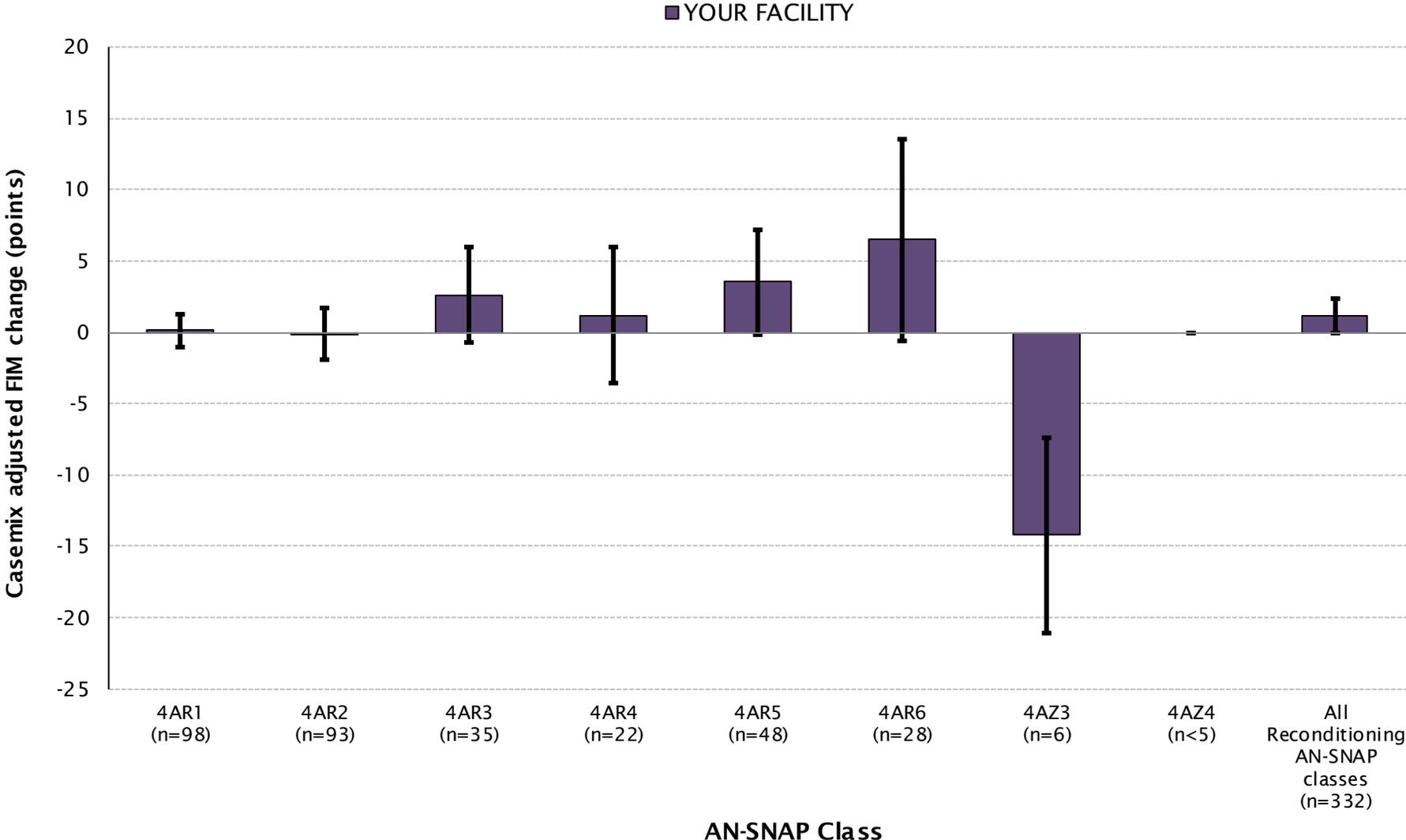
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores; where n<5 Average FIM change will not be shown

Average FIM change by AN-SNAP class



NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores; where n<5 Average FIM change will not be shown

Casemix-adjusted relative mean FIM change by AN-SNAP class



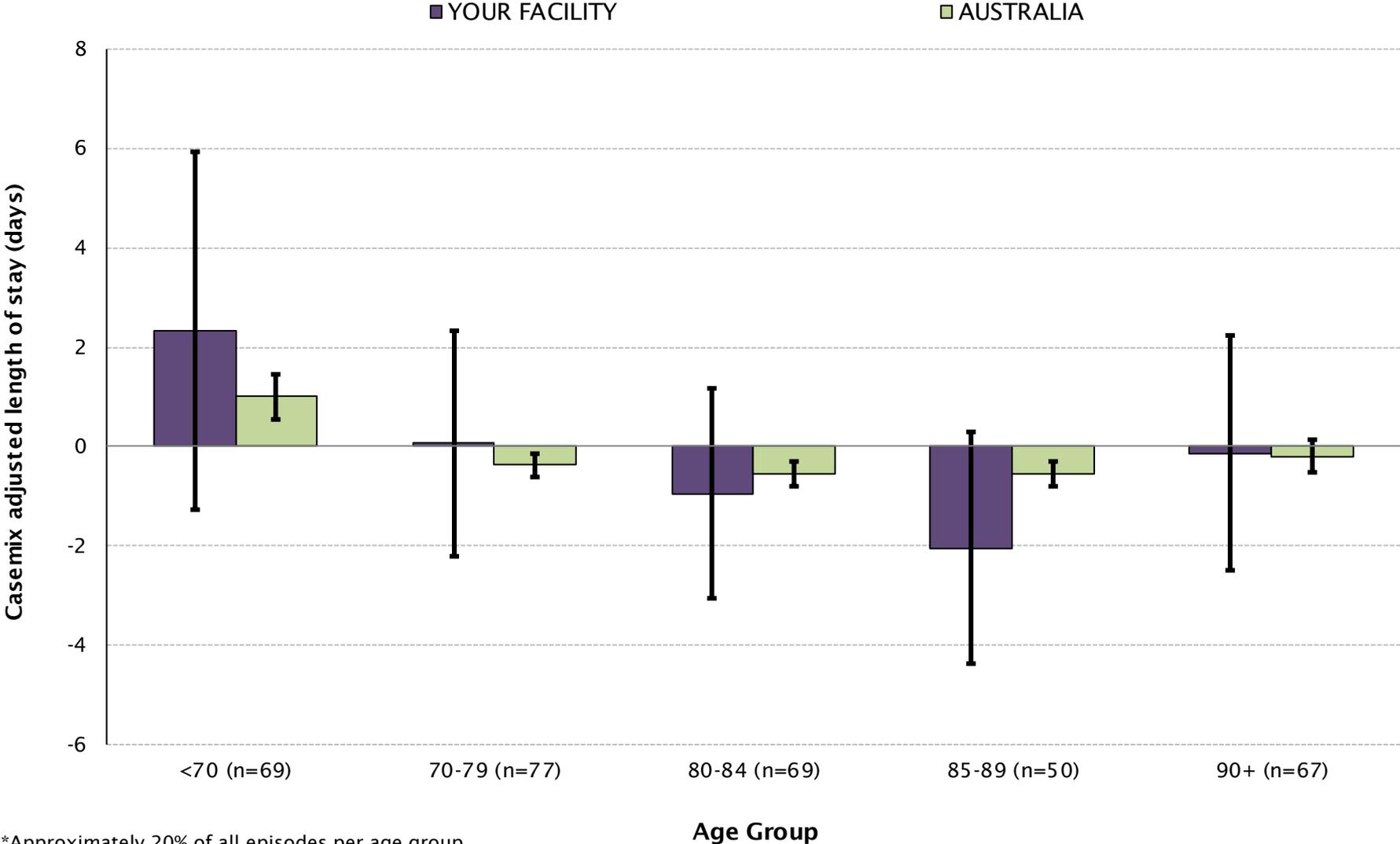
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores; where n<5 CARMI FIM change will not be shown

Casemix-adjusted relative mean and average length of stay and FIM change by AN-SNAP class

AN-SNAP class V4	YOUR FACILITY						AUSTRALIA	
	CARMi (95%CI)			Average (95%CI)			Average (95%CI)	
	LOS	FIM change		LOS	FIM change		LOS	FIM change
4AR1 (motor 67-91)	-0.3 (-1.4 - 0.8)	0.1 (-1.1 - 1.3)		11.9 (10.8 - 13.0)	11.7 (10.5 - 12.9)		12.2 (12.1 - 12.4)	11.8 (11.7 - 12.0)
4AR2 (motor 50-66, cognition 26-35)	2.4 (0.2 - 4.6)	-0.1 (-1.9 - 1.7)		17.7 (15.4 - 19.9)	19.0 (17.2 - 20.9)		15.3 (15.1 - 15.5)	19.3 (19.1 - 19.5)
4AR3 (motor 50-66, cognition 5-25)	-1.0 (-4.1 - 2.0)	2.6 (-0.7 - 6.0)		15.9 (12.9 - 18.9)	21.4 (17.9 - 24.9)		17.1 (16.6 - 17.5)	19.4 (19.0 - 19.8)
4AR4 (motor 34-49, cognition 31-35)	0.1 (-5.6 - 5.9)	1.2 (-3.6 - 6.0)		21.7 (15.9 - 27.5)	26.2 (21.5 - 30.8)		21.7 (20.9 - 22.5)	25.3 (24.6 - 26.1)
4AR5 (motor 34-49, cognition 5-30)	-0.2 (-4.0 - 3.5)	3.6 (-0.1 - 7.2)		20.2 (16.4 - 24.0)	26.6 (22.9 - 30.3)		20.6 (20.3 - 21.0)	23.5 (23.1 - 23.9)
4AR6 (motor 19-33)	-4.7 (-9.5 - 0.2)	6.5 (-0.6 - 13.6)		21.1 (16.3 - 26.0)	31.7 (24.6 - 38.9)		26.8 (26.0 - 27.6)	26.3 (25.5 - 27.1)
4AZ3 (motor 13-18, Age ≥ 65)	-13.0 (-19.5 - -6.5)	-14.2 (-21.1 - -7.3)		20.7 (13.7 - 27.7)	9.3 (1.8 - 16.9)		26.0 (24.5 - 27.6)	23.7 (21.6 - 25.8)
4AZ4 (motor 13-18, Age ≤ 64)	—	—		—	—		39.1 (30.4 - 47.8)	25.0 (18.8 - 31.3)
All Reconditioning AN-SNAP Classes	0.0 (-1.2 - 1.1)	1.2 (0.0 - 2.3)		17.2 (15.8 - 18.5)	19.7 (18.3 - 21.0)		16.7 (16.6 - 16.9)	18.6 (18.4 - 18.7)

NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores and LOS

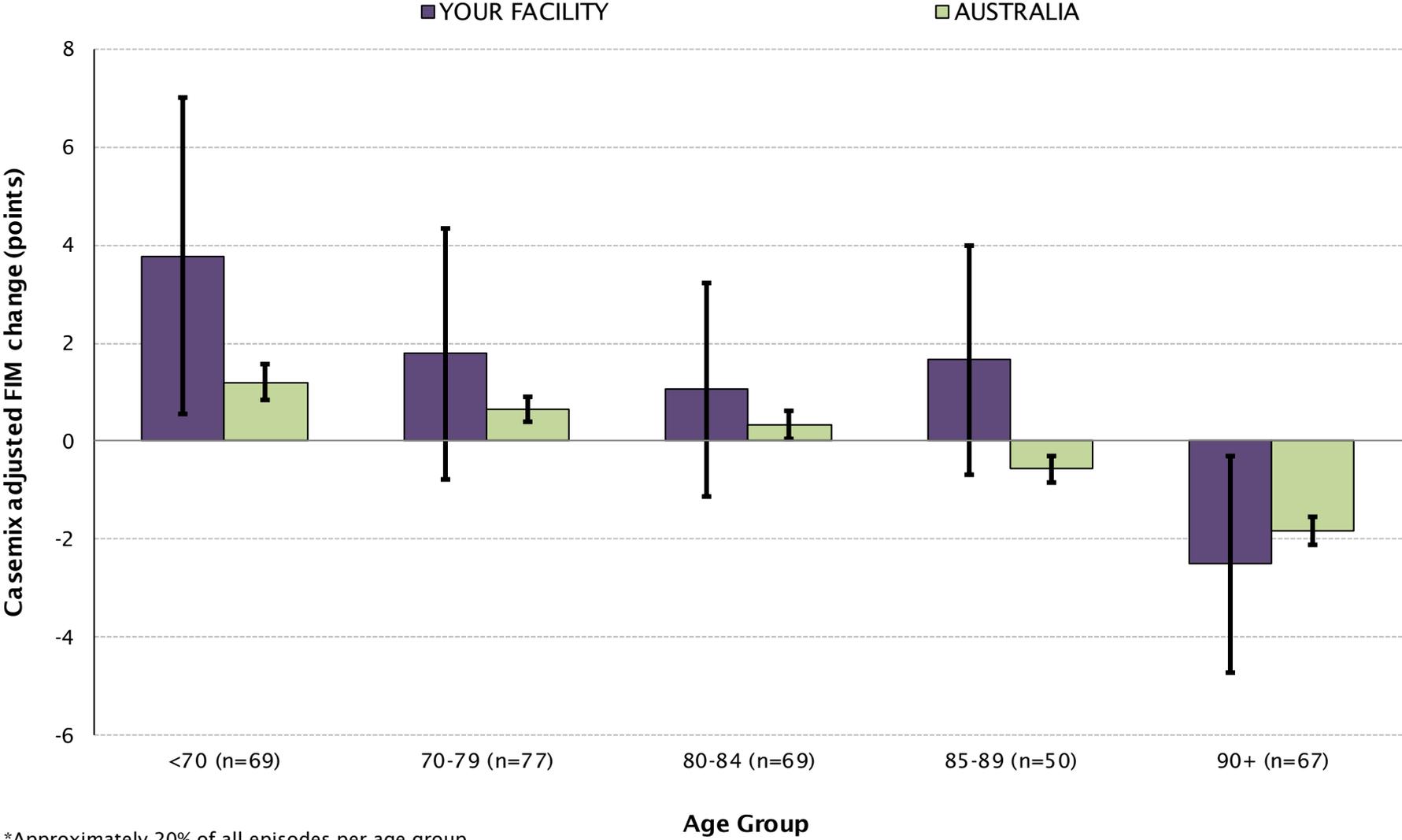
Casemix-adjusted relative mean length of stay by age group*



*Approximately 20% of all episodes per age group

NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid LOS and age, where n<5 CARMI LOS will not be shown

Casemix-adjusted relative mean FIM change by age group*



*Approximately 20% of all episodes per age group

NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM score and age, where n<5 CARMi FIM change will not be shown

Average and casemix-adjusted relative mean length of stay and FIM change by age group*



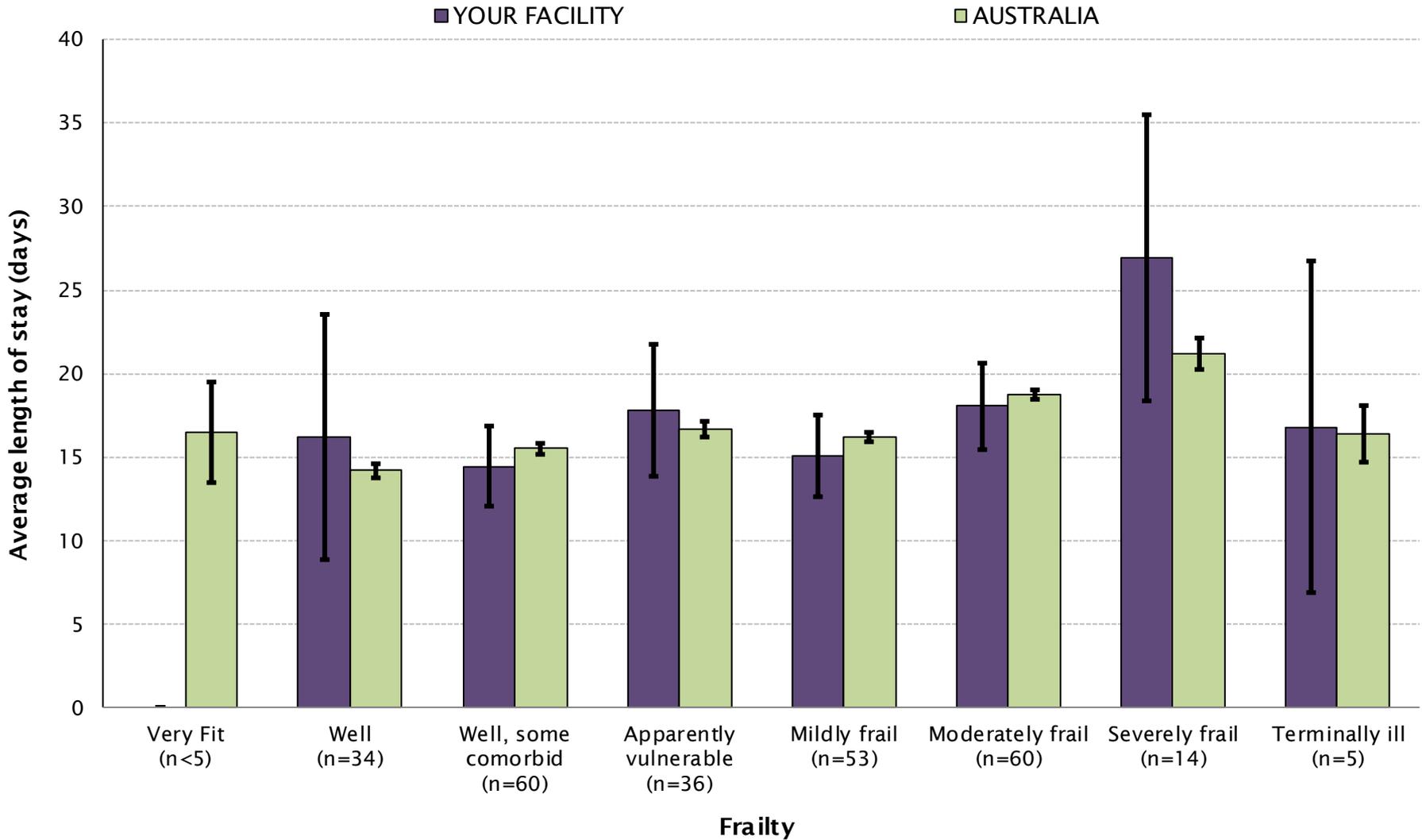
Age group	YOUR FACILITY		AUSTRALIA	
	LOS (95%CI)	FIM change (95%CI)	LOS (95%CI)	FIM change (95%CI)
<70	20.6 (16.1 - 25.1)	22.7 (19.0 - 26.4)	18.0 (17.5 - 18.5)	19.3 (18.9 - 19.7)
70-79	16.8 (14.5 - 19.2)	19.8 (16.8 - 22.8)	16.1 (15.8 - 16.3)	18.6 (18.4 - 18.9)
80-84	14.7 (12.5 - 16.8)	17.9 (15.2 - 20.6)	16.1 (15.8 - 16.4)	18.7 (18.4 - 19.0)
85-89	15.7 (13.5 - 17.9)	21.0 (18.2 - 23.8)	16.5 (16.2 - 16.7)	18.4 (18.1 - 18.7)
90+	17.7 (15.3 - 20.0)	17.1 (14.8 - 19.3)	17.4 (17.1 - 17.8)	17.9 (17.6 - 18.2)

Age group	YOUR FACILITY		AUSTRALIA	
	CARMI LOS (95%CI)	CARMI FIM change (95%CI)	CARMI LOS (95%CI)	CARMI FIM change (95%CI)
<70	2.3 (-1.3 - 5.9)	3.8 (0.6 - 7.0)	1.0 (0.5 - 1.5)	1.2 (0.9 - 1.6)
70-79	0.1 (-2.2 - 2.3)	1.8 (-0.8 - 4.3)	-0.4 (-0.6 - -0.1)	0.7 (0.4 - 0.9)
80-84	-1.0 (-3.1 - 1.2)	1.1 (-1.1 - 3.2)	-0.6 (-0.8 - -0.3)	0.3 (0.1 - 0.6)
85-89	-2.1 (-4.4 - 0.3)	1.7 (-0.7 - 4.0)	-0.5 (-0.8 - -0.3)	-0.6 (-0.8 - -0.3)
90+	-0.1 (-2.5 - 2.2)	-2.5 (-4.7 - -0.3)	-0.2 (-0.5 - 0.1)	-1.8 (-2.1 - -1.5)

*Approximately 20% of all episodes per age group

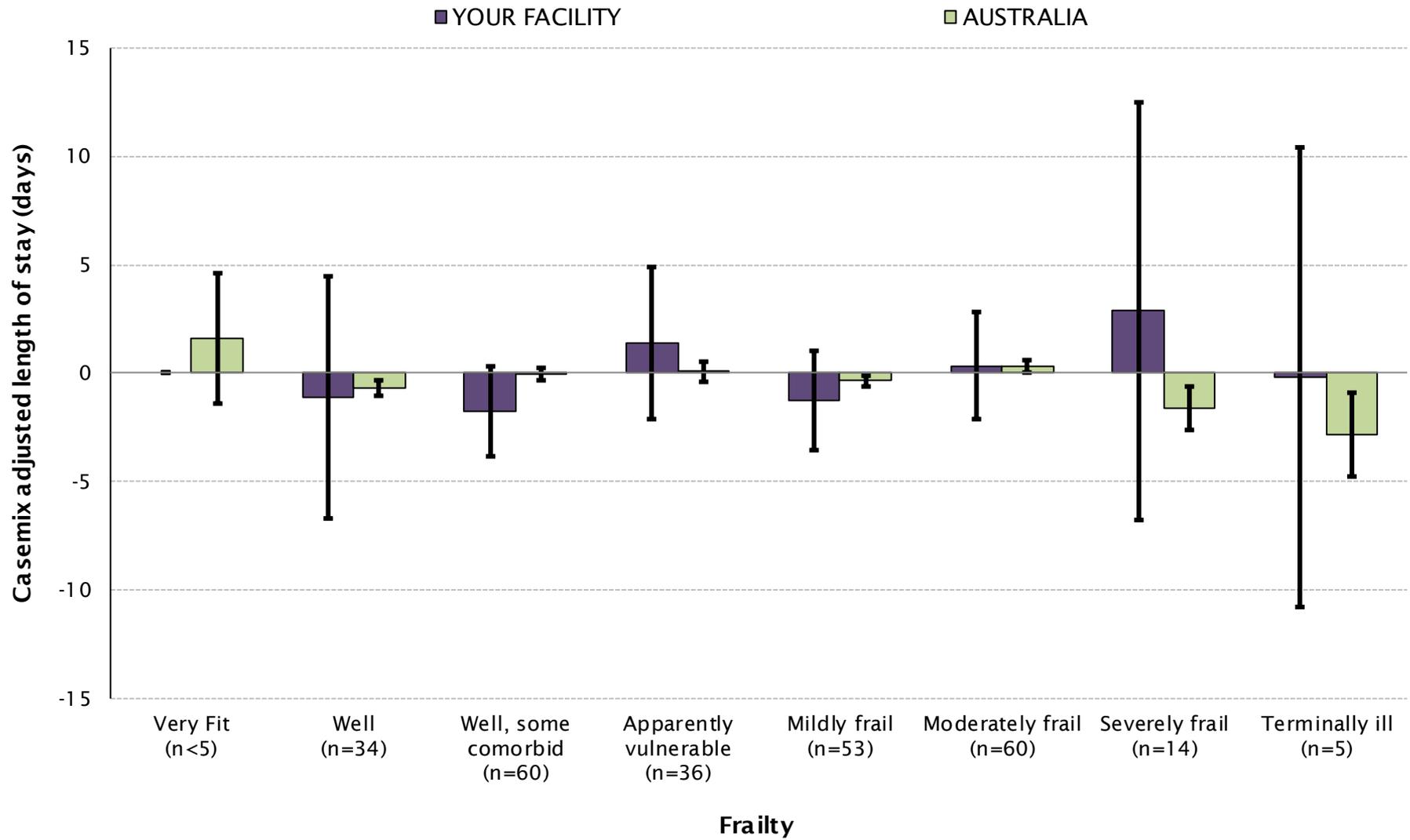
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid LOS, FIM score and age

Average length of stay by frailty score



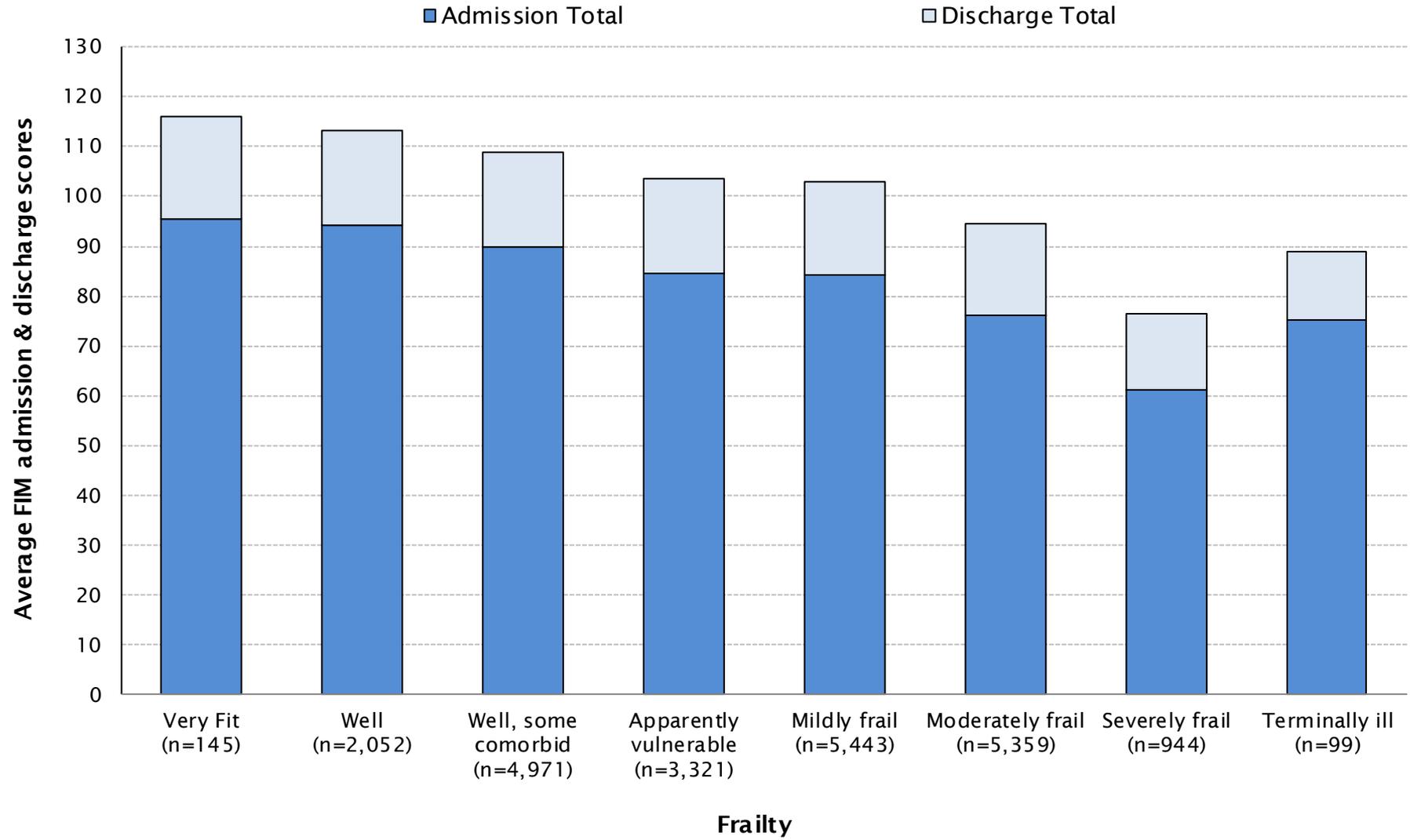
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid LOS; where n<5 ALOS will not be shown

Casemix-adjusted relative mean length of stay by frailty score



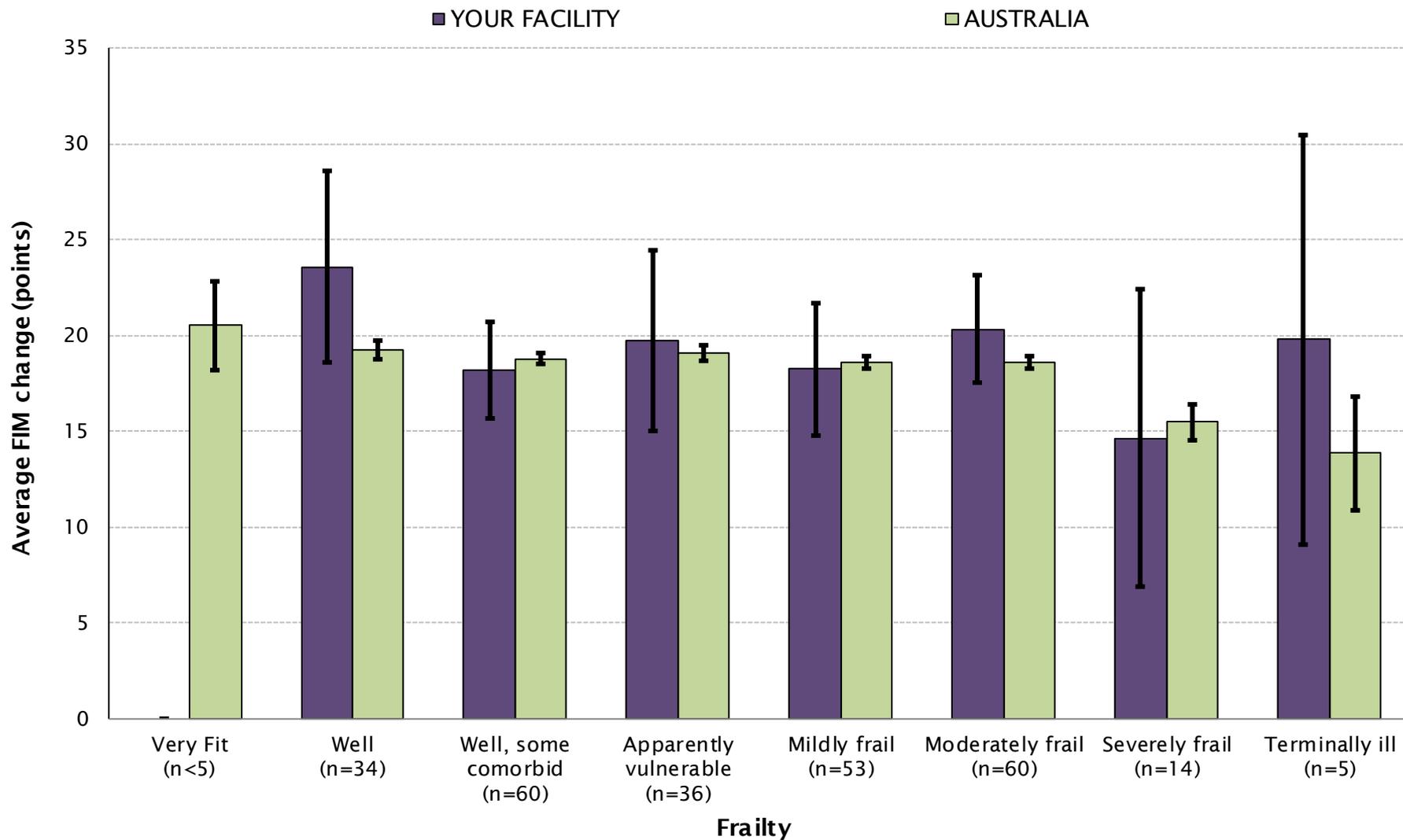
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid LOS; where n<5 CARMI LOS will not be shown

National FIM admission and discharge scores by frailty score



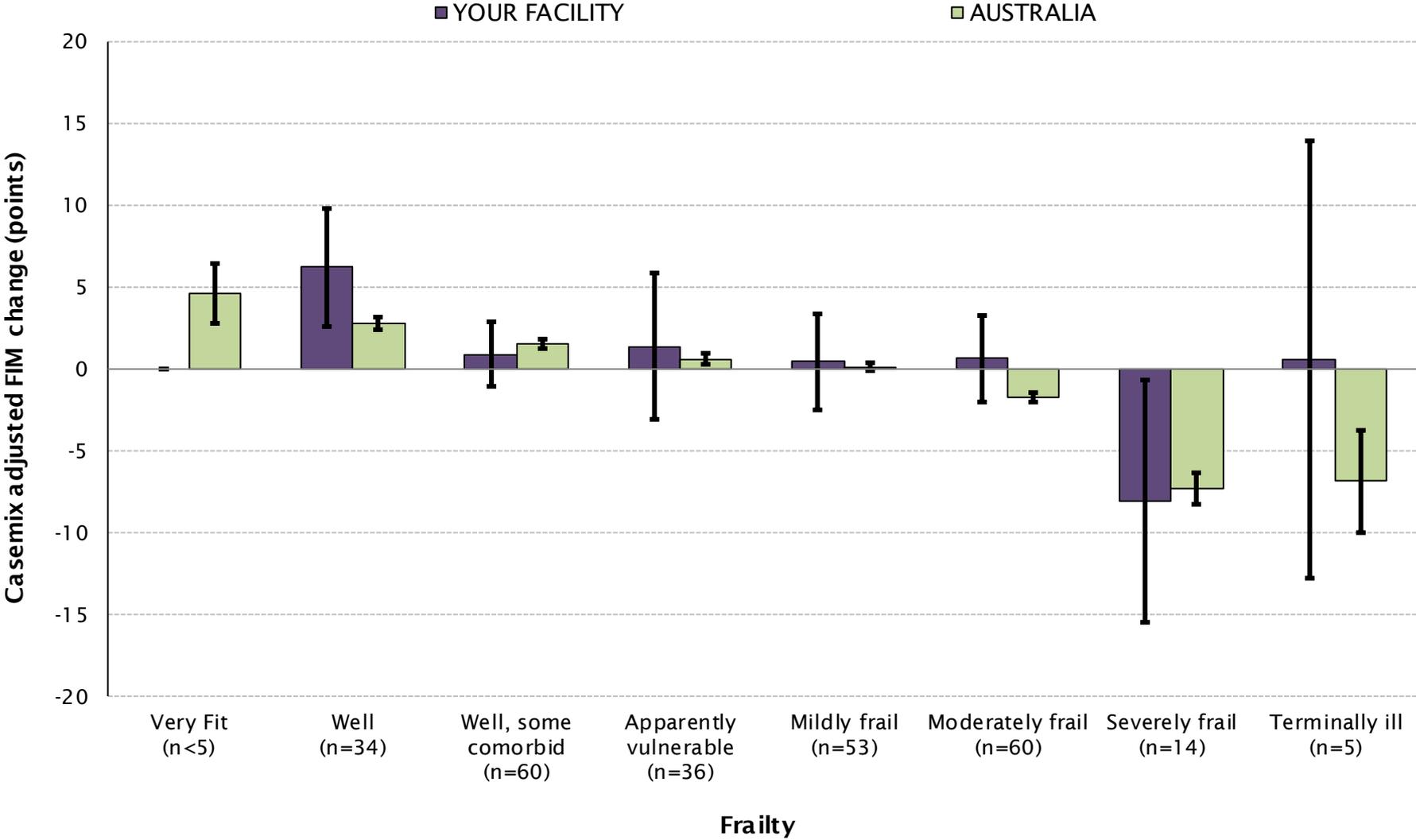
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores

Average FIM change by frailty score



NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores; where n<5 Average FIM change will not be shown

Casemix-adjusted relative mean FIM change by frailty score



NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores; where n<5 CARMI FIM change will not be shown

Casemix-adjusted relative mean and average length of stay and FIM change by frailty score

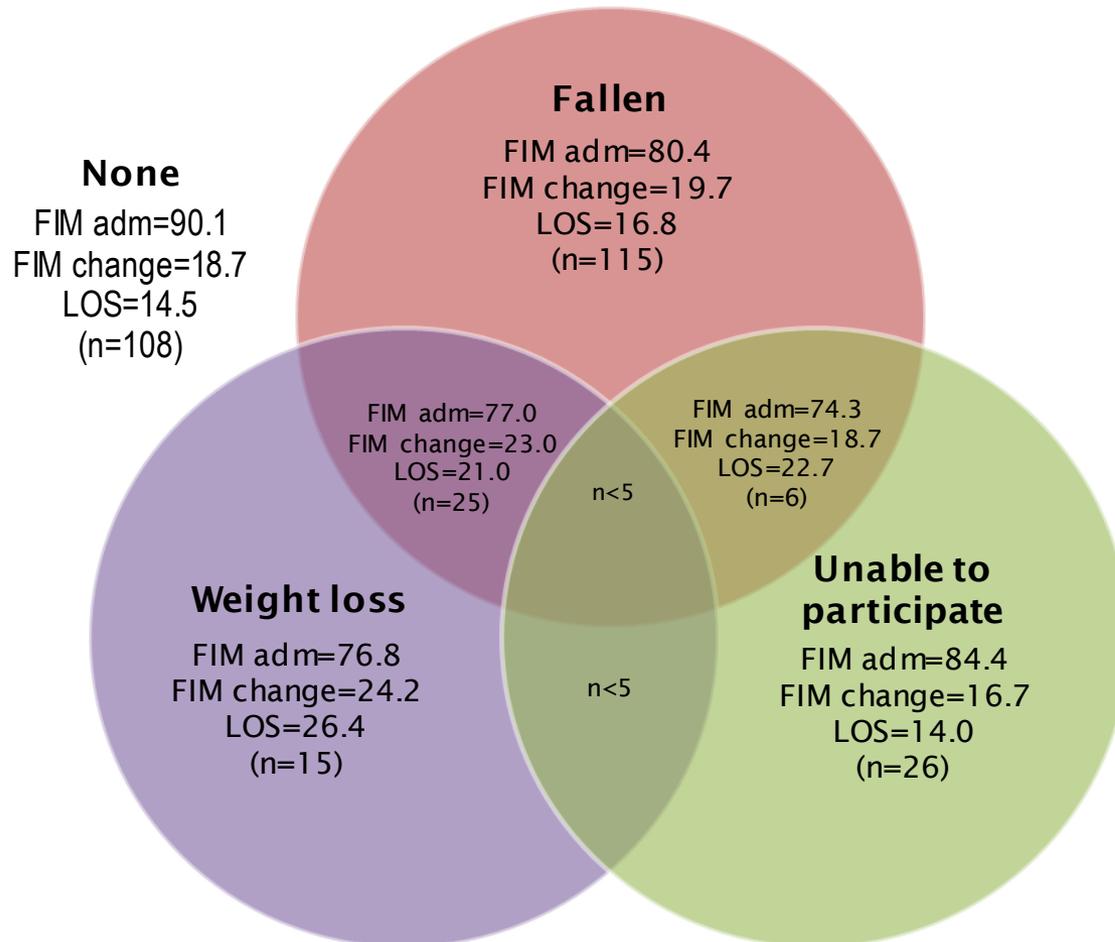


Frailty	YOUR FACILITY				AUSTRALIA			
	CARM1 (95%CI)		Average (95%CI)		Average (95%CI)			
	LOS	FIM change	LOS	FIM change	LOS	FIM change	LOS	FIM change
Very Fit	—	—	—	—	16.5	(13.5 - 19.5)	20.5	(18.2 - 22.8)
Well	-1.1 (-6.7 - 4.5)	6.2 (2.6 - 9.8)	16.2 (8.9 - 23.5)	23.6 (18.6 - 28.6)	14.2 (13.8 - 14.7)	19.2 (18.7 - 19.7)	19.2 (18.7 - 19.7)	19.2 (18.7 - 19.7)
Well, some comorbid	-1.8 (-3.8 - 0.3)	0.9 (-1.1 - 2.9)	14.5 (12.1 - 16.8)	18.2 (15.7 - 20.7)	15.5 (15.2 - 15.8)	18.8 (18.5 - 19.1)	18.8 (18.5 - 19.1)	18.8 (18.5 - 19.1)
Apparently vulnerable	1.4 (-2.1 - 4.9)	1.4 (-3.1 - 5.8)	17.8 (13.8 - 21.7)	19.7 (15.0 - 24.5)	16.7 (16.2 - 17.2)	19.1 (18.6 - 19.5)	19.1 (18.6 - 19.5)	19.1 (18.6 - 19.5)
Mildly frail	-1.2 (-3.5 - 1.1)	0.5 (-2.5 - 3.4)	15.1 (12.7 - 17.5)	18.2 (14.7 - 21.7)	16.2 (15.9 - 16.5)	18.6 (18.3 - 18.9)	18.6 (18.3 - 18.9)	18.6 (18.3 - 18.9)
Moderately frail	0.3 (-2.2 - 2.8)	0.6 (-2.0 - 3.2)	18.1 (15.5 - 20.7)	20.3 (17.5 - 23.1)	18.7 (18.4 - 19.1)	18.6 (18.3 - 18.9)	18.6 (18.3 - 18.9)	18.6 (18.3 - 18.9)
Severely frail	2.9 (-6.8 - 12.5)	-8.1 (-15.5 - -0.7)	26.9 (18.4 - 35.5)	14.6 (6.9 - 22.4)	21.2 (20.2 - 22.1)	15.5 (14.5 - 16.4)	15.5 (14.5 - 16.4)	15.5 (14.5 - 16.4)
Terminally ill	-0.2 (-10.8 - 10.4)	0.6 (-12.8 - 14.0)	16.8 (6.9 - 26.7)	19.8 (9.1 - 30.5)	16.4 (14.7 - 18.1)	13.8 (10.9 - 16.8)	13.8 (10.9 - 16.8)	13.8 (10.9 - 16.8)

NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores and LOS

Average FIM scores and length of stay by reconditioning specific data items – Your facility

YOUR FACILITY

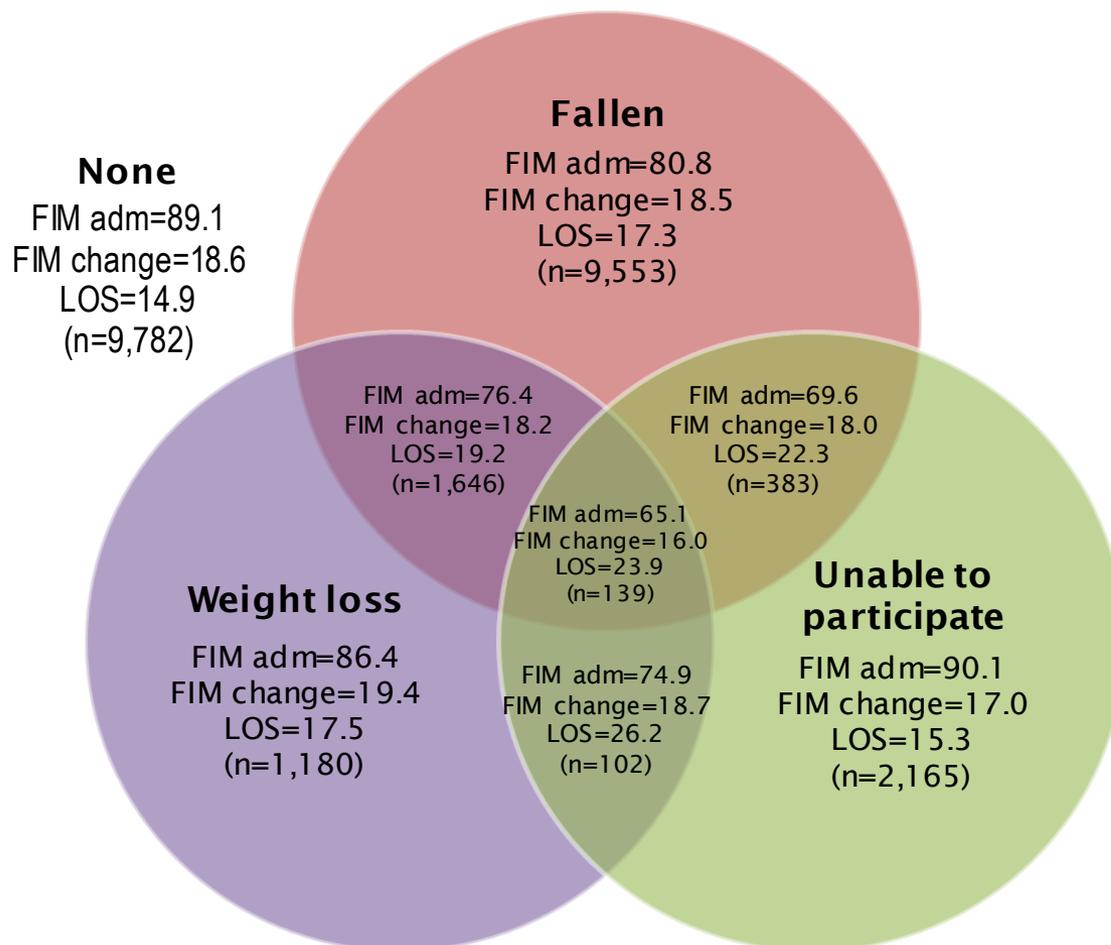


Note: 36 (10.8%) episodes did not record all three items and are excluded from analysis

NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores and LOS

Average FIM scores and length of stay by reconditioning specific data items – National

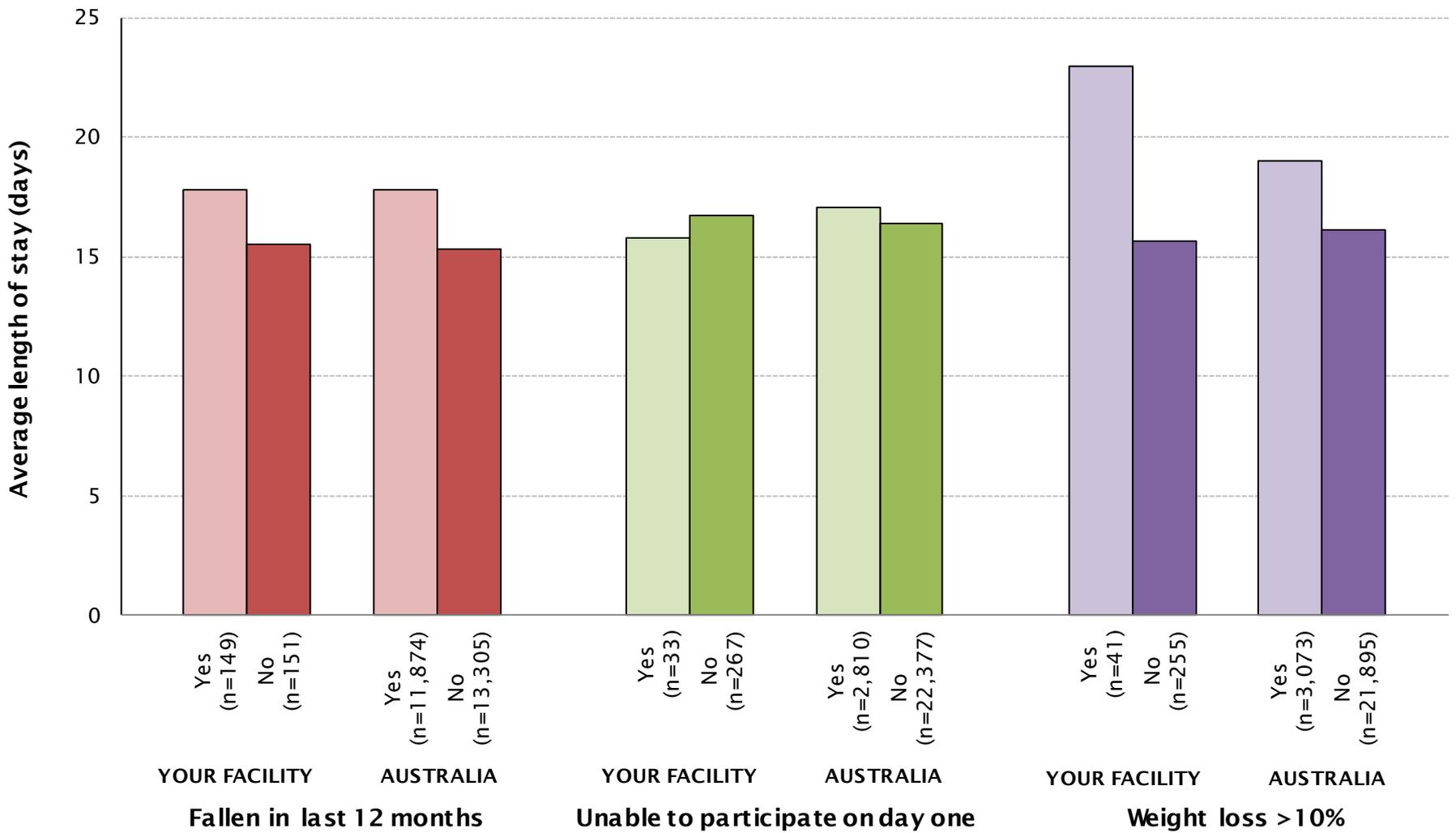
AUSTRALIA



Note: 3,412 (12.0%) episodes did not record all three items and are excluded from analysis

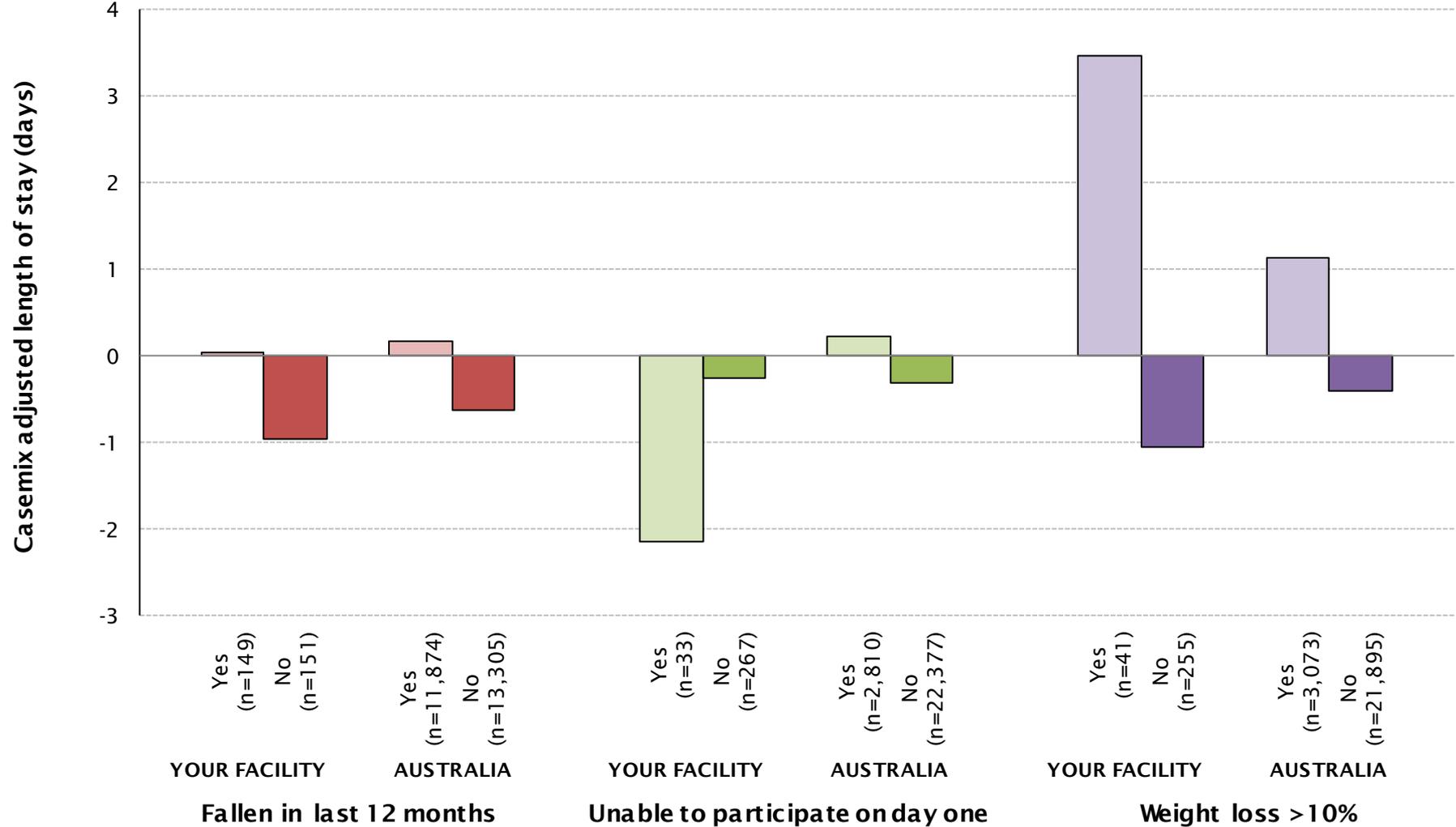
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores and LOS

Average length of stay by reconditioning specific data items



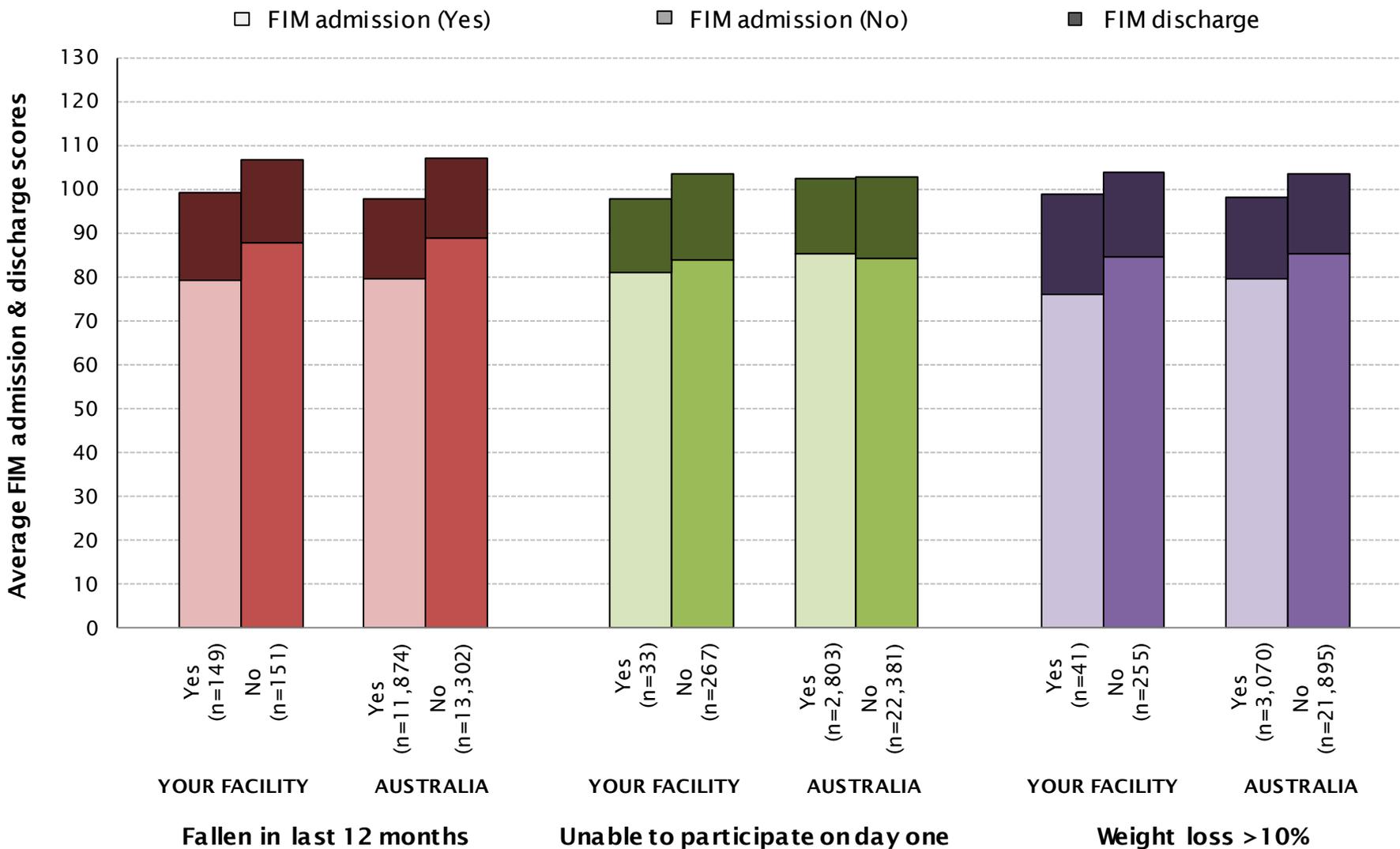
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid LOS

Casemix-adjusted length of stay by reconditioning specific data items



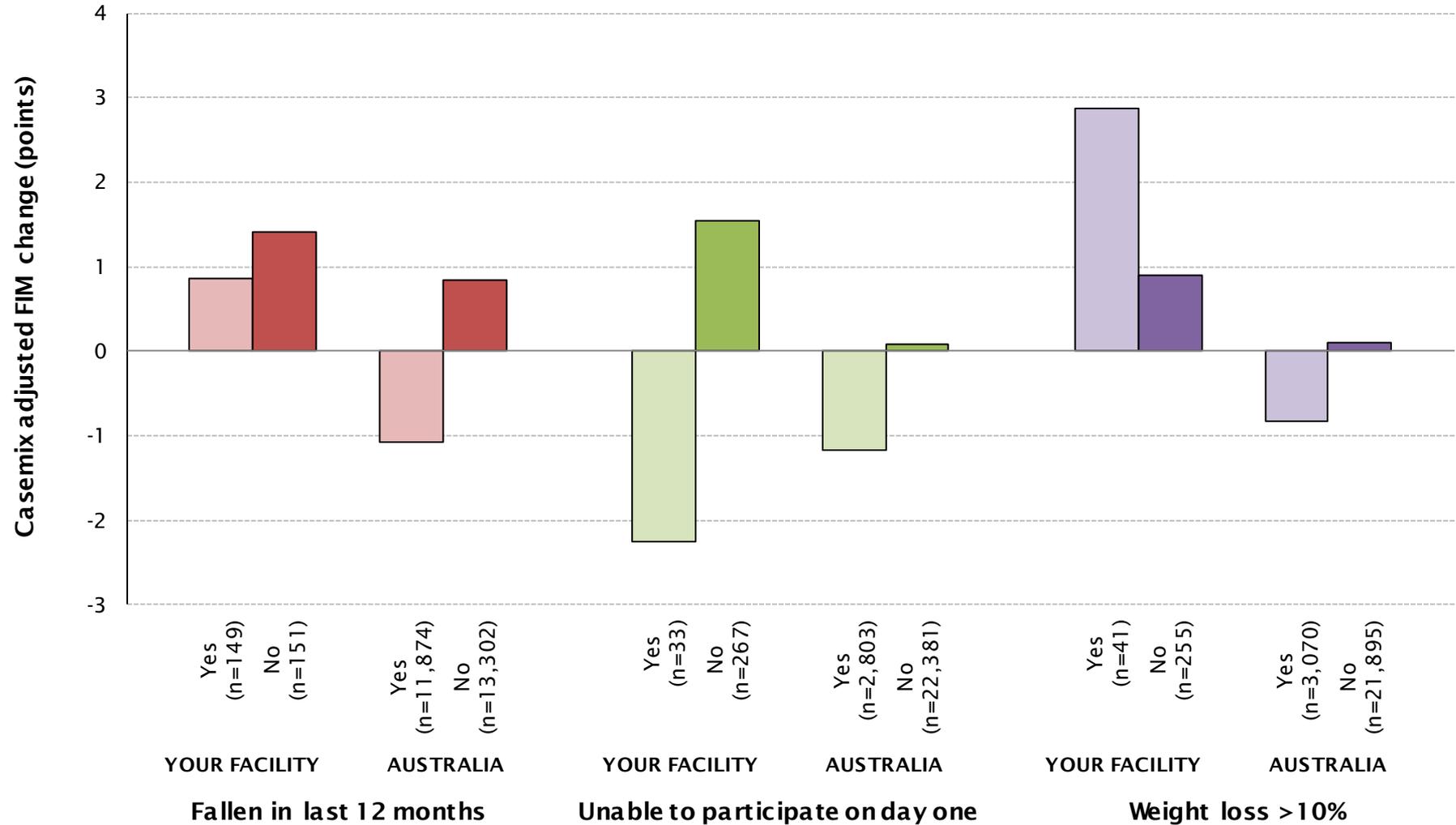
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid LOS

Average FIM scores by reconditioning specific data items



NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores

Casemix-adjusted FIM change by reconditioning specific data items



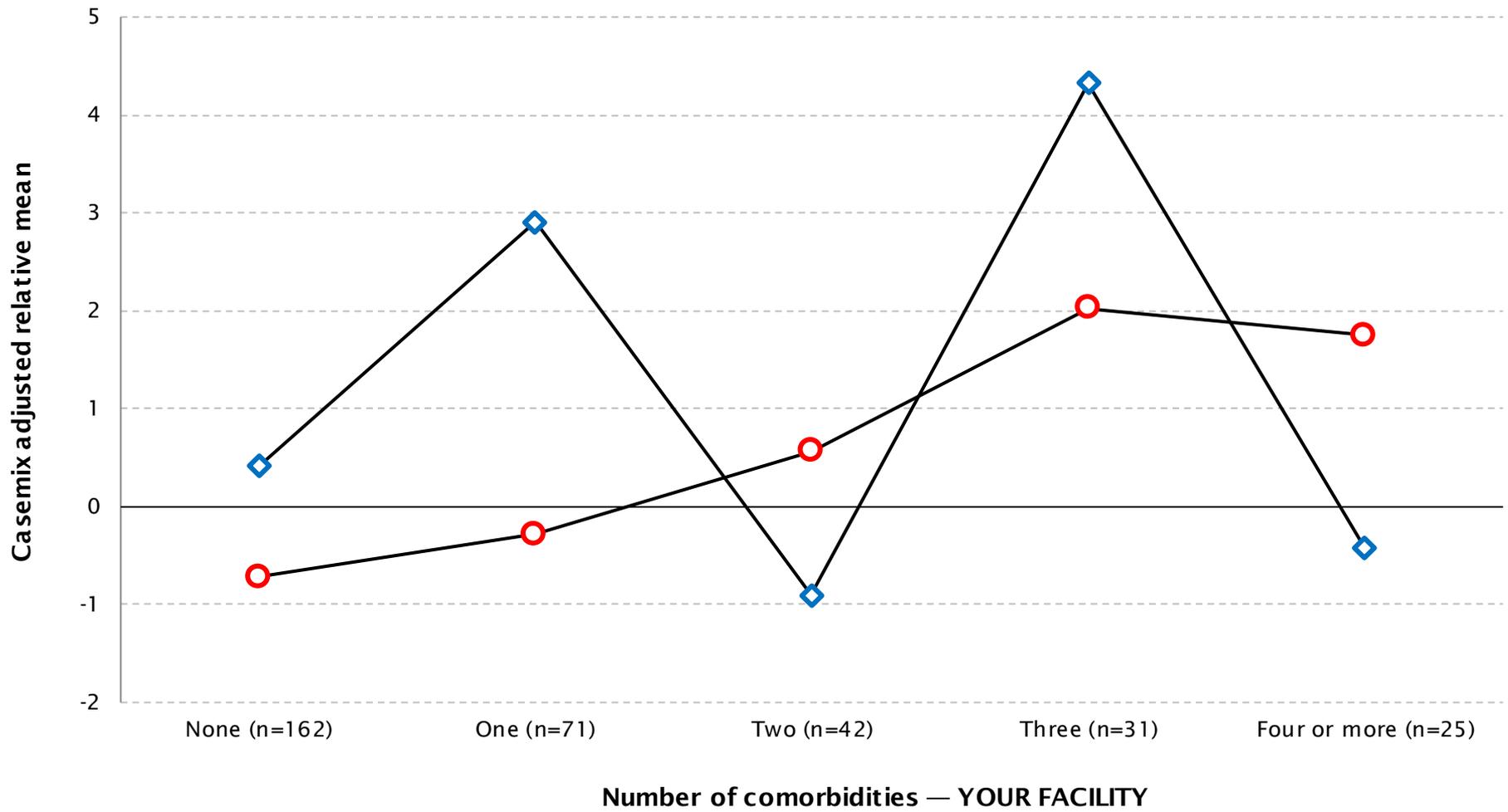
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores

Explanatory data

Casemix-adjusted relative mean length of stay and FIM change by number of comorbidities



—○— Casemix adjusted relative mean length of stay —◇— Casemix adjusted relative mean FIM change

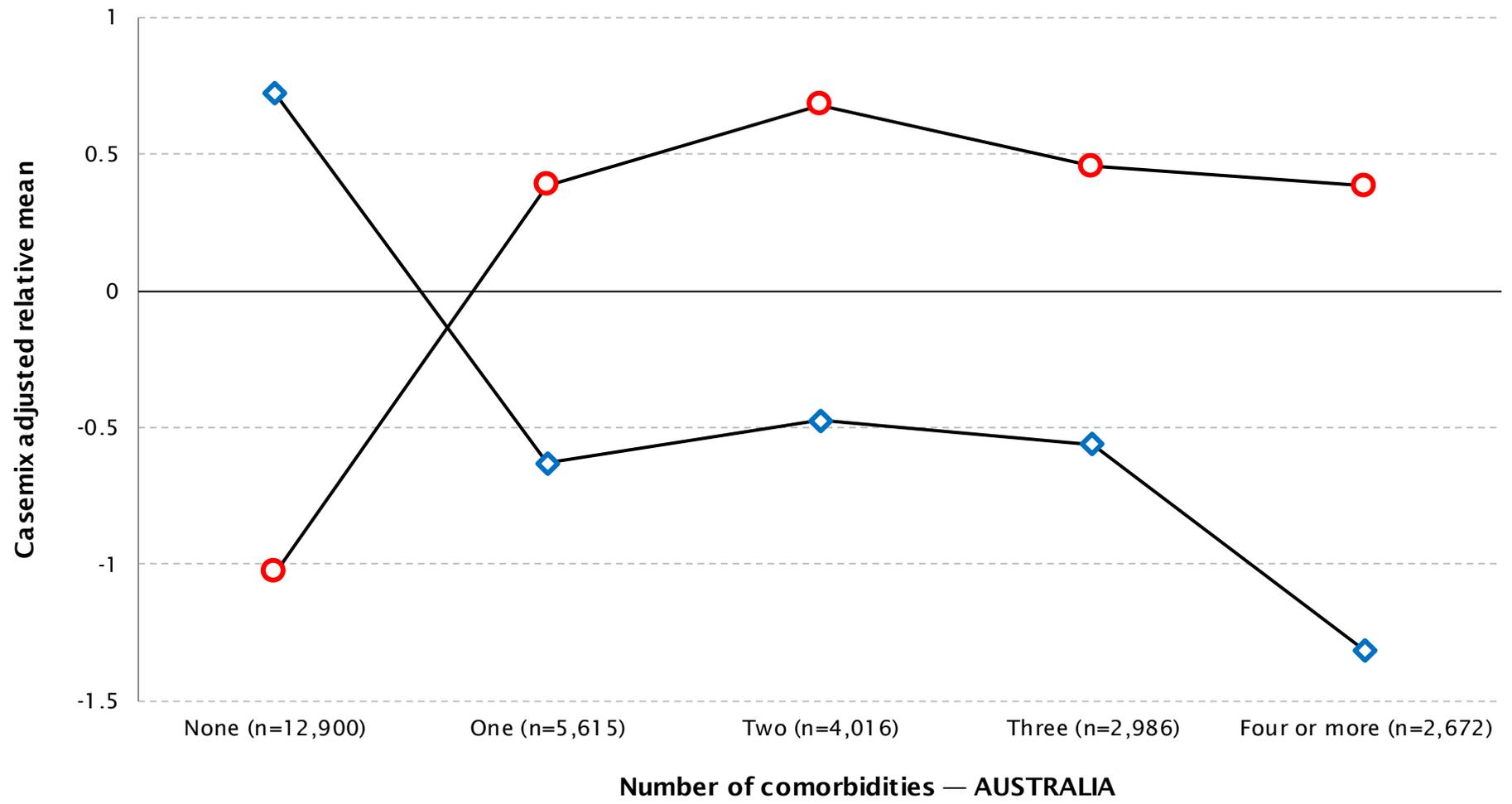


NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores and LOS; where n<5 the casemix-adjusted relative mean will not be shown

Casemix-adjusted relative mean length of stay and FIM change by number of comorbidities

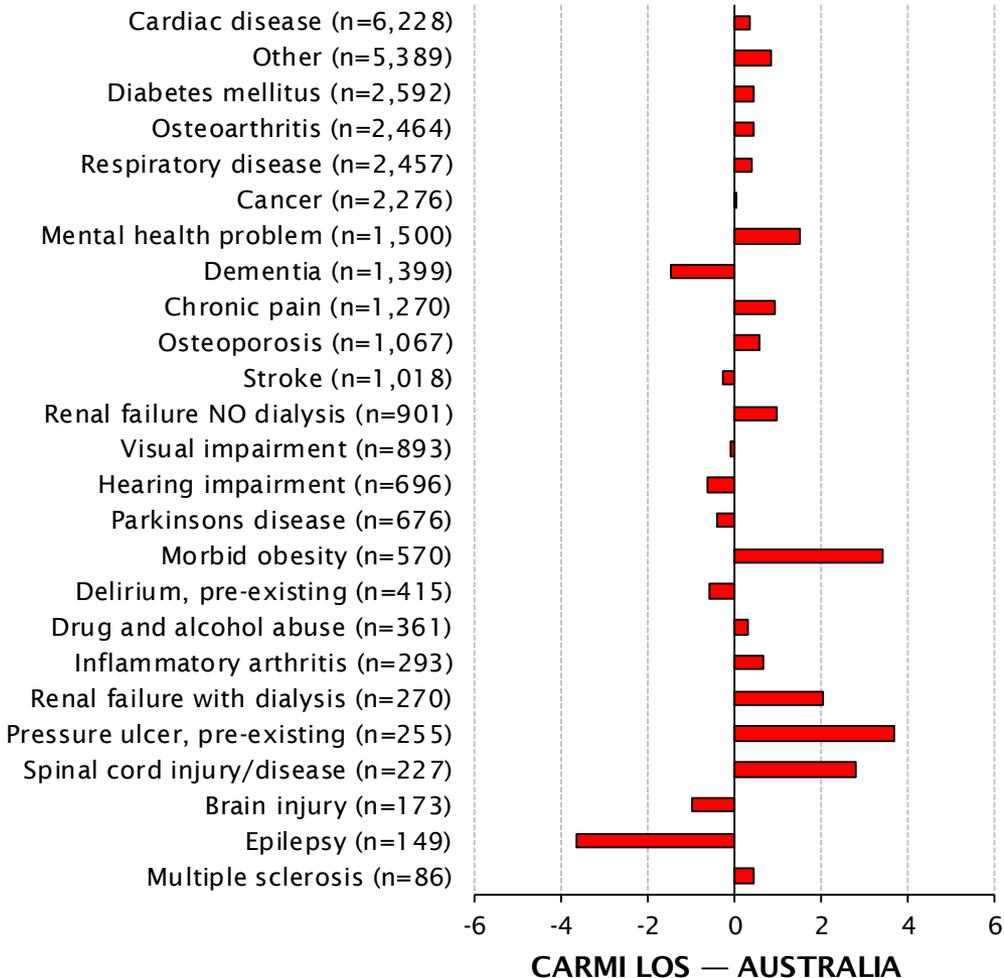
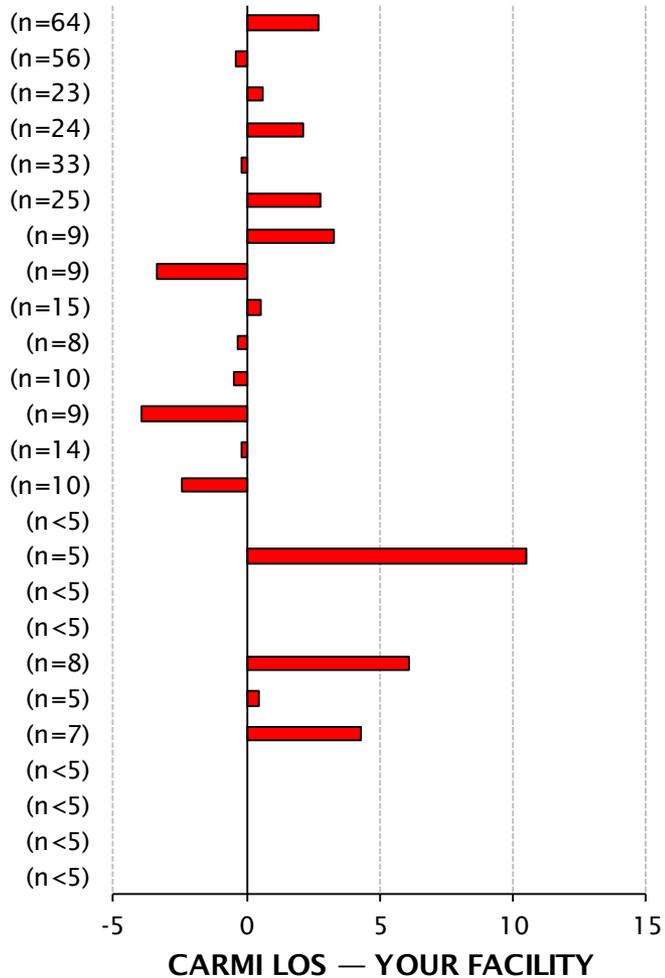


● Casemix adjusted relative mean length of stay
 ◆ Casemix adjusted relative mean FIM change



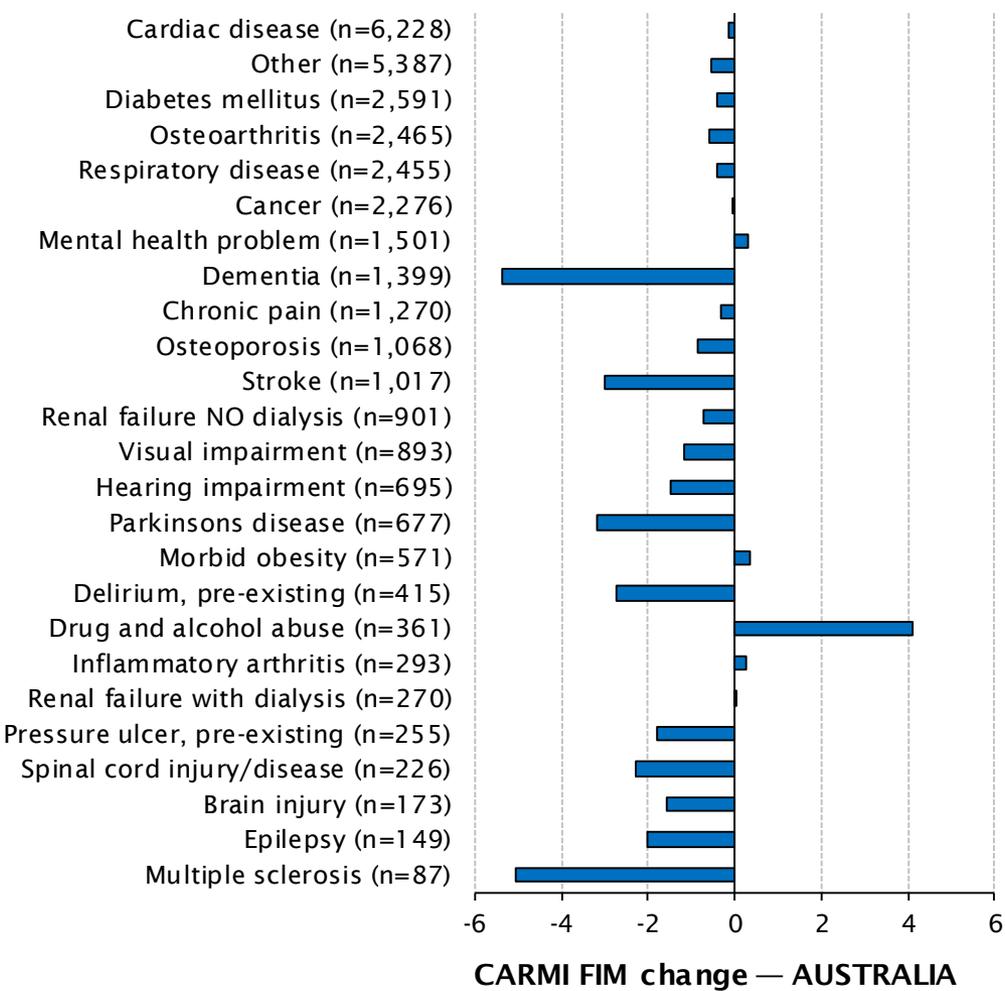
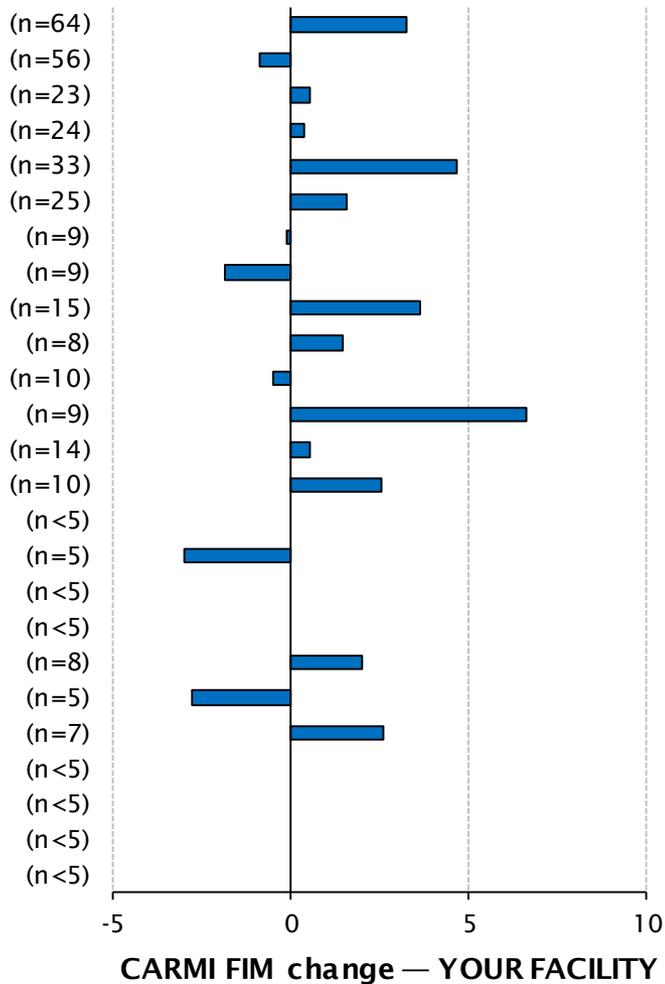
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores and LOS; where n<5 the casemix-adjusted relative mean will not be shown

Casemix-adjusted relative mean length of stay by type of comorbidity



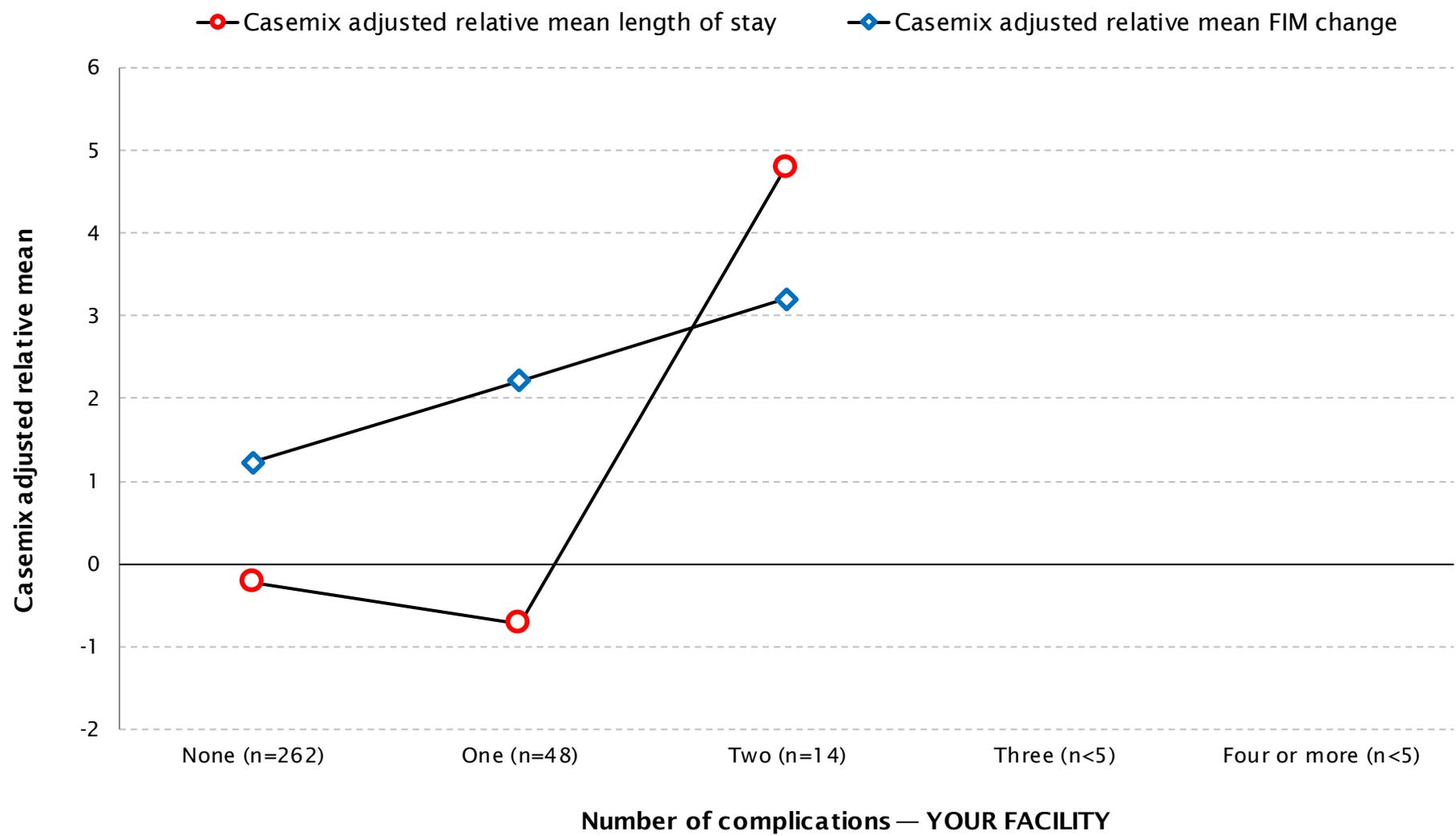
* No data included where number of episodes <5
 NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid LOS

Casemix-adjusted relative mean FIM change by type of comorbidity



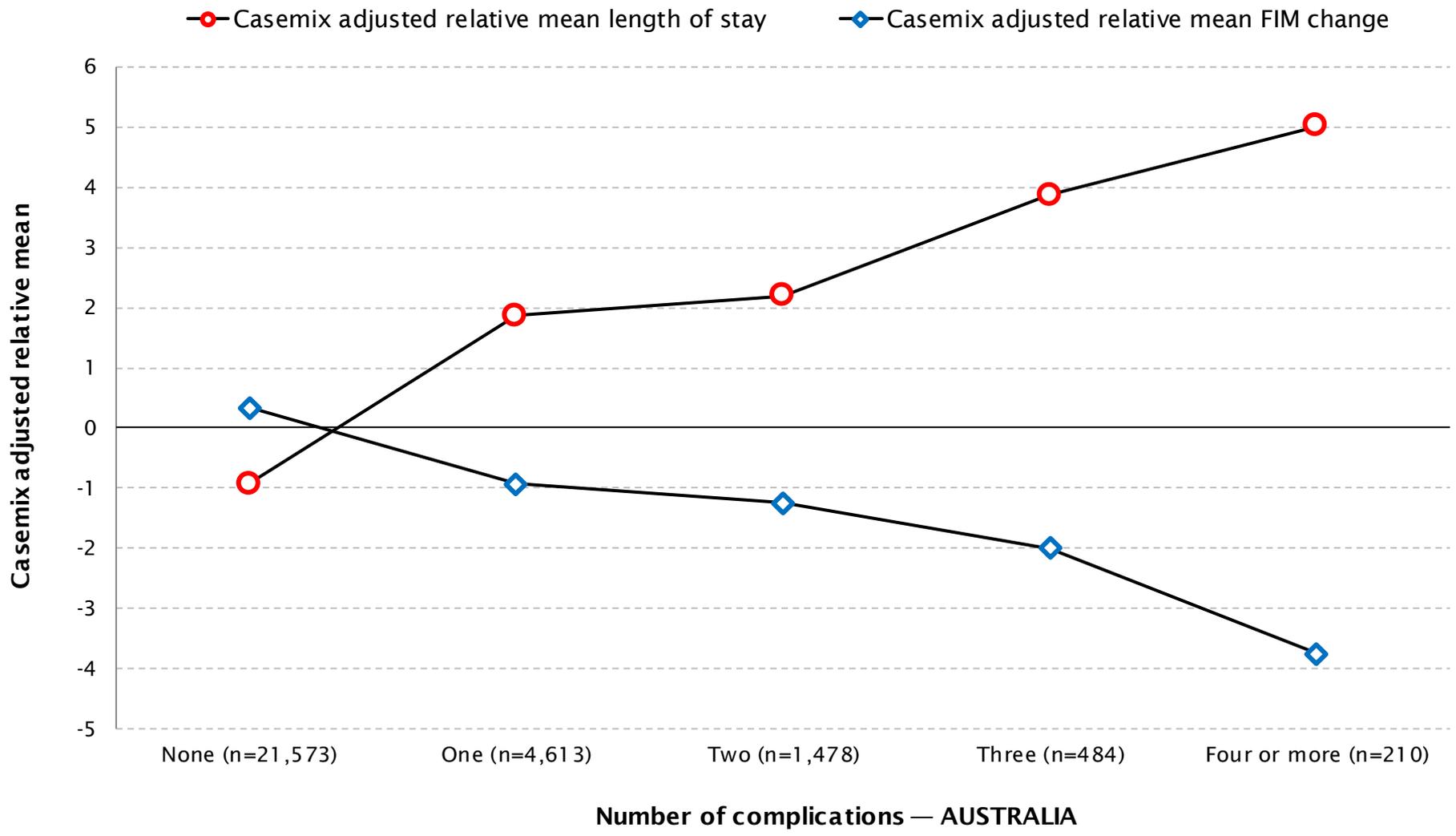
* No data included where number of episodes <5
 NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM score

Casemix-adjusted relative mean length of stay and FIM change by number of complications



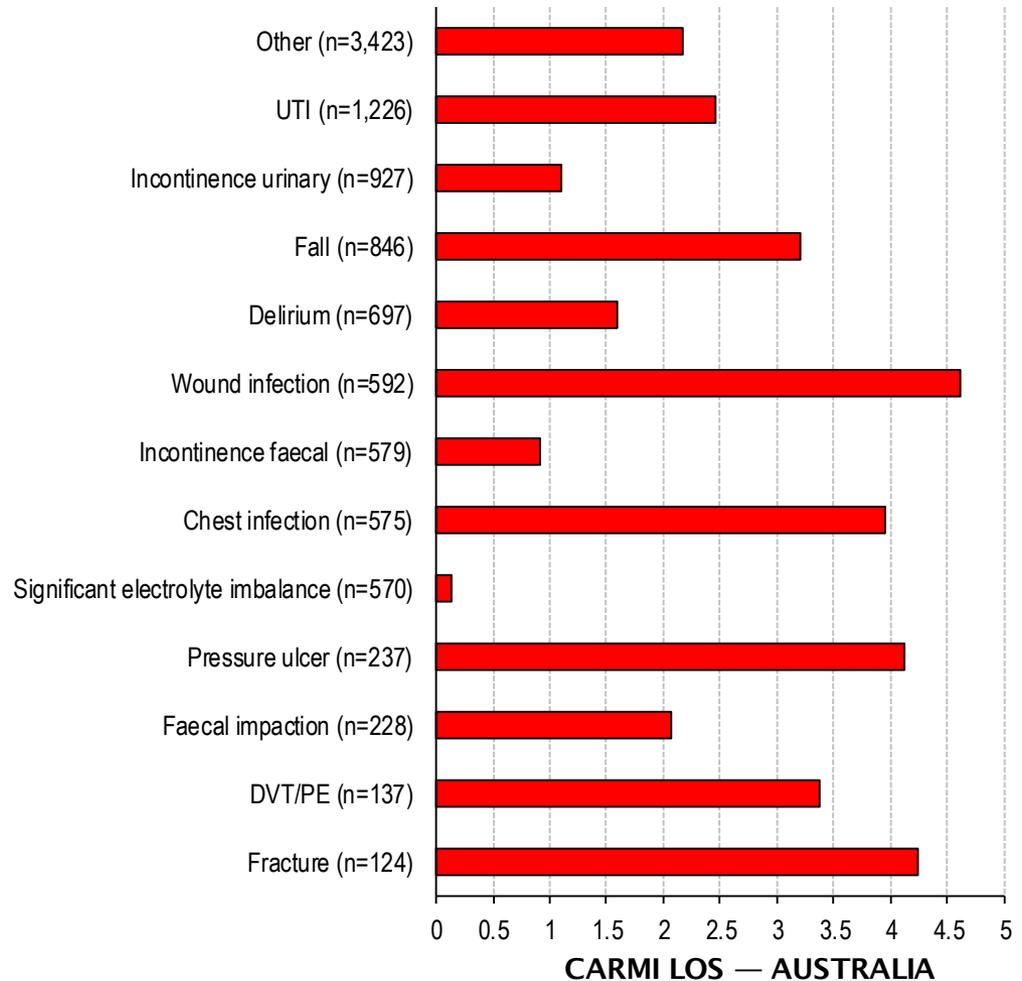
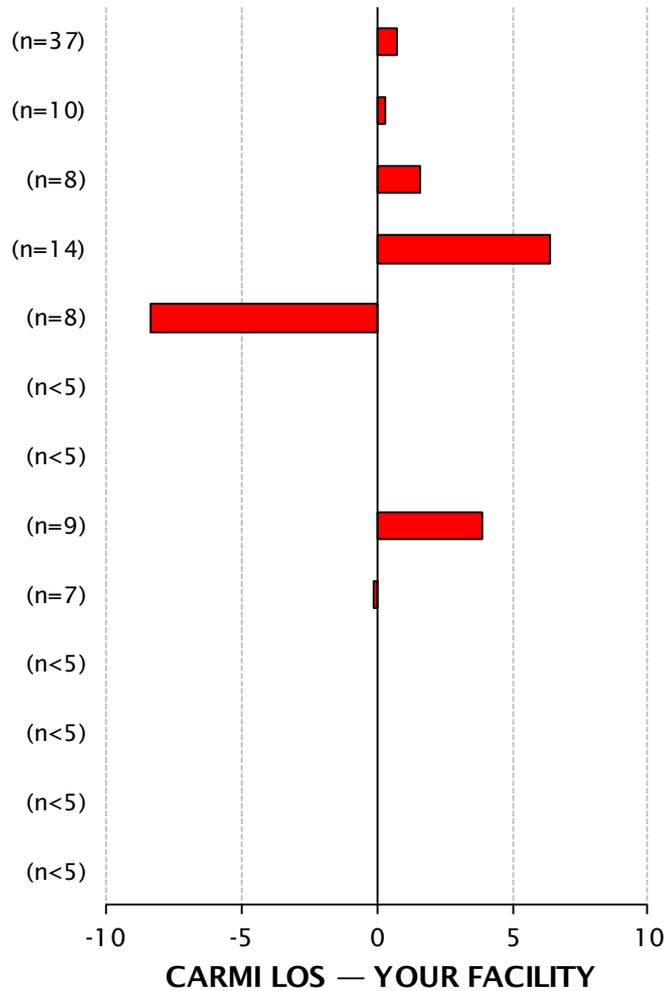
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores and LOS; where n<5 the casemix-adjusted relative mean will not be shown

Casemix-adjusted relative mean length of stay and FIM change by number of complications



NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM scores and LOS; where n<5 the casemix-adjusted relative mean will not be shown

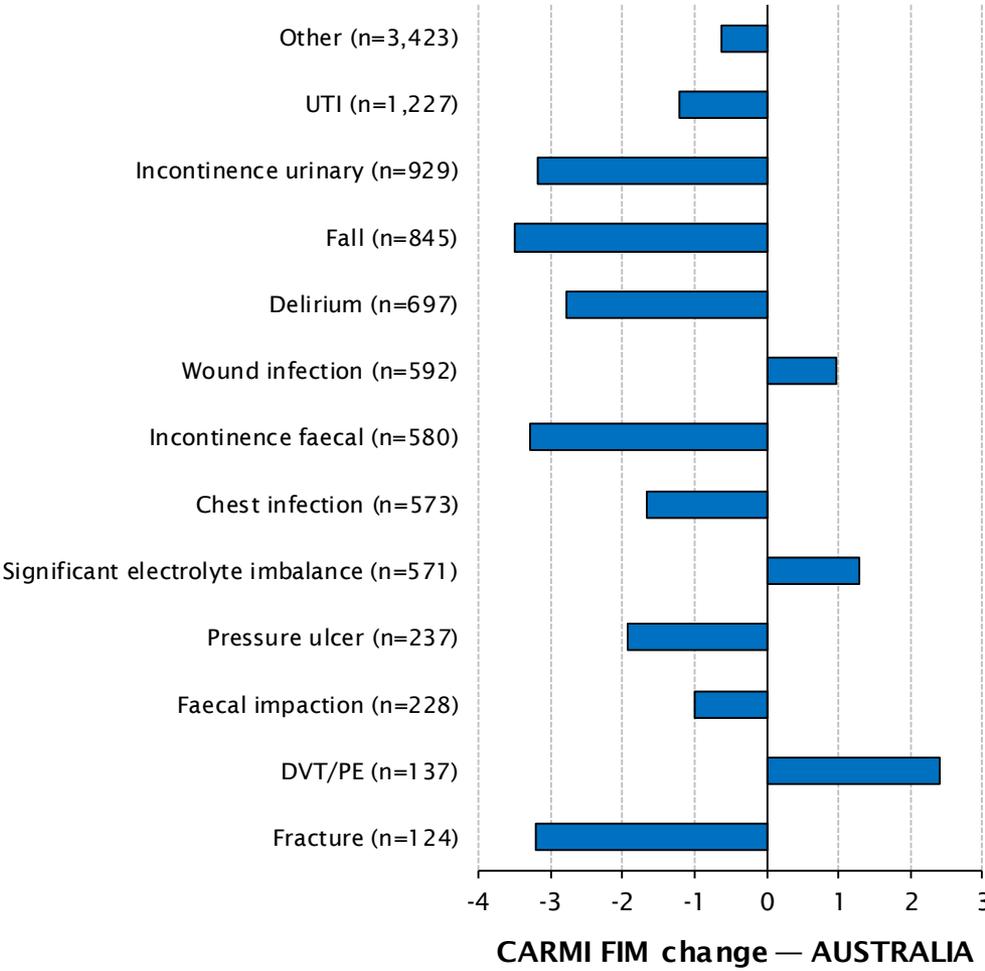
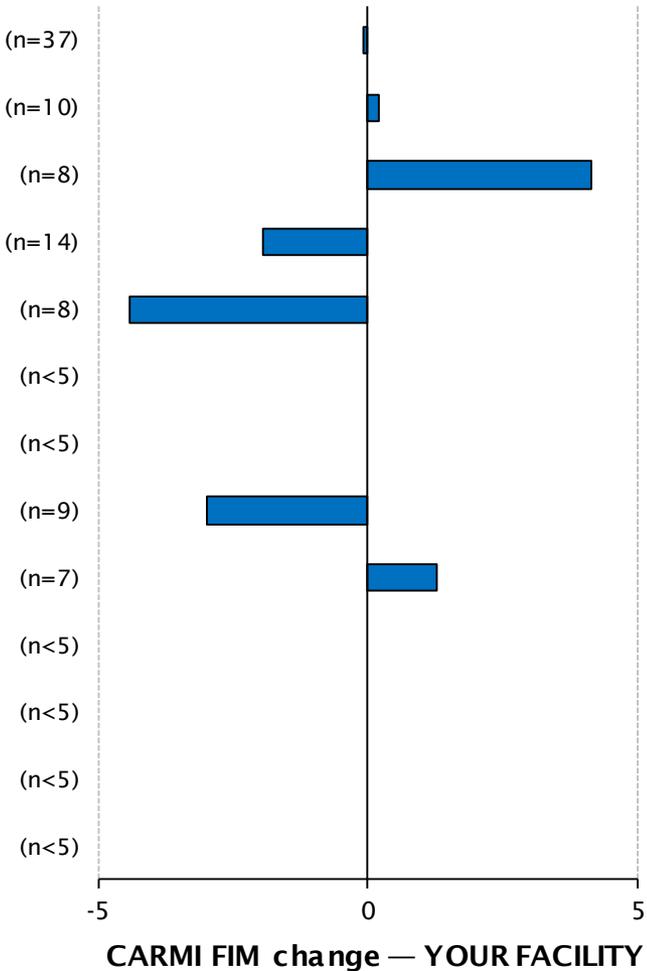
Casemix-adjusted relative mean length of stay by type of complication



* No data included where number of episodes <5

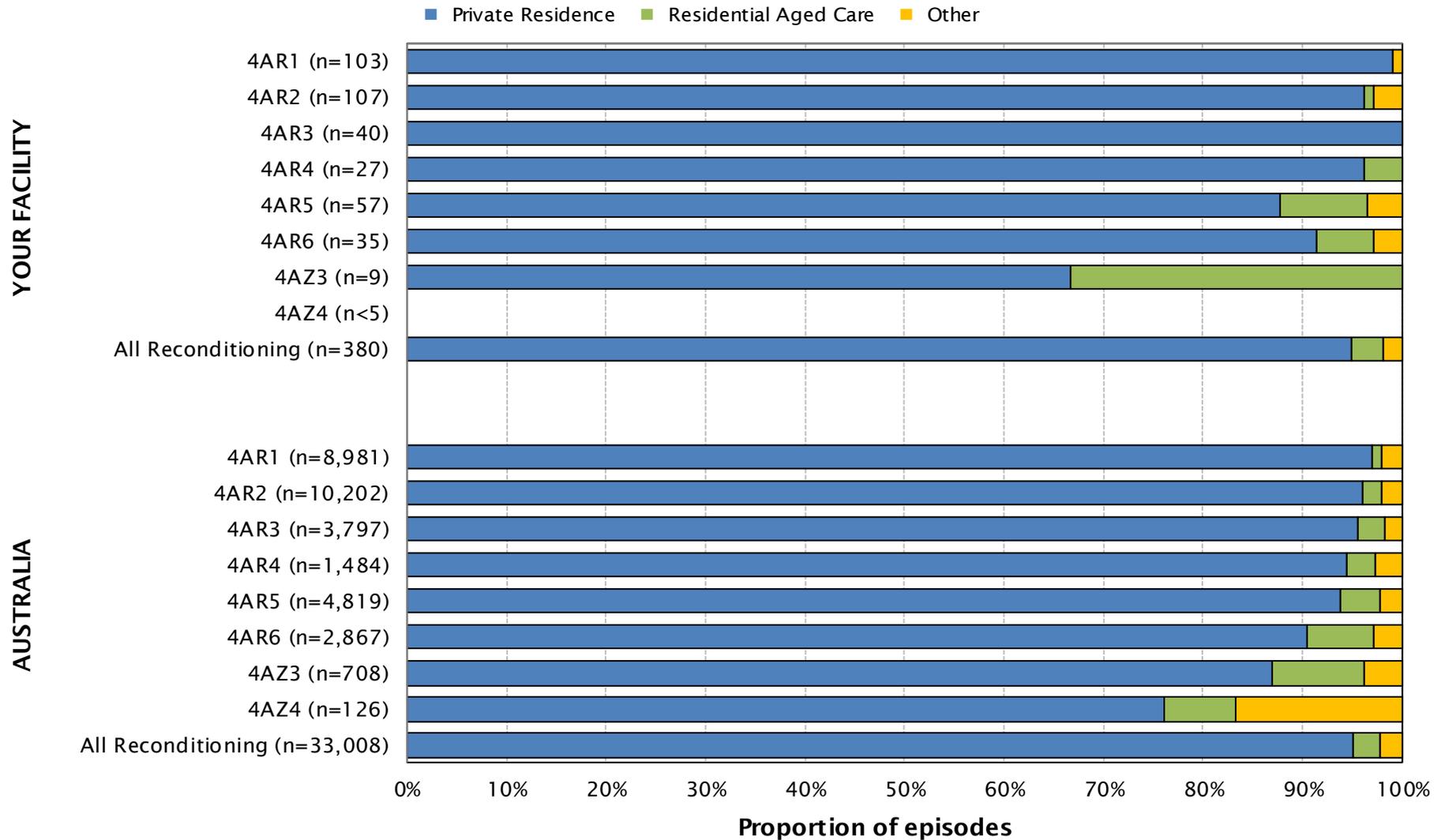
NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid LOS

Casemix-adjusted relative mean FIM change by type of complication

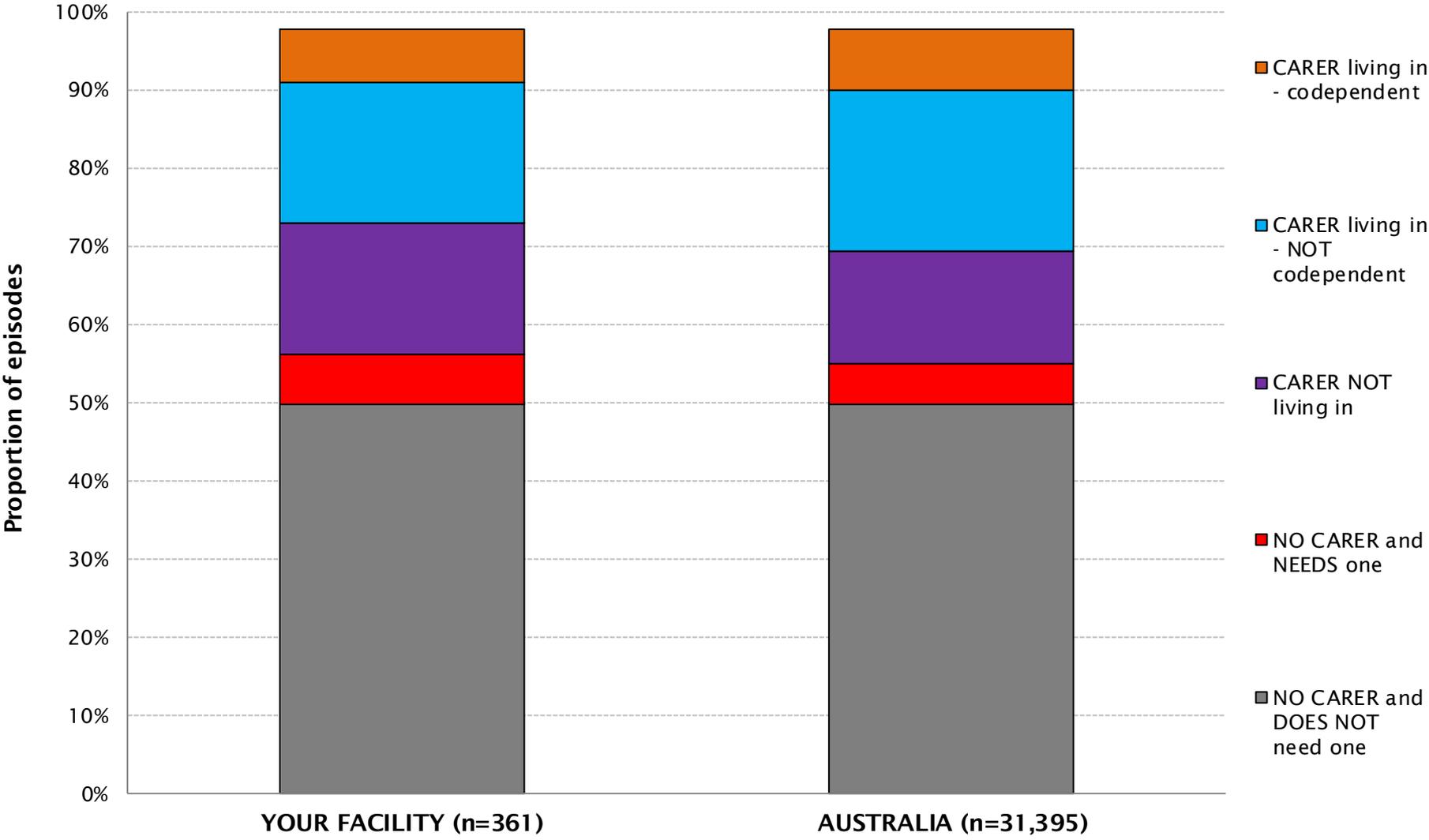


* No data included where number of episodes <5
 NOTE: Includes only completed episodes with valid FIM score

Type of accommodation prior to impairment by AN-SNAP

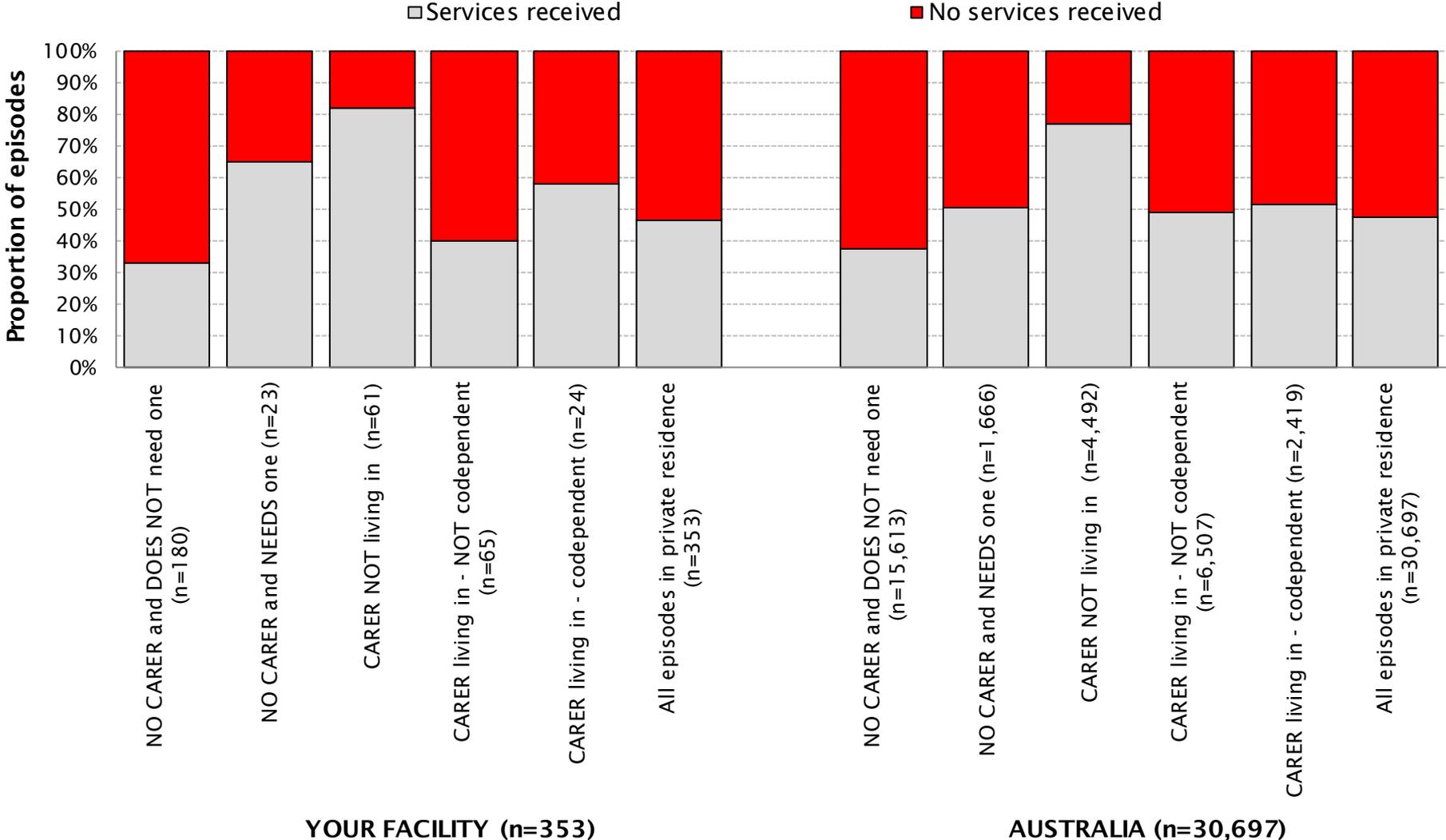


Carer status prior to impairment



NOTE: Includes only those episodes coming from private residence

Any services received prior to impairment by carer status



NOTE: Includes only those episodes coming from private residence and with known carer status and known services status

Carer status and any services received prior to impairment

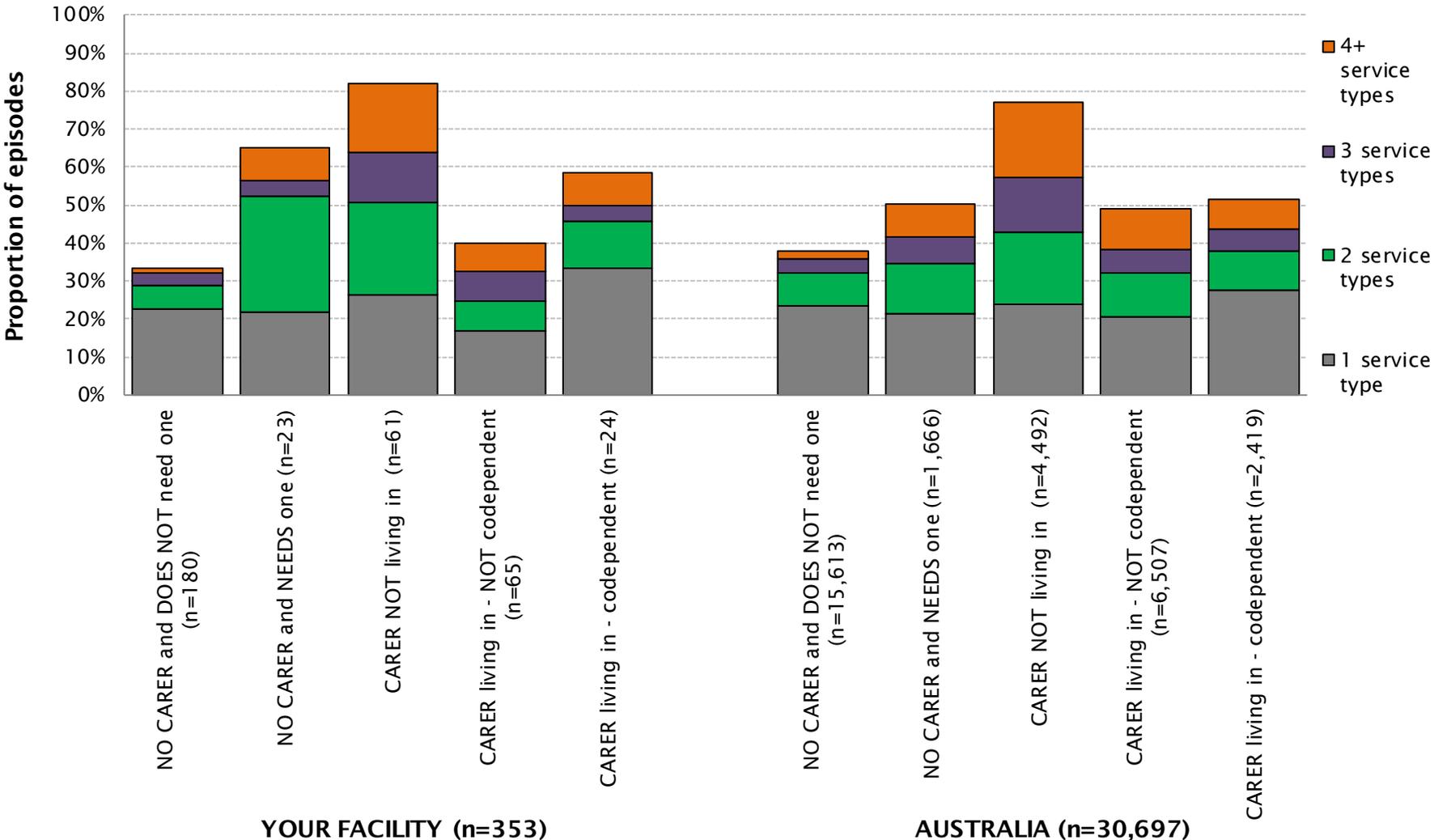


Carer status prior to this impairment	YOUR FACILITY		AUSTRALIA	
	No.	%	No.	%
NO CARER and DOES NOT need one	180	51.0	15,618	50.9
NO CARER and NEEDS one	23	6.5	1,666	5.4
CARER NOT living in	61	17.3	4,493	14.6
CARER living in - NOT codependent	65	18.4	6,510	21.2
CARER living in - codependent	24	6.8	2,419	7.9
Missing	8		689	
All episodes in private residence	361	100.0	31,395	100.0

Any services received prior to this impairment?				
Carer status prior to this impairment	YOUR FACILITY		AUSTRALIA	
	Yes (%)	No (%)	Yes (%)	No (%)
NO CARER and DOES NOT need one	33.3	66.7	37.7	62.3
NO CARER and NEEDS one	65.2	34.8	50.4	49.6
CARER NOT living in	82.0	18.0	77.0	23.0
CARER living in - NOT codependent	40.0	60.0	49.0	51.0
CARER living in - codependent	58.3	41.7	51.4	48.6
All episodes in private residence	46.7	53.3	47.6	52.4

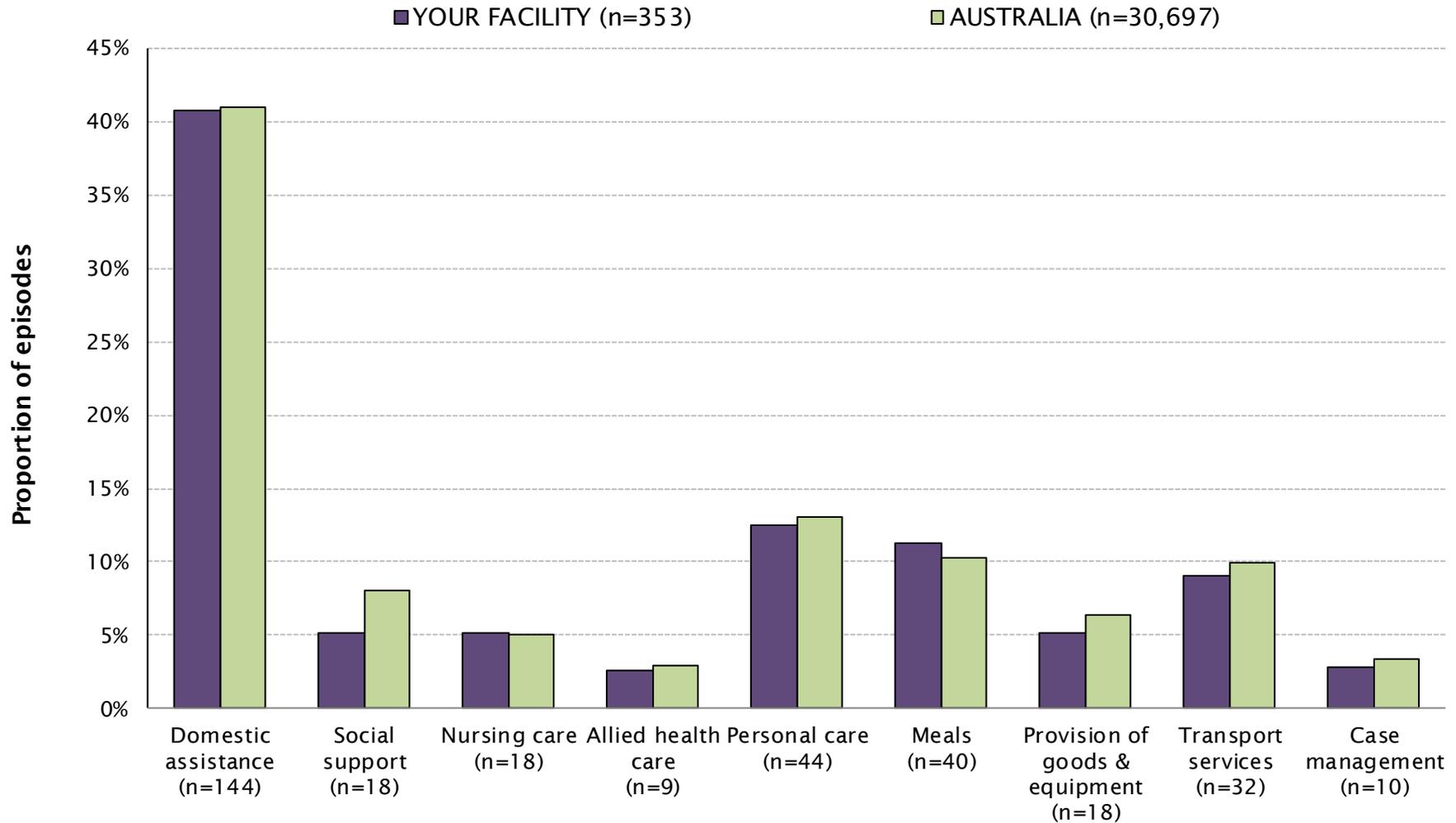
NOTE: Includes only those episodes coming from private residence and with known carer status

Number of services received prior to impairment by carer status



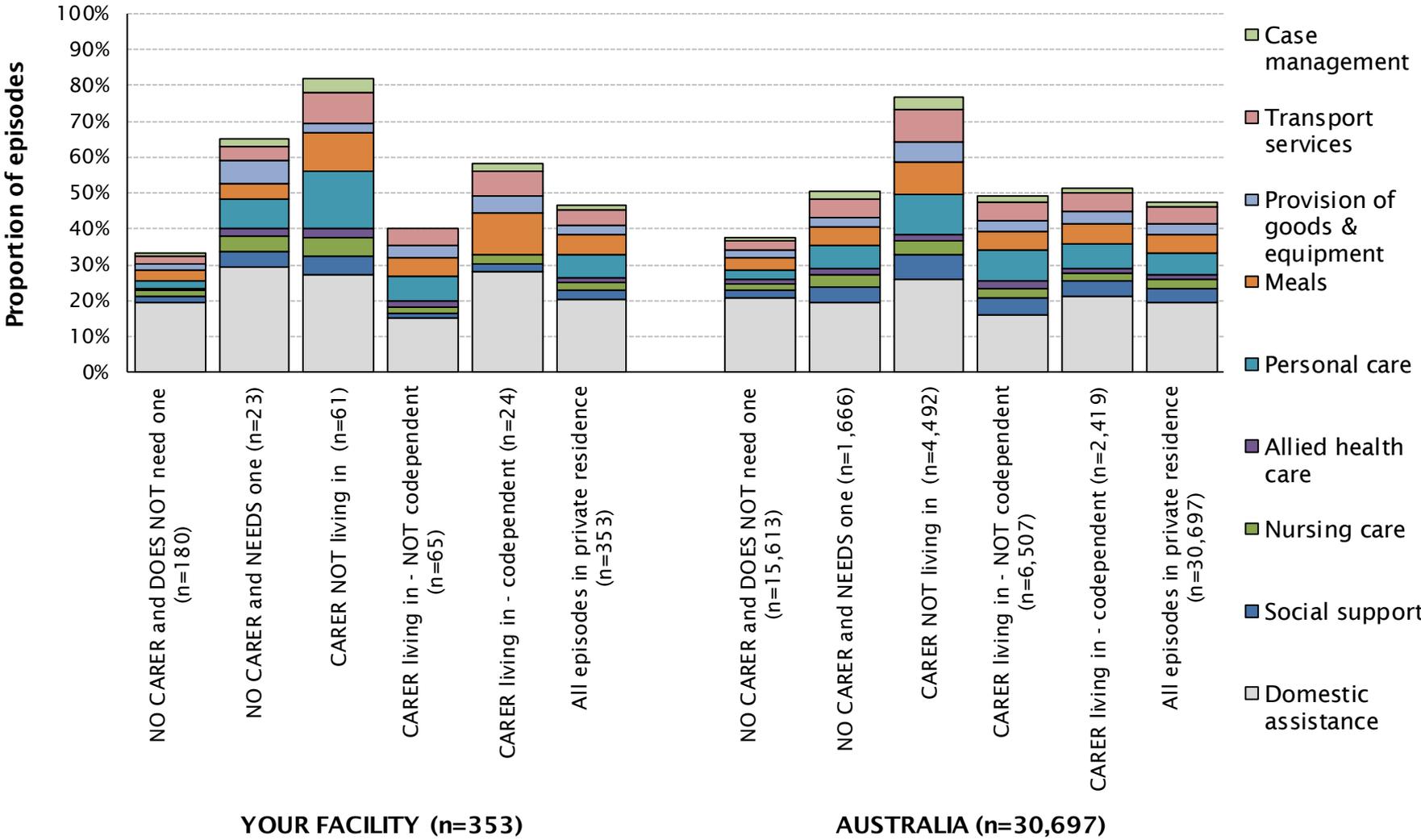
NOTE: Includes only those episodes coming from private residence and with known carer status and known services status

Type of services received prior to impairment



NOTE: Includes only those episodes coming from private residence and with known carer status and known services status

Type of services received prior to impairment by carer status



NOTE: Includes only those episodes coming from private residence and with known carer status and known services status

Number and type of services received prior to impairment by carer status



Services received prior to this impairment	Carer status prior to discharge - YOUR FACILITY						All episodes in private residence
	NO CARER and DOES NOT need one	NO CARER and NEEDS one	CARER NOT living in	CARER living in - NOT codependent	CARER living in - codependent		
Number of episodes in private residence	180	23	61	65	24	353	
Percent of episodes receiving:							
No services	66.7	34.8	18.0	60.0	41.7	53.3	
1 service type	22.8	21.7	26.2	16.9	33.3	22.9	
2 service types	6.1	30.4	24.6	7.7	12.5	11.6	
3 service types	3.3	4.3	13.1	7.7	4.2	5.9	
4 or more service types	1.1	8.7	18.0	7.7	8.3	6.2	
Service Type received							
Domestic assistance	29.4	60.9	68.9	35.4	50.0	40.8	
Social support	2.8	8.7	13.1	3.1	4.2	5.1	
Nursing care	2.8	8.7	13.1	3.1	4.2	5.1	
Allied health care	0.6	4.3	6.6	4.6	0.0	2.5	
Personal care	3.3	17.4	39.3	15.4	0.0	12.5	
Meals	4.4	8.7	27.9	12.3	20.8	11.3	
Provision of goods & equipment	2.2	13.0	6.6	7.7	8.3	5.1	
Transport services	3.9	8.7	21.3	10.8	12.5	9.1	
Case management	1.1	4.3	9.8	0.0	4.2	2.8	

NOTE: Includes only those episodes coming from private residence and with known carer status and known services status

Number and type of services received prior to impairment by carer status



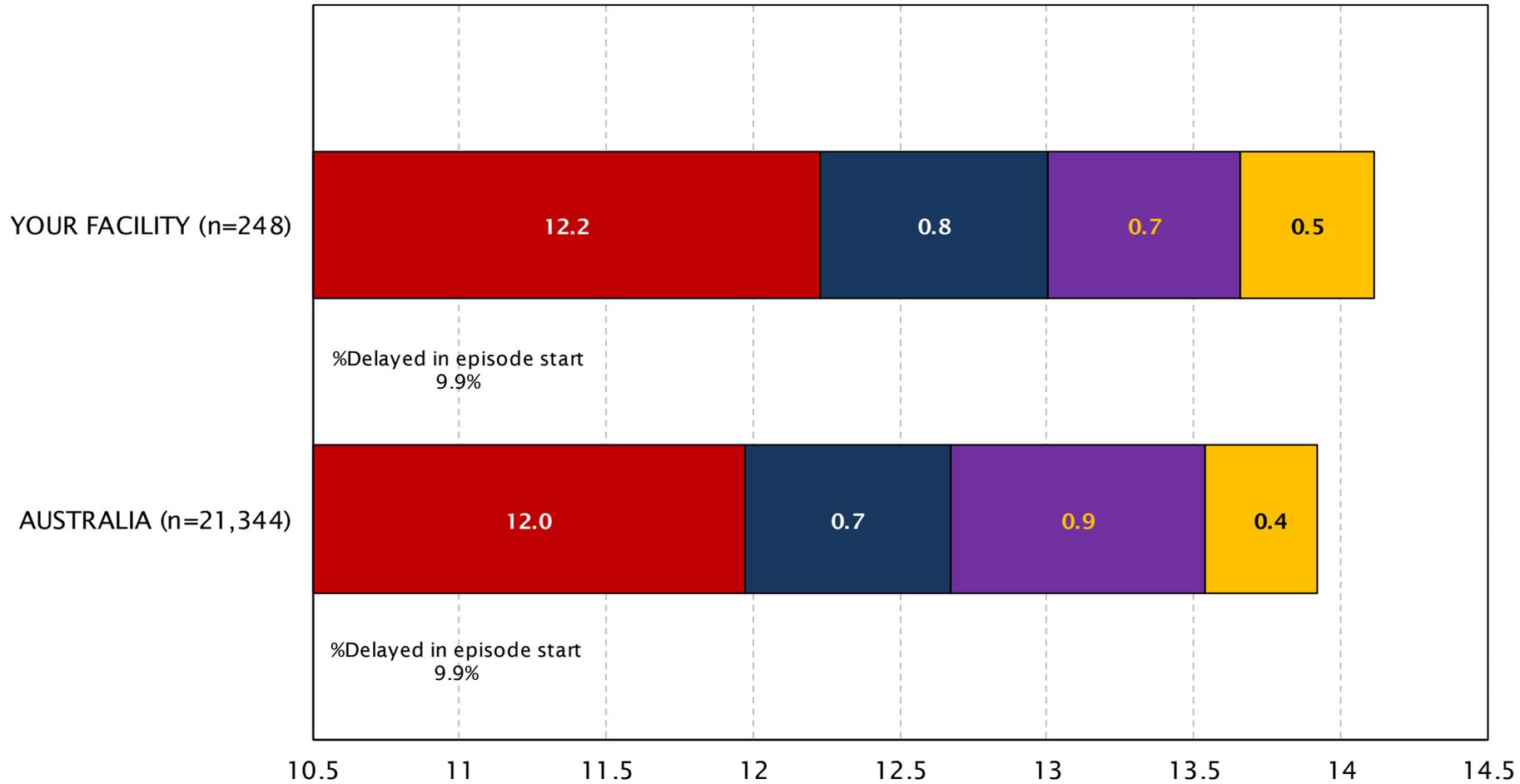
Carer status prior to discharge - AUSTRALIA						
Services received prior to this impairment	NO CARER and DOES NOT need one	NO CARER and NEEDS one	CARER NOT living in	CARER living in - NOT codependent	CARER living in - codependent	All episodes in private residence
Number of episodes in private residence	15,613	1,666	4,492	6,507	2,419	30,697
Percent of episodes receiving:						
No services	62.3	49.6	23.0	51.0	48.6	52.4
1 service type	23.2	21.5	23.9	20.5	27.5	23.0
2 service types	8.8	12.9	18.9	11.4	10.5	11.2
3 service types	3.6	7.3	14.5	6.5	5.7	6.2
4 or more service types	2.1	8.6	19.6	10.5	7.6	7.2
Service Type received						
Domestic assistance	33.8	42.7	68.3	38.3	42.0	40.9
Social support	3.7	9.5	18.2	11.0	8.4	8.0
Nursing care	2.7	7.7	10.3	6.6	4.8	5.1
Allied health care	1.7	3.2	4.8	4.7	2.6	2.9
Personal care	4.8	14.0	29.8	20.5	13.6	13.0
Meals	5.3	11.9	23.6	12.1	10.6	10.2
Provision of goods & equipment	3.4	5.6	15.2	7.1	7.2	6.3
Transport services	4.6	11.2	24.0	12.6	9.9	9.9
Case management	1.4	4.3	9.3	4.0	2.8	3.4

NOTE: Includes only those episodes coming from private residence and with known carer status and known services status

Days from referral to rehabilitation episode start



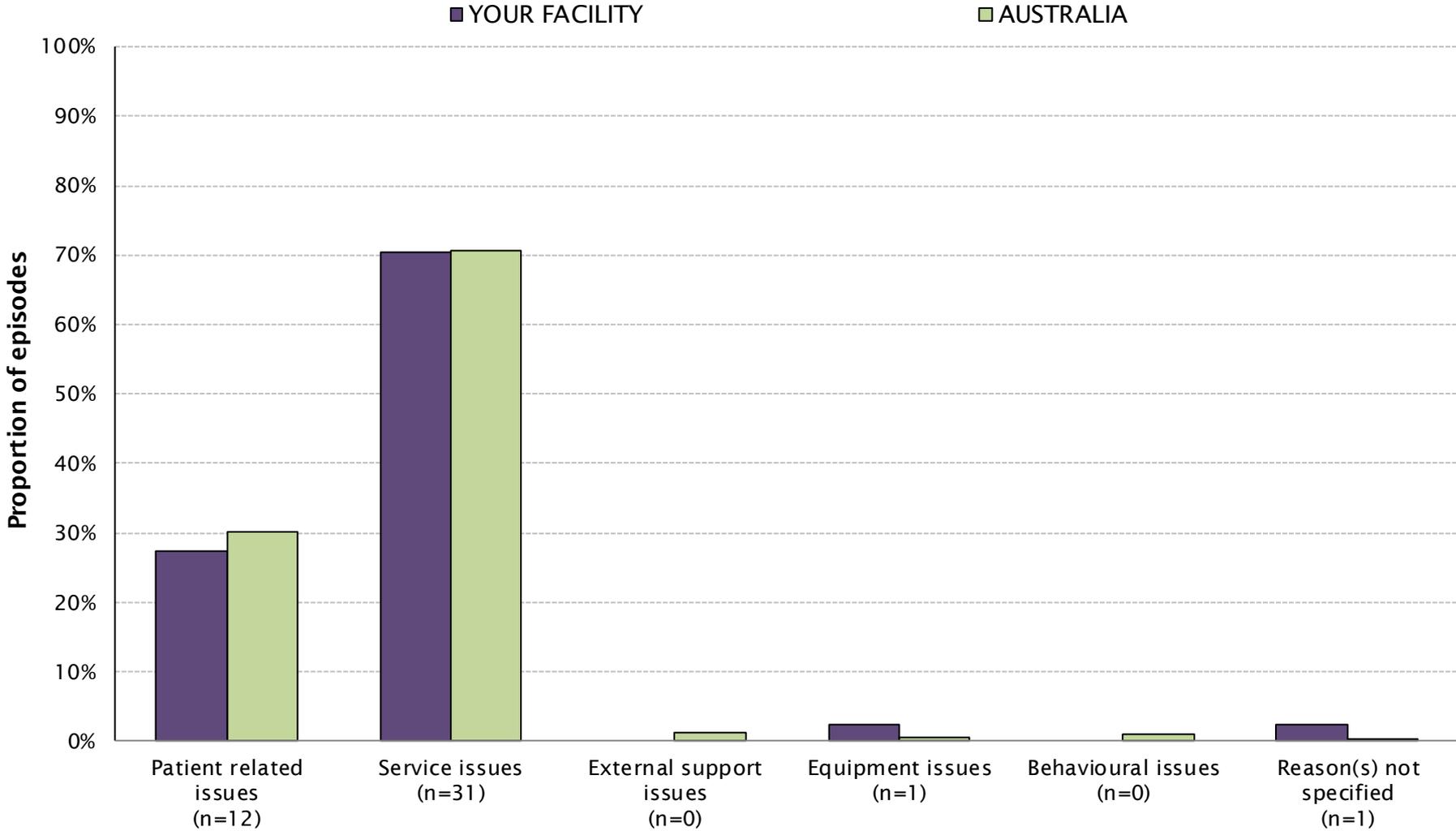
- Injury to Referral
- Referral to assessment
- Assessment to clinically rehab ready
- Clinically rehab ready to rehab episode start



*No data provided when less than 5 episodes have dates
 NOTE: Includes first admission episodes where all dates have been entered

Average number of days between dates

Type of delay in episode start



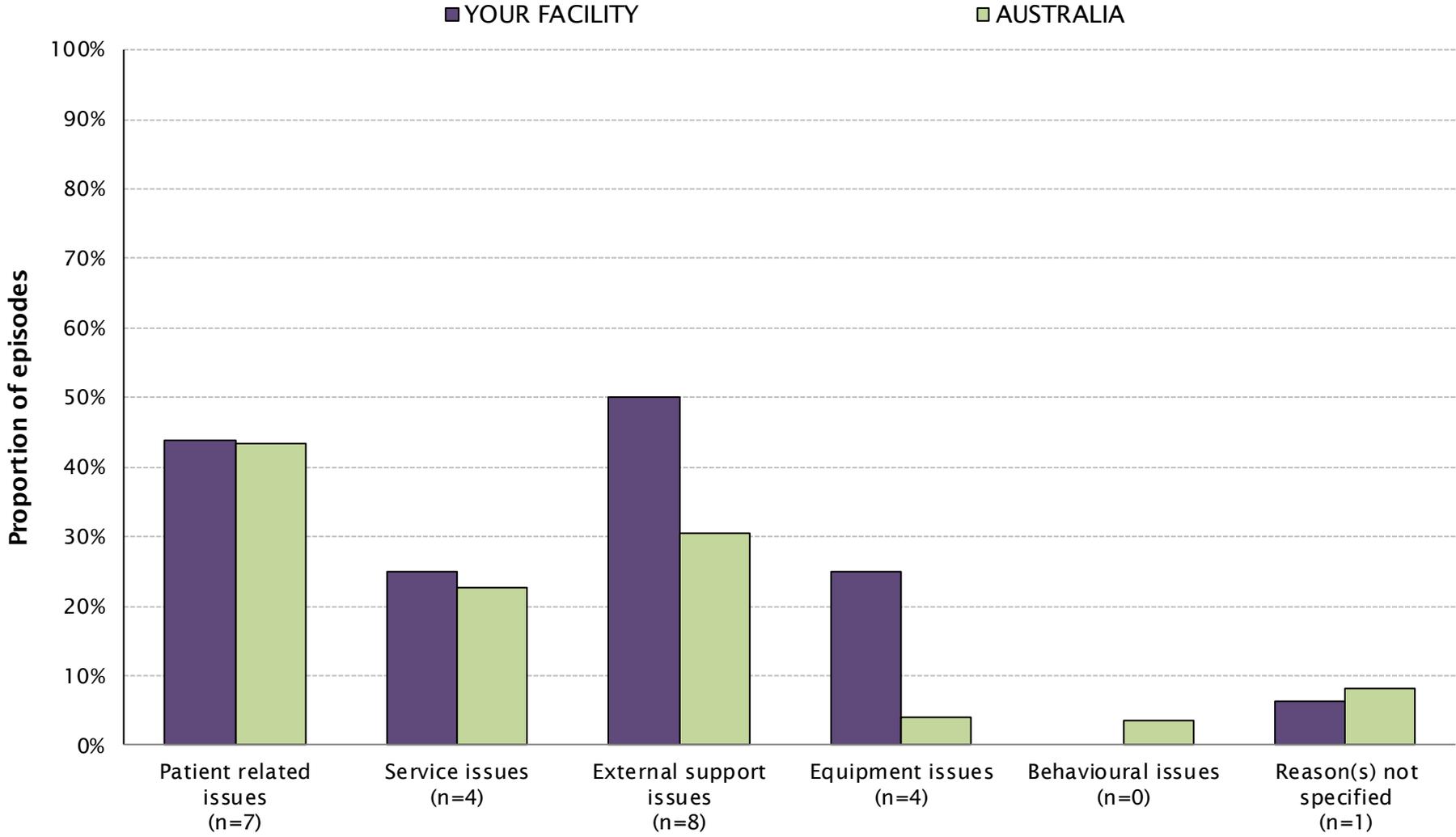
Delays in episode start



Delay in episode start	YOUR FACILITY		AUSTRALIA	
	No.	%	No.	%
No delay	331	88.3	29,078	90.1
Delay in episode start	44	11.7	3,207	9.9
Missing	9		1,210	
All episodes	384	100.0	33,495	100.0

Reasons for delay in episode start	YOUR FACILITY		AUSTRALIA	
	No.	%	No.	%
Patient related issues	12	27.3	967	30.2
Service issues	31	70.5	2,269	70.8
External support issues	0	0.0	41	1.3
Equipment issues	1	2.3	17	0.5
Behavioural issues	0	0.0	34	1.1
Reason(s) not specified	1	2.3	9	0.3

Type of delay in episode end



Delays in episode end

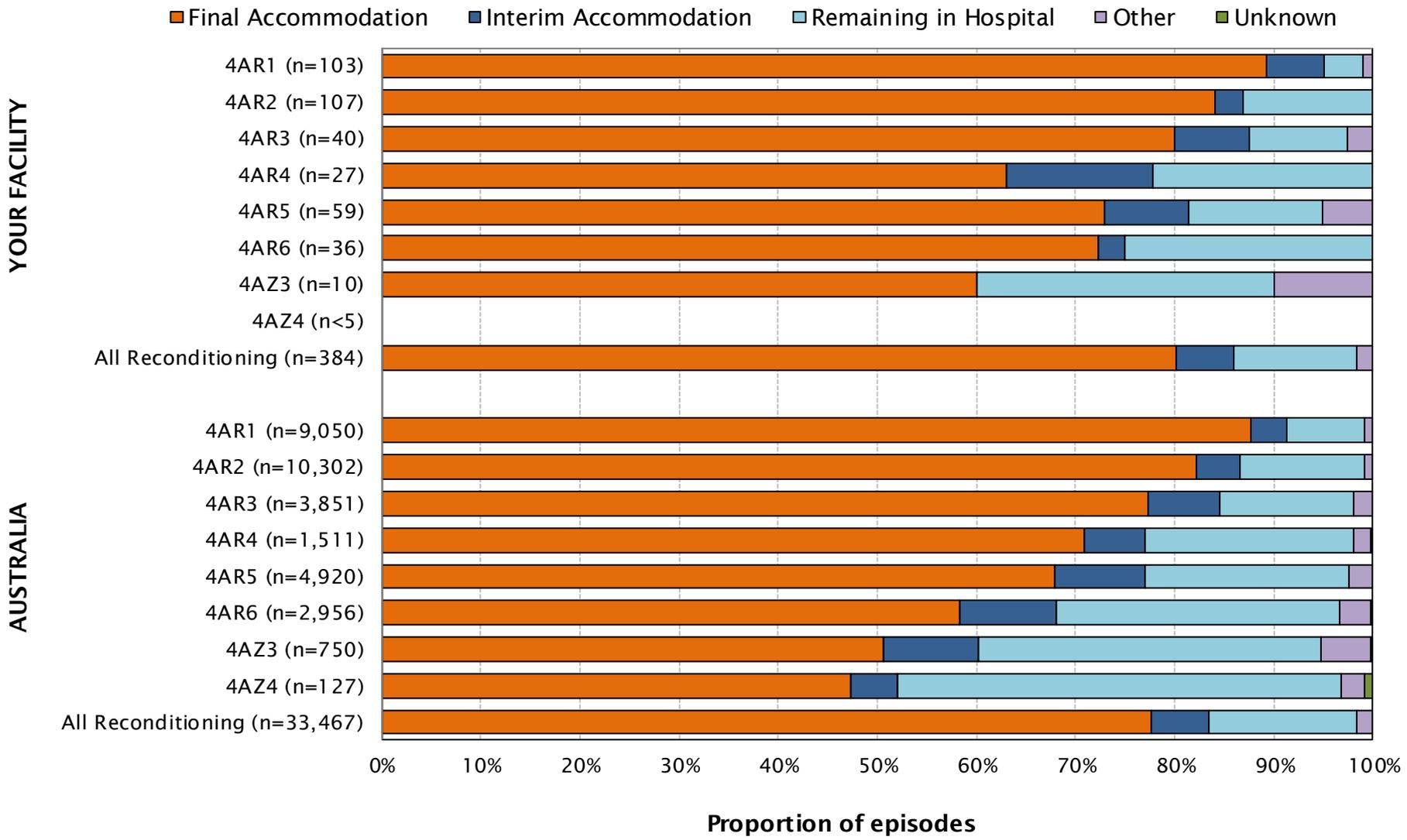


Delay in episode end	YOUR FACILITY		AUSTRALIA	
	No.	%	No.	%
No delay	303	95.0	25,516	94.5
Delay in episode end	16	5.0	1,479	5.5
Missing	12		1,203	
All episodes	331	100.0	28,198	100.0

Reasons for delay in episode end	YOUR FACILITY		AUSTRALIA	
	No.	%	No.	%
Patient related issues	7	43.8	641	43.3
Service issues	4	25.0	336	22.7
External support issues	8	50.0	452	30.6
Equipment issues	4	25.0	60	4.1
Behavioural issues	0	0.0	54	3.7
Reason(s) not specified	1	6.3	122	8.2

NOTE: Includes completed episodes only.

Discharge destination by AN-SNAP class



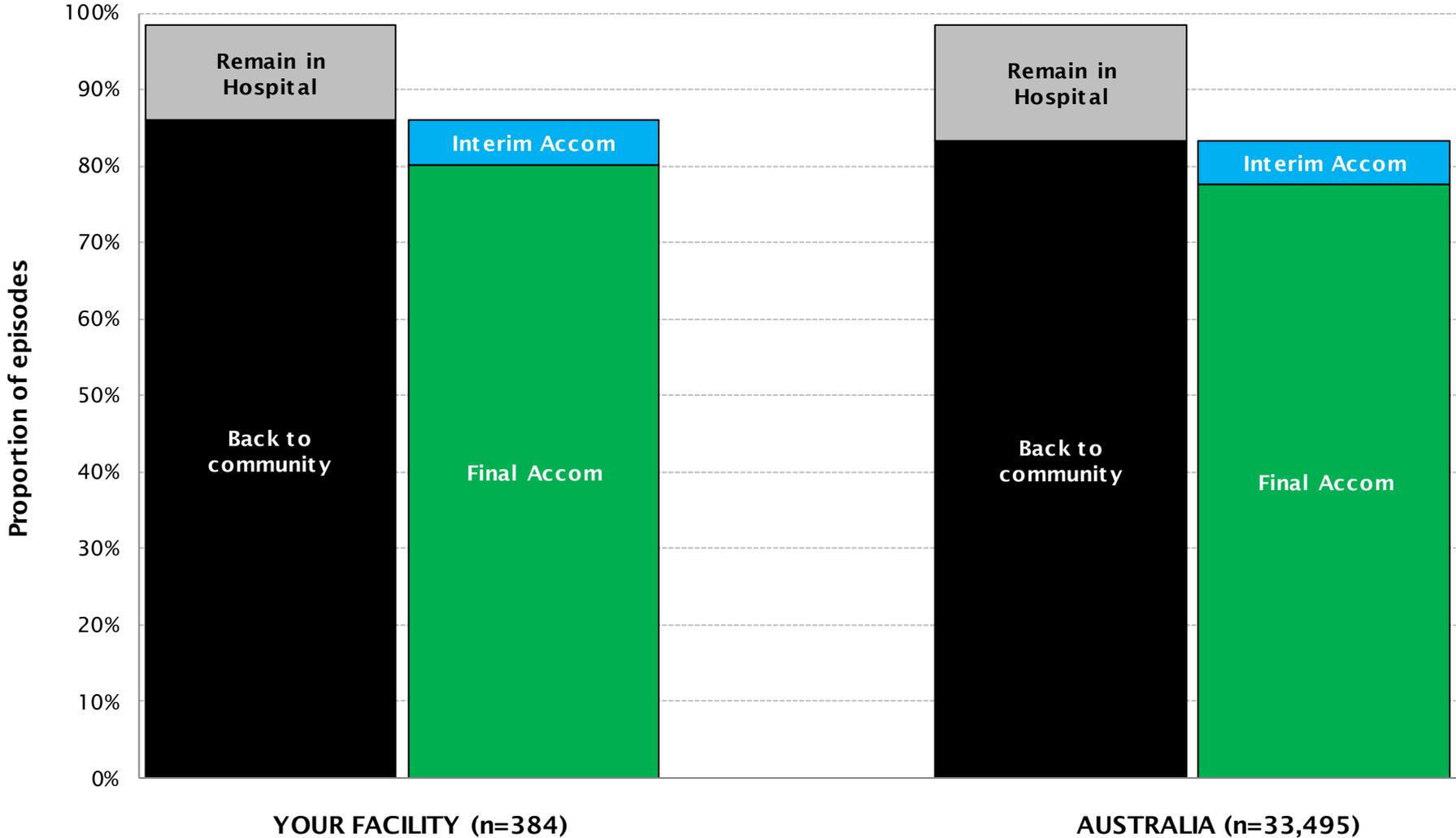
Discharge destination by AN-SNAP class



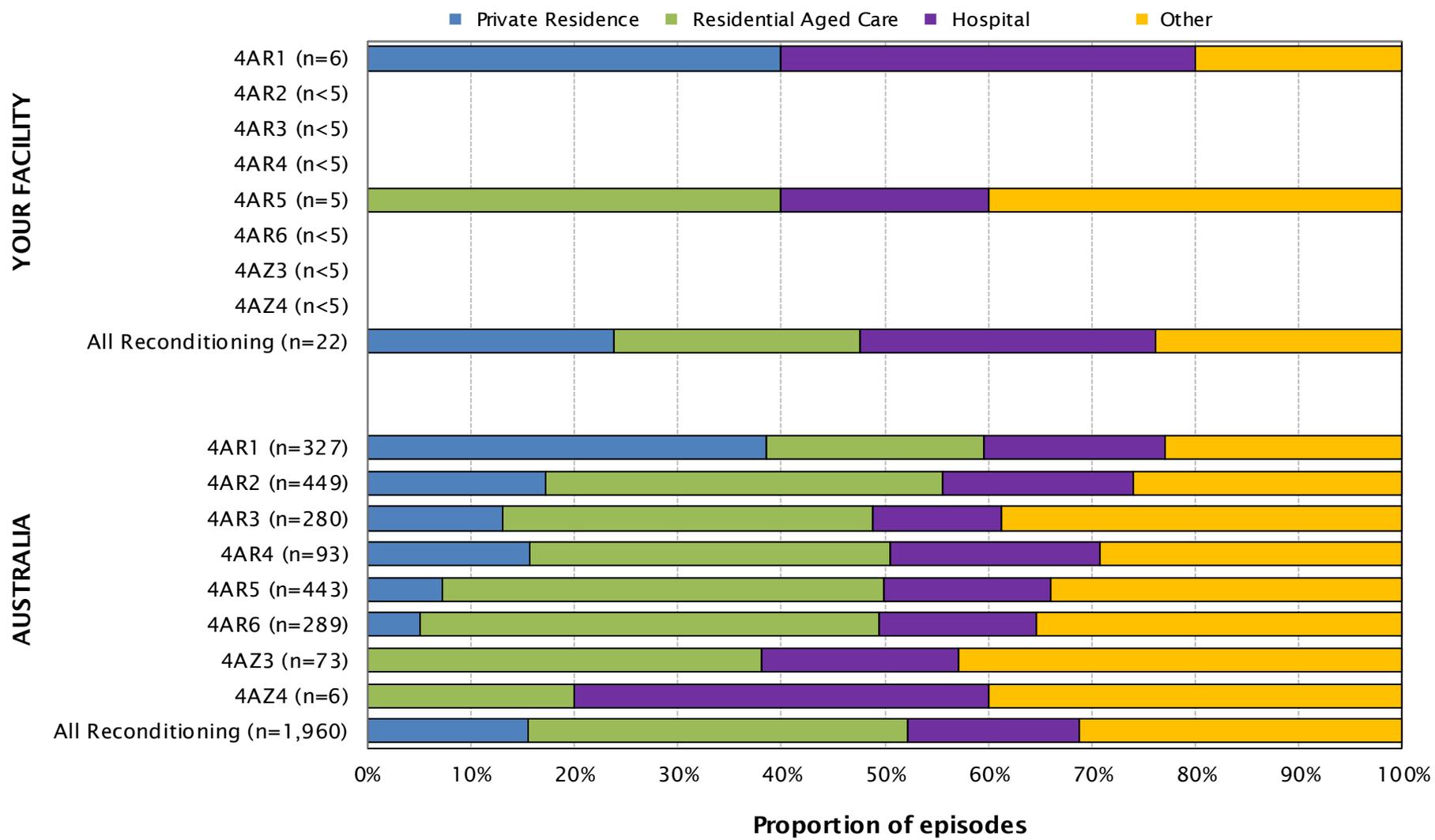
AN-SNAP class V4	YOUR FACILITY — N					AUSTRALIA — N				
	Final Accom	Interim Accom	Remaining in Hospital	Other	Unknown	Final Accom	Interim Accom	Remaining in Hospital	Other	Unknown
4AR1 (motor 67-91)	92	6	4	1	0	7,938	327	713	65	7
4AR2 (motor 50-66, cognition 26-35)	90	3	14	0	0	8,474	449	1,288	84	7
4AR3 (motor 50-66, cognition 5-25)	32	3	4	1	0	2,978	280	520	69	4
4AR4 (motor 34-49, cognition 31-35)	17	4	6	0	0	1,070	93	319	26	3
4AR5 (motor 34-49, cognition 5-30)	43	5	8	3	0	3,343	443	1,013	115	6
4AR6 (motor 19-33)	26	1	9	0	0	1,722	289	847	90	8
4AZ3 (motor 13-18, Age ≥ 65)	6	0	3	1	0	379	73	259	37	2
4AZ4 (motor 13-18, Age ≤ 64)	2	0	0	0	0	60	6	57	3	1
All Reconditioning AN-SNAP Classes	308	22	48	6	0	25,964	1,960	5,016	489	38

AN-SNAP class V4	YOUR FACILITY — %					AUSTRALIA — %				
	Final Accom	Interim Accom	Remaining in Hospital	Other	Unknown	Final Accom	Interim Accom	Remaining in Hospital	Other	Unknown
4AR1 (motor 67-91)	89.3	5.8	3.9	1.0	0.0	87.7	3.6	7.9	0.7	0.1
4AR2 (motor 50-66, cognition 26-35)	84.1	2.8	13.1	0.0	0.0	82.3	4.4	12.5	0.8	0.1
4AR3 (motor 50-66, cognition 5-25)	80.0	7.5	10.0	2.5	0.0	77.3	7.3	13.5	1.8	0.1
4AR4 (motor 34-49, cognition 31-35)	63.0	14.8	22.2	0.0	0.0	70.8	6.2	21.1	1.7	0.2
4AR5 (motor 34-49, cognition 5-30)	72.9	8.5	13.6	5.1	0.0	67.9	9.0	20.6	2.3	0.1
4AR6 (motor 19-33)	72.2	2.8	25.0	0.0	0.0	58.3	9.8	28.7	3.0	0.3
4AZ3 (motor 13-18, Age ≥ 65)	60.0	0.0	30.0	10.0	0.0	50.5	9.7	34.5	4.9	0.3
4AZ4 (motor 13-18, Age ≤ 64)	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	47.2	4.7	44.9	2.4	0.8
All Reconditioning AN-SNAP Classes	80.2	5.7	12.5	1.6	0.0	77.6	5.9	15.0	1.5	0.1

Discharge destination



Interim accommodation on post discharge by AN-SNAP class



NOTE: Includes only those episodes with mode of episode end equal to interim accommodation

Interim accommodation on post discharge by AN-SNAP class



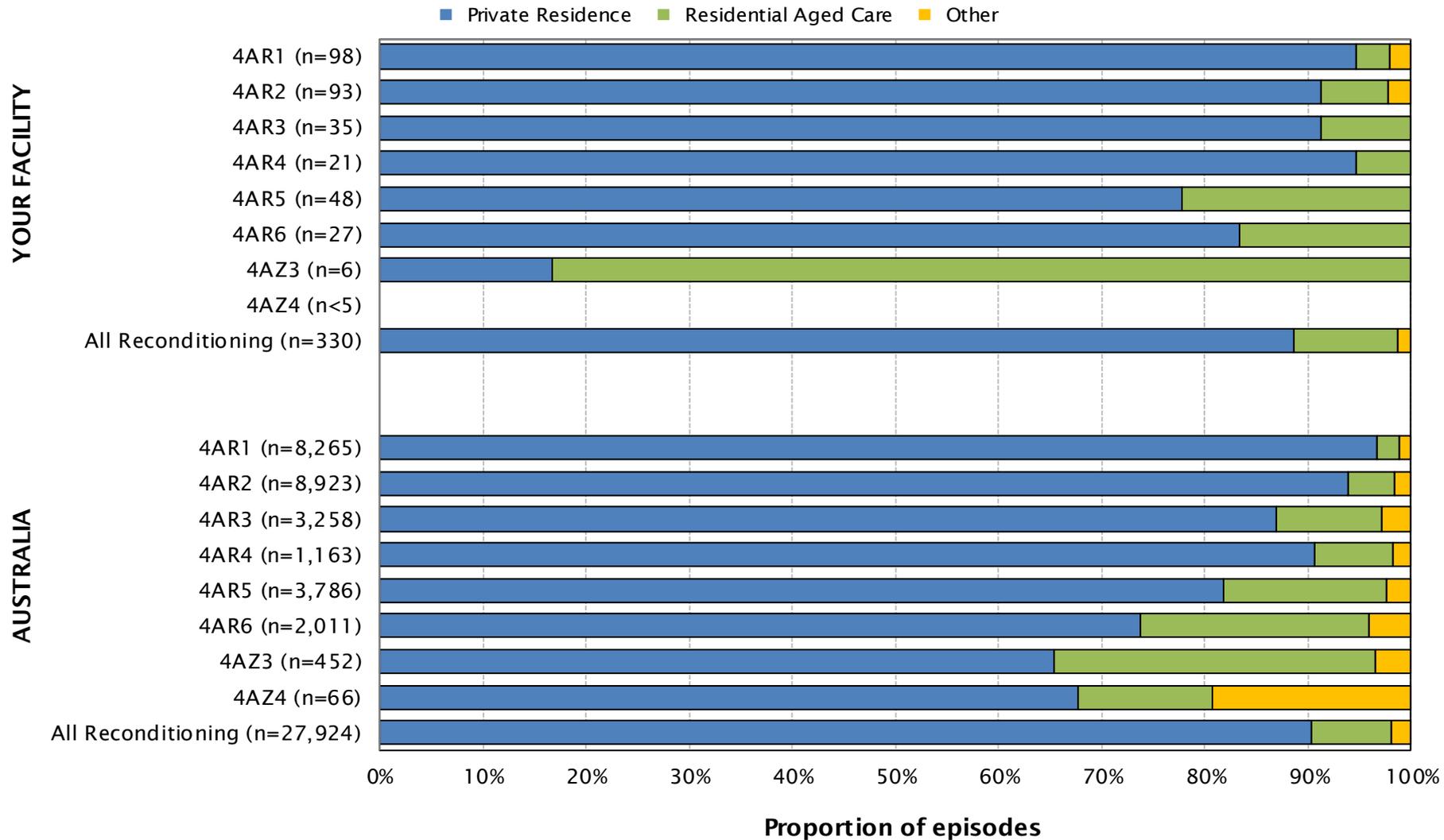
AN-SNAP class V4	YOUR FACILITY — N (%)				All episodes**
	Private residence	Residential Aged Care	Hospital	Other	
4AR1 (motor 67-91)	2 (33.3)	0 (0.0)	2 (33.3)	1 (16.7)	6 (100.0)
4AR2 (motor 50-66, cognition 26-35)	1 (33.3)	1 (33.3)	1 (33.3)	0 (0.0)	3 (100.0)
4AR3 (motor 50-66, cognition 5-25)	1 (33.3)	1 (33.3)	0 (0.0)	1 (33.3)	3 (100.0)
4AR4 (motor 34-49, cognition 31-35)	1 (25.0)	1 (25.0)	1 (25.0)	1 (25.0)	4 (100.0)
4AR5 (motor 34-49, cognition 5-30)	0 (0.0)	2 (40.0)	1 (20.0)	2 (40.0)	5 (100.0)
4AR6 (motor 19-33)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	1 (100.0)	0 (0.0)	1 (100.0)
4AZ3 (motor 13-18, Age ≥ 65)	0 —	0 —	0 —	0 —	0 —
4AZ4 (motor 13-18, Age ≤ 64)	0 —	0 —	0 —	0 —	0 —
All Reconditioning AN-SNAP Classes	5 (22.7)	5 (22.7)	6 (27.3)	5 (22.7)	22 (100.0)

AN-SNAP class V4	AUSTRALIA — N (%)				All episodes**
	Private residence	Residential Aged Care	Hospital	Other	
4AR1 (motor 67-91)	121 (37.0)	66 (20.2)	55 (16.8)	72 (22.0)	327 (100.0)
4AR2 (motor 50-66, cognition 26-35)	74 (16.5)	165 (36.7)	79 (17.6)	112 (24.9)	449 (100.0)
4AR3 (motor 50-66, cognition 5-25)	35 (12.5)	95 (33.9)	33 (11.8)	103 (36.8)	280 (100.0)
4AR4 (motor 34-49, cognition 31-35)	14 (15.1)	31 (33.3)	18 (19.4)	26 (28.0)	93 (100.0)
4AR5 (motor 34-49, cognition 5-30)	30 (6.8)	178 (40.2)	67 (15.1)	142 (32.1)	443 (100.0)
4AR6 (motor 19-33)	14 (4.8)	120 (41.5)	41 (14.2)	96 (33.2)	289 (100.0)
4AZ3 (motor 13-18, Age ≥ 65)	0 (0.0)	24 (32.9)	12 (16.4)	27 (37.0)	73 (100.0)
4AZ4 (motor 13-18, Age ≤ 64)	0 (0.0)	1 (16.7)	2 (33.3)	2 (33.3)	6 (100.0)
All Reconditioning AN-SNAP Classes	288 (14.7)	680 (34.7)	307 (15.7)	580 (29.6)	1,960 (100.0)

** There were 1 episode(s) in YOUR FACILITY and 105 episodes in AUSTRALIA with unknown interim accommodation

NOTE: Includes only those episodes with mode of episode end equal to interim accommodation

Final accommodation post discharge by AN-SNAP class



NOTE: Includes only those episodes with mode of episode end equal to either final or interim accommodation

Final accommodation post discharge by AN-SNAP class

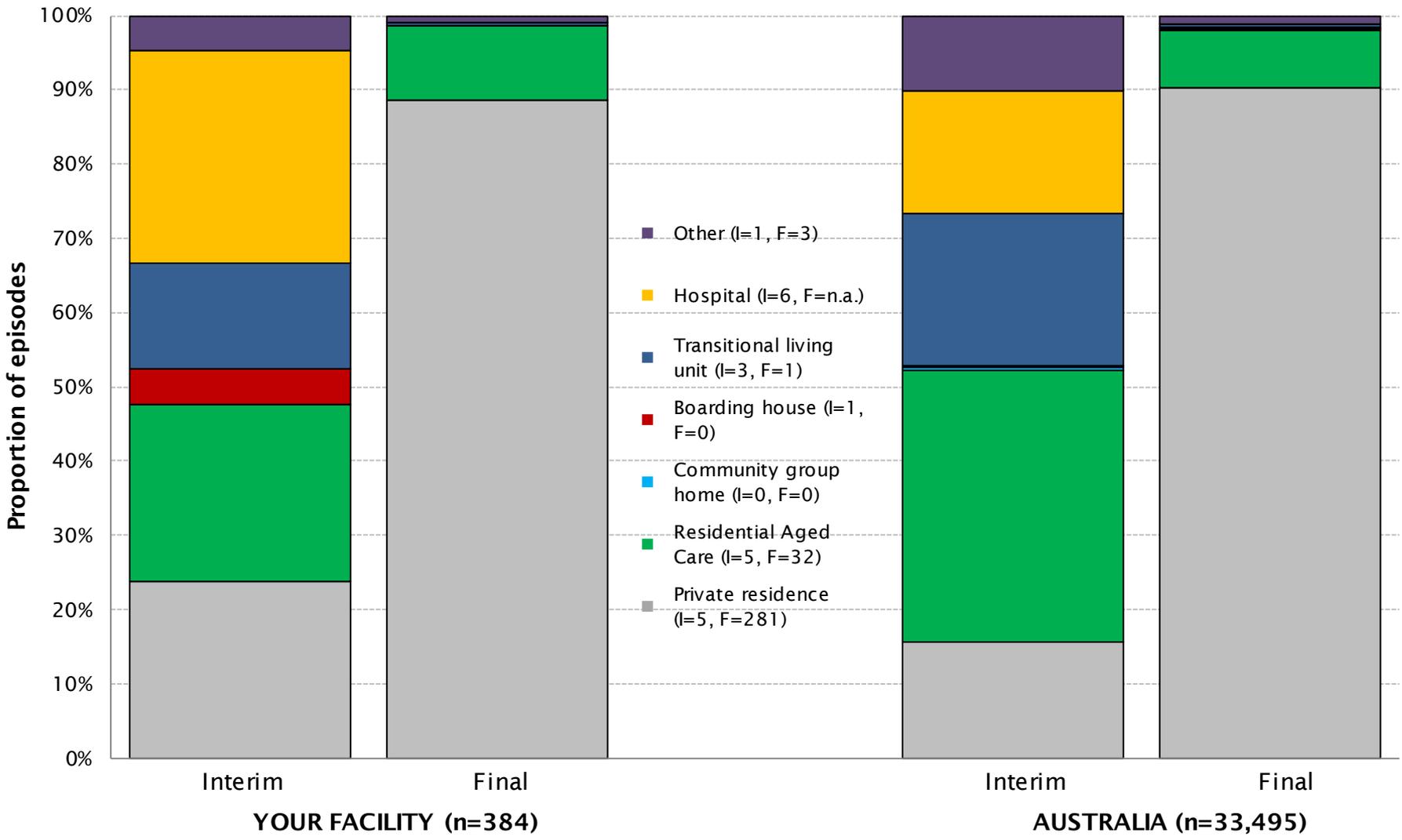


AN-SNAP class V4	YOUR FACILITY — N (%)				
	Private residence	Residential Aged Care	Other	Unknown/Missing	All episodes
4AR1 (motor 67-91)	90 (94.7)	3 (3.2)	2 (2.1)	0	95 (100.0)
4AR2 (motor 50-66, cognition 26-35)	84 (91.3)	6 (6.5)	2 (2.2)	0	92 (100.0)
4AR3 (motor 50-66, cognition 5-25)	31 (91.2)	3 (8.8)	0 (0.0)	0	34 (100.0)
4AR4 (motor 34-49, cognition 31-35)	18 (94.7)	1 (5.3)	0 (0.0)	0	19 (100.0)
4AR5 (motor 34-49, cognition 5-30)	35 (77.8)	10 (22.2)	0 (0.0)	0	45 (100.0)
4AR6 (motor 19-33)	20 (83.3)	4 (16.7)	0 (0.0)	0	24 (100.0)
4AZ3 (motor 13-18, Age ≥ 65)	1 (16.7)	5 (83.3)	0 (0.0)	0	6 (100.0)
4AZ4 (motor 13-18, Age ≤ 64)	2 (100.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0	2 (100.0)
All Reconditioning AN-SNAP Classes	281 (88.6)	32 (10.1)	4 (1.3)	0	317 (100.0)

AN-SNAP class V4	AUSTRALIA — N (%)				
	Private residence	Residential Aged Care	Other	Unknown/Missing	All episodes
4AR1 (motor 67-91)	7,815 (94.6)	165 (2.0)	99 (1.2)	186	8,265 (100.0)
4AR2 (motor 50-66, cognition 26-35)	8,101 (90.8)	390 (4.4)	134 (1.5)	298	8,923 (100.0)
4AR3 (motor 50-66, cognition 5-25)	2,674 (82.1)	314 (9.6)	86 (2.6)	184	3,258 (100.0)
4AR4 (motor 34-49, cognition 31-35)	1,009 (86.8)	85 (7.3)	20 (1.7)	49	1,163 (100.0)
4AR5 (motor 34-49, cognition 5-30)	2,851 (75.3)	555 (14.7)	82 (2.2)	298	3,786 (100.0)
4AR6 (motor 19-33)	1,355 (67.4)	406 (20.2)	75 (3.7)	175	2,011 (100.0)
4AZ3 (motor 13-18, Age ≥ 65)	261 (57.7)	124 (27.4)	14 (3.1)	53	452 (100.0)
4AZ4 (motor 13-18, Age ≤ 64)	42 (63.6)	8 (12.1)	12 (18.2)	4	66 (100.0)
All Reconditioning AN-SNAP Classes	24,108 (86.3)	2,047 (7.3)	522 (1.9)	1,247	27,924 (100.0)

NOTE: Includes only those episodes with mode of episode end equal to either final or interim accommodation

Interim and final accommodation post discharge



NOTE: Includes only those episodes with mode of episode end equal to either final or interim accommodation

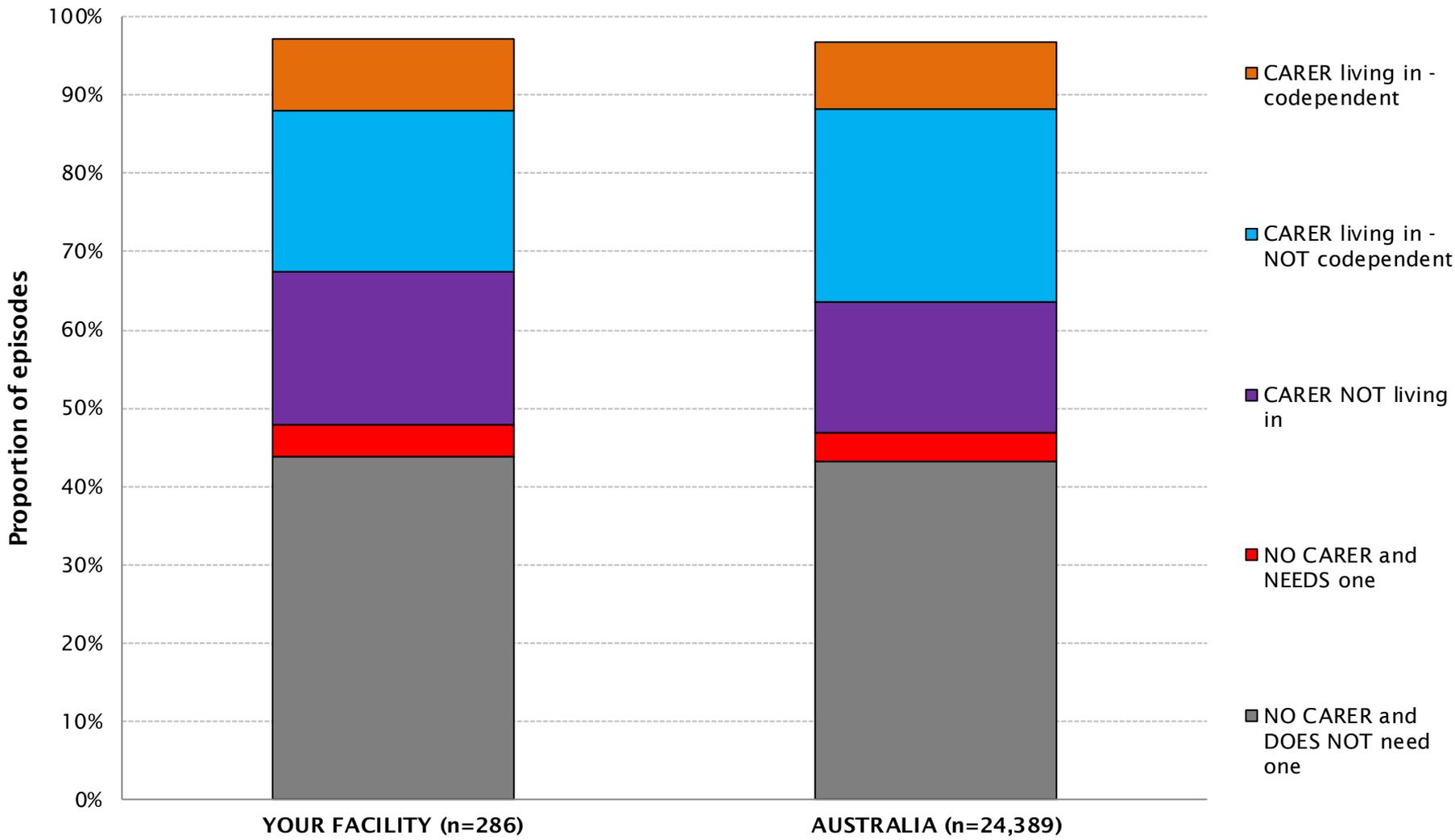
Interim and final accommodation post discharge



Accommodation	YOUR FACILITY				AUSTRALIA			
	Interim	(%)	Final	(%)	Interim	(%)	Final	(%)
Private residence	5	(23.8)	281	(88.6)	288	(15.5)	24,108	(90.4)
Residential Aged Care	5	(23.8)	32	(10.1)	680	(36.7)	2,047	(7.7)
Community group home	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	8	(0.4)	64	(0.2)
Boarding house	1	(4.8)	0	(0.0)	4	(0.2)	20	(0.1)
Transitional living unit	3	(14.3)	1	(0.3)	381	(20.5)	113	(0.4)
Hospital	6	(28.6)	n.a.		307	(16.5)	n.a.	
Other	1	(4.8)	3	(0.9)	187	(10.1)	325	(1.2)
Missing/Unknown	1		13		105		1,247	
All episodes	22	(100.0)	330	(100.0)	1,960	(100.0)	27,924	(100.0)

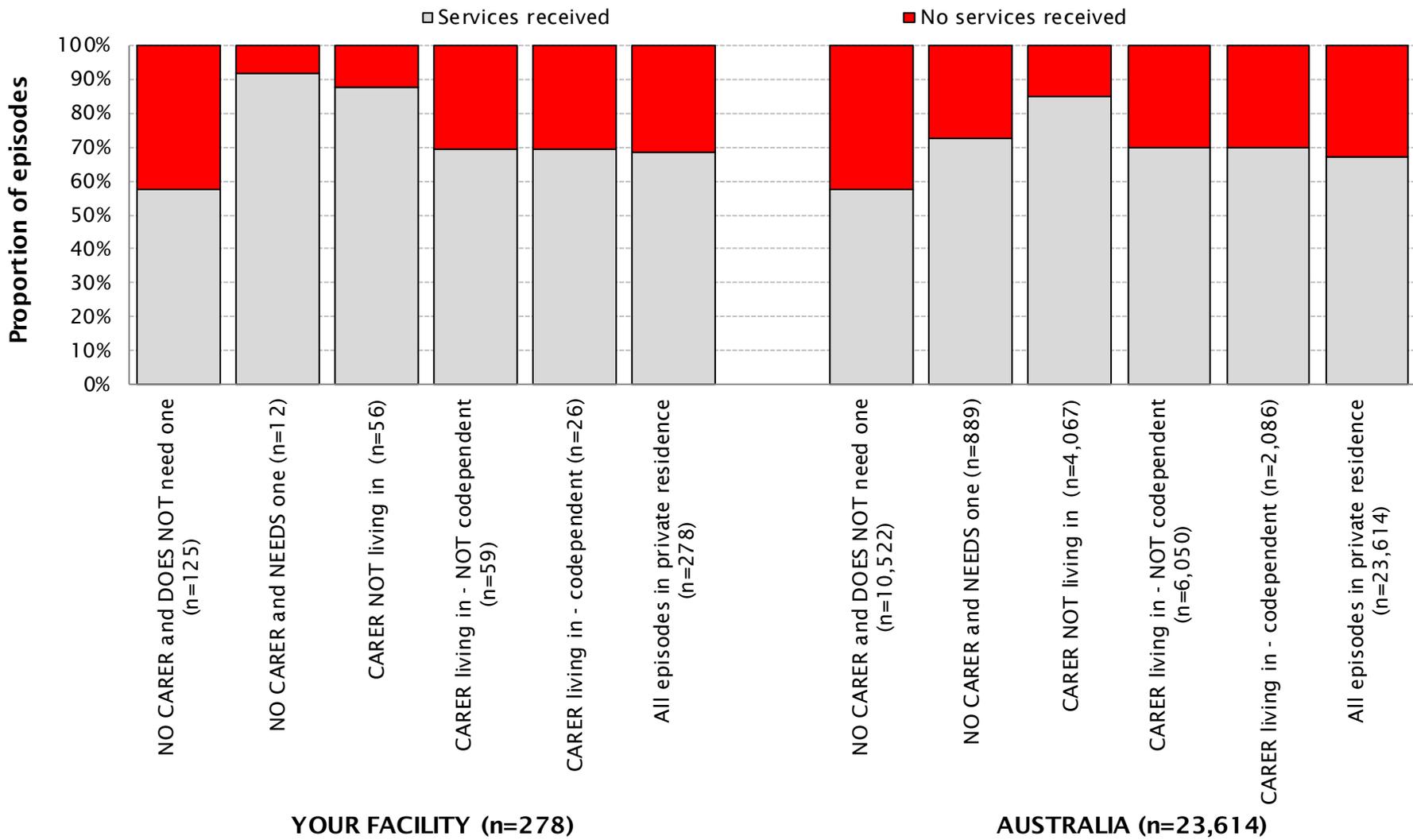
NOTE: Includes only those episodes with mode of episode end equal to either final or interim accommodation

Carer status post discharge



NOTE: Includes only those episodes whose final accommodation is private residence

Any services received post discharge by carer status



NOTE: Includes only those episodes whose final accommodation is private residence and with known carer status and known services status

Carer status and any services received post discharge

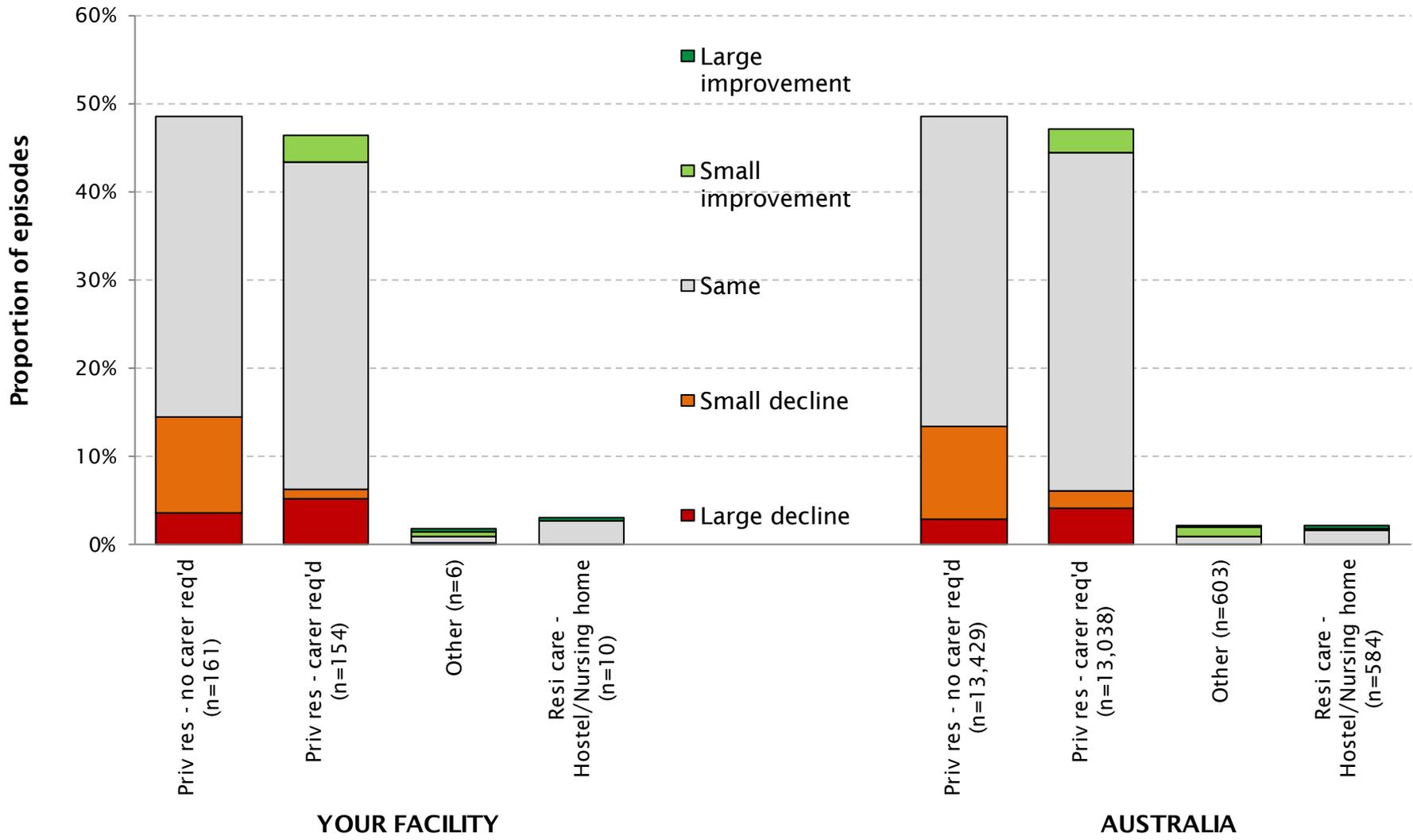


Carer status post discharge	YOUR FACILITY		AUSTRALIA	
	No.	%	No.	%
NO CARER and DOES NOT need one	125	45.0	10,524	44.6
NO CARER and NEEDS one	12	4.3	889	3.8
CARER NOT living in	56	20.1	4,067	17.2
CARER living in - NOT codependent	59	21.2	6,052	25.6
CARER living in - codependent	26	9.4	2,086	8.8
Missing	8		771	
All episodes in private residence	286	100.0	24,389	100.0

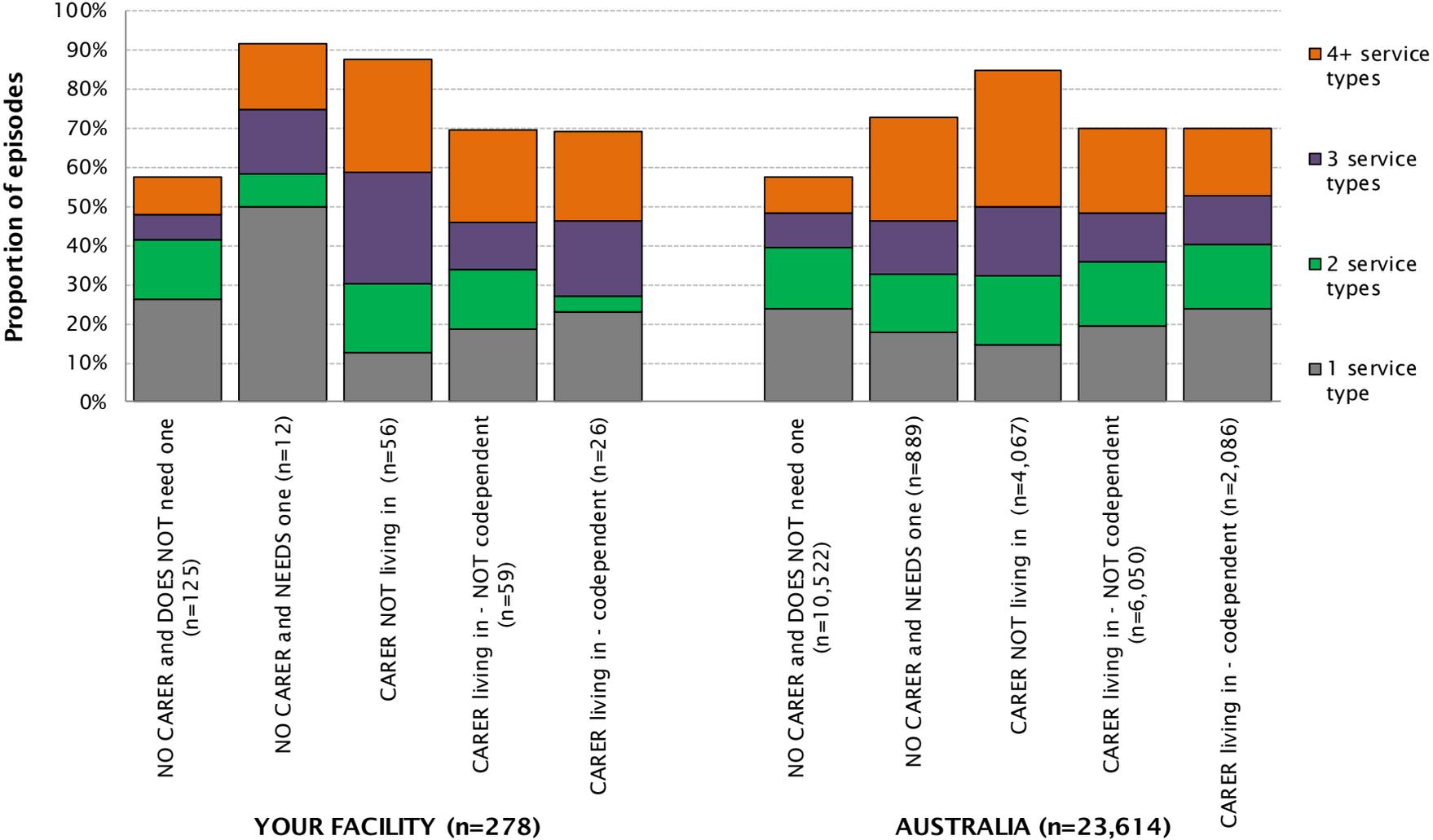
Carer status post discharge	Any services received post discharge?			
	YOUR FACILITY		AUSTRALIA	
	Yes (%)	No (%)	Yes (%)	No (%)
NO CARER and DOES NOT need one	57.6	42.4	57.4	42.6
NO CARER and NEEDS one	91.7	8.3	72.7	27.3
CARER NOT living in	87.5	12.5	85.1	14.9
CARER living in - NOT codependent	69.5	30.5	70.0	30.0
CARER living in - codependent	69.2	30.8	70.0	30.0
All episodes in private residence	68.7	31.3	67.1	32.9

NOTE: Includes only those episodes whose final accommodation is private residence and with known carer status and known services status

Change in prior accommodation on post discharge



Number of services received post discharge by carer status



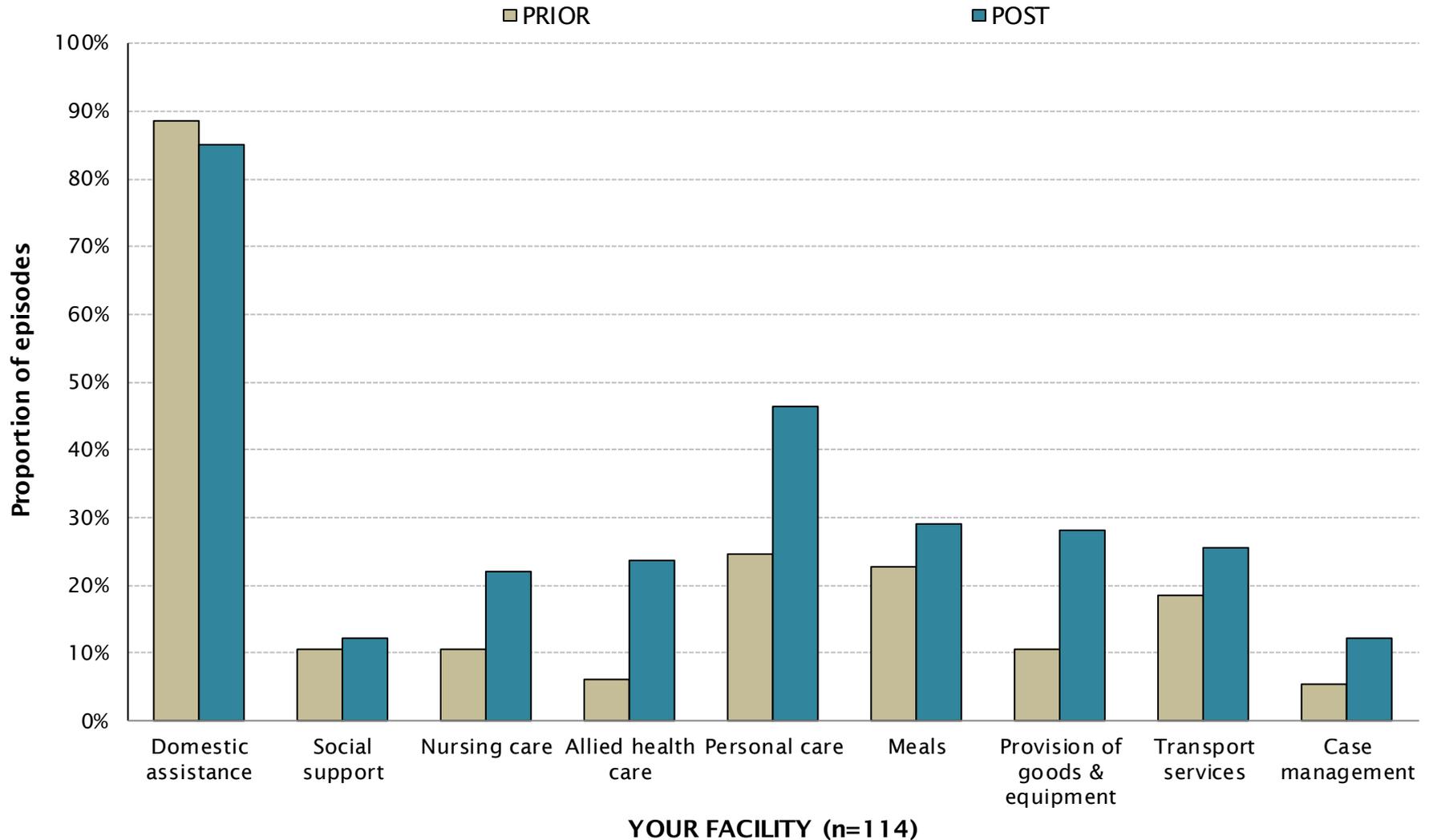
NOTE: Includes only those episodes whose final accommodation is private residence and with known carer status and known services status

Type of services received post discharge



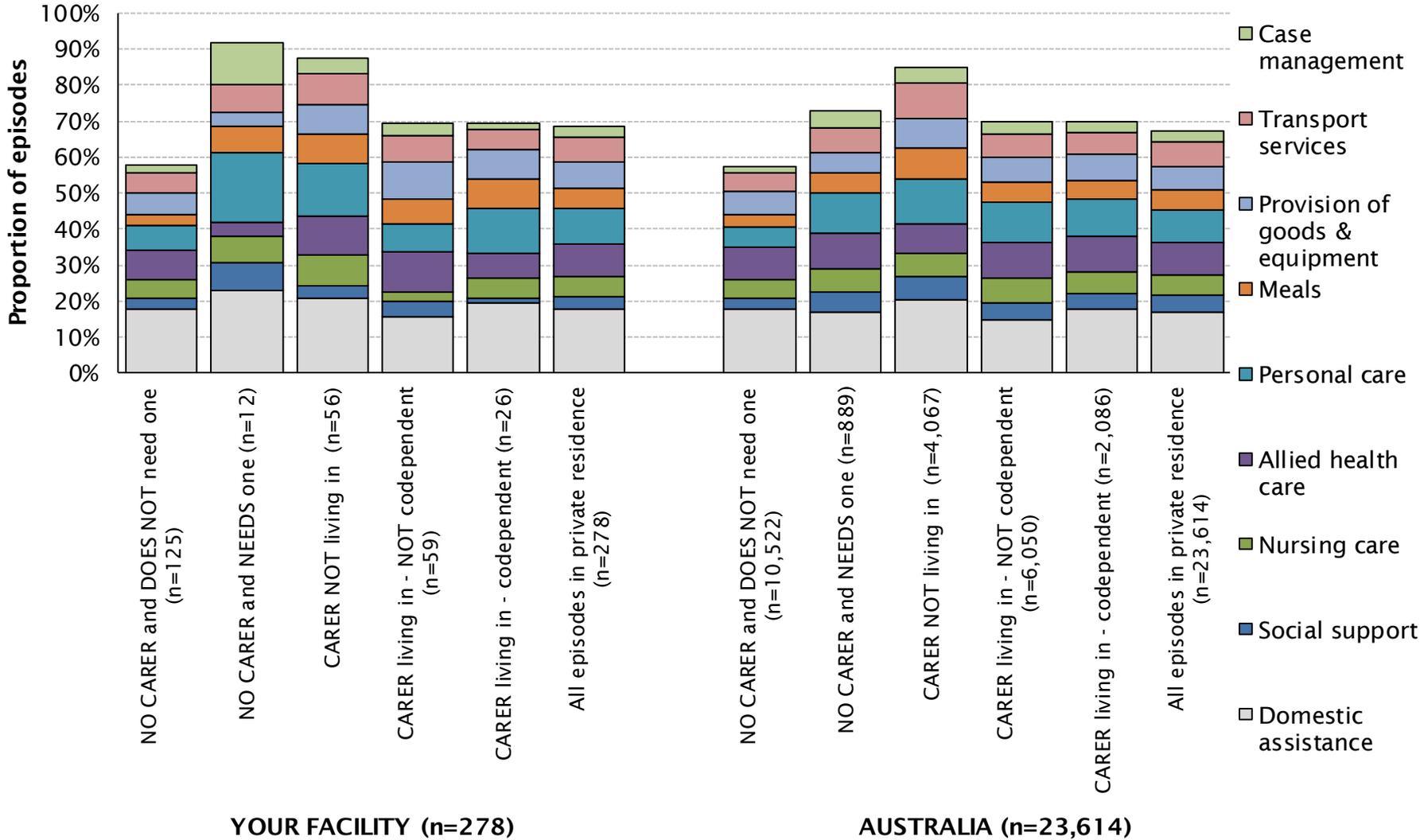
NOTE: Includes only those episodes whose final accommodation is private residence and with known carer status and known services status

Type of services received pre and post rehabilitation



NOTE: Includes only those episodes whose final accommodation is private residence and with known carer status and received services both pre and post episode

Type of services received post discharge by carer status



NOTE: Includes only those episodes whose final accommodation is private residence and with known carer status and known services status

Number and type of services received post discharge by carer status – Your facility



Carer status post discharge - YOUR FACILITY						
Services received post discharge	NO CARER and DOES NOT need one	NO CARER and NEEDS one	CARER NOT living in	CARER living in - NOT codependent	CARER living in - codependent	All episodes in private residence
Number of episodes in private residence	125	12	56	59	26	278
Percent of episodes receiving:						
No services	42.4	8.3	12.5	30.5	30.8	31.3
1 service type	26.4	50.0	12.5	18.6	23.1	22.7
2 service types	15.2	8.3	17.9	15.3	3.8	14.4
3 service types	6.4	16.7	28.6	11.9	19.2	13.7
4 or more service types	9.6	16.7	28.6	23.7	23.1	18.0
Service Type received						
Domestic assistance	38.4	50.0	69.6	47.5	53.8	48.6
Social support	7.2	16.7	12.5	13.6	3.8	9.7
Nursing care	11.2	16.7	28.6	8.5	15.4	14.7
Allied health care	17.6	8.3	35.7	33.9	19.2	24.5
Personal care	15.2	41.7	50.0	23.7	34.6	27.0
Meals	6.4	16.7	26.8	22.0	23.1	15.8
Provision of goods & equipment	12.8	8.3	28.6	30.5	23.1	20.5
Transport services	12.8	16.7	28.6	23.7	15.4	18.7
Case management	4.0	25.0	14.3	10.2	3.8	8.3

NOTE: Includes only those episodes whose final accommodation is private residence and with known carer status and known services status

Number and type of services received post discharge by carer status - National



Carer status post discharge - AUSTRALIA						
Services received post discharge	NO CARER and DOES NOT need one	NO CARER and NEEDS one	CARER NOT living in	CARER living in - NOT codependent	CARER living in - codependent	All episodes in private residence
Number of episodes in private residence	10,522	889	4,067	6,050	2,086	23,614
Percent of episodes receiving:						
No services	42.6	27.3	14.9	30.0	30.0	32.9
1 service type	24.0	17.8	14.6	19.5	23.7	21.0
2 service types	15.3	14.7	17.9	16.5	16.8	16.2
3 service types	9.0	13.8	17.5	12.2	12.4	11.8
4 or more service types	9.0	26.3	35.0	21.6	17.1	18.1
Service Type received						
Domestic assistance	38.9	52.0	69.2	43.2	45.8	46.3
Social support	7.3	17.7	21.3	14.8	11.9	12.4
Nursing care	11.5	20.7	22.9	19.8	15.6	16.3
Allied health care	19.4	30.3	26.9	29.7	25.6	24.3
Personal care	12.2	34.2	42.8	33.0	26.6	24.9
Meals	8.4	18.3	29.5	16.2	12.6	14.8
Provision of goods & equipment	13.9	16.4	28.0	20.6	20.0	18.7
Transport services	11.3	21.5	33.1	19.4	15.7	17.9
Case management	4.0	14.2	15.0	10.0	7.6	8.1

NOTE: Includes only those episodes whose final accommodation is private residence and with known carer status and known services status

Appendix 1: Glossary

AN-SNAP class

The Australian National Sub-Acute and Non-Acute Patient Classification (AN-SNAP) is a casemix classification for sub-acute and non-acute care provided in a variety of treatment settings. Version 4, introduced in July 2016 and used in these reports, uses the episode's impairment, age, weighted FIM motor admission score and FIM cognition score to determine which of 50 inpatient (admitted overnight adult) rehabilitation classes the episode should be assigned to.

Between AN-SNAP V3 and V4 there have been some minor refinements to the positioning of age and FIM score splits, however the greatest change has been the introduction of impairment-specific weights to FIM item scores in the calculation of a motor score, the introduction of reconditioning only classes and the removal of orthopaedic replacement classes (now grouped with all other orthopaedic conditions). Refer Appendix 3 for the full list of classes and the section Impairment-specific weighted FIM scores below for more detail about how the items are weighted. For more information about AN-SNAP class V4 please refer to the AROC website.

AROC

The Australasian Rehabilitation Outcomes Centre (AROC) was established in 2002 and current membership encompasses close to 100% of all Australian and New Zealand rehabilitation facilities. Facilities routinely submit deidentified data to AROC for each rehabilitation episode, including information about demographics, process indicators and functional status.

Benchmark group

In Calendar Year 2015 new benchmark groups were introduced. With the exception of brain injury and spinal cord dysfunction an episode's benchmark group is determined by the country of the submitting facility and can be either Australia or New Zealand. For episodes recorded as brain injury or spinal cord dysfunction (or major multi trauma involving brain injury and/or spinal cord dysfunction) the benchmark group is determined by first admission episodes reported by all specialist (brain/spinal) units in both Australia and New Zealand, calculated separately for traumatic and non-traumatic episodes. The benchmark data set is all episodes during the reporting period in the AROC database.

Appendix 1: Glossary

Casemix-adjusted relative mean

A comparison of some statistics such as length of stay and FIM change is only possible if the groups being compared comprise similar episodes. The specific impairment, level of functional independence, age and other factors relating to the episode have an impact on these statistics. If, for example, your average length of stay were different from the benchmark group, we could not tell if your episodes really were different or if the difference was merely due to the unique casemix.

To overcome this difficulty, it is possible to statistically control for casemix. This is achieved by adjusting measures such as length of stay and FIM change so that the comparison is only made between similar types of episodes.

In this report we have calculated casemix-adjusted relative mean length of stay and casemix-adjusted relative mean FIM change for completed episodes. To do this, we needed to know the LOS (or FIM change) and AN-SNAP class for each episode as well as the mean LOS (or FIM change) for the benchmark group for each AN-SNAP class. We then calculated the difference between each episode LOS (or FIM change) and the mean LOS (or FIM change) of the appropriate AN-SNAP class. These differences were then averaged to produce the casemix-adjusted relative mean. This may be easier to understand as a set of two equations illustrated below.

For each episode calculate:

LOSdiff = episode's LOS - mean LOS appropriate AN-SNAP class.

Casemix-adjusted relative mean = Sum of LOSdiff for all episodes divided by Number of episodes

A casemix-adjusted relative mean length of stay of, say, -2 days would indicate that, on average, your facility has a LOS of 2 days less than similar episodes in the benchmark group. A casemix-adjusted relative mean FIM change of, say, 4 would indicate that, on average, your facility improved 4 FIM points more than similar episodes in the benchmark group. It is important to consider both of these statistics together. For example, your episodes may have stayed longer than similar episodes in the benchmark group, but they may also have achieved a greater functional improvement.

Complete/incomplete episode

An episode is considered "complete" for the purpose of calculating outcome statistics in this report if (A) the mode of episode end was either 1 (discharged to usual accommodation) or 2 (discharged to interim accommodation) AND total FIM score at episode end was greater than 18, or (B) the mode of episode end was 7 (change of care type within sub-acute/non-acute care) AND length of stay greater than 6 days.

Appendix 1: Glossary

Confidence interval for a mean

To decide if a difference between your facility's mean score and the benchmark group's mean is statistically significant, look at the two confidence intervals. If they overlap, the difference is not likely to be statistically significant. For example your facility's mean onset to first admission may be 16 days while the benchmark group's mean is 12 days. These values are certainly different, but the difference may not be statistically significant. If the 95% confidence interval of your data were (13 - 19) (i.e. 13 days to 19 days) and that of the benchmark group data set were (10.5 - 13.5) (i.e. 10.5 days to 13.5 days), the difference is not likely to be statistically significant as the two confidence intervals overlap. Note that this is a conservative comparison and is not as accurate as a formal statistical test.

Data Concatenation

Increasingly some jurisdictions have introduced business rules around data collection that have resulted in episodes of rehabilitation being ended and then re-commenced a few days later. AROC definitions would record these as one episode with the period in between defined as a suspension of rehabilitation. Such business rules result in two (or more) episodes of rehabilitation being reported to AROC when only one full episode should be reported.

Whilst this happens much more frequently in some impairment groups (e.g. spinal cord injury & brain injury) it does impact all impairments to some degree. Reporting of multiple episodes impacts outcomes analysis, resulting in shorter than real length of stays and reduced FIM change being reported.

Concatenated episodes will have a revised Length of stay and FIM change (start details will be taken from the identified primary episode; end details from the identified final episode), and will also have a revised number of suspensions (being the sum across all concatenated 'submitted episodes' plus the number of breaks between 'submitted episodes') and a revised number of suspension days (being the sum across all concatenated 'submitted episodes' plus the sum of all days between 'submitted episodes').

Submitted episodes to AROC are identified for concatenation based on the following rules:

- Subsequent episodes MUST have same impairment code and be from same reporting facility with same MRN and DOB
- Leading episode must be discharged into the hospital system with following episode being admitted from hospital system
- Number of days between episodes being 0-14 days for spinal and 0-7 days for all other impairments

To make it easier for AROC to identify episodes that should be concatenated in January 2014 the data item Mode of Episode Start had an additional code set value added: **9 = recommenced rehabilitation episode following suspension**

Appendix 1: Glossary

Data quality score

The data quality score is the average percent reported for all AROC data items (including impairment specific items where relevant) with the exception of those items that are optional. Path, facility code, facility name, MRN and episode end date are not included as these fields are used to extract the data for reporting.

Functional Independence Measure (FIM)

The Functional Independence Measure (FIM) is used as a tool to assess the functional independence of patients at episode start and end.

- The **FIM motor score** is the sum of the scores obtained for the first thirteen (13) items in the FIM instrument. A higher FIM motor score indicates a greater level of functional independence in motor skills.
- The **FIM cognition score** is the sum of the scores obtained for the final five (5) items in the FIM instrument. A higher FIM cognition score indicates better cognitive function.

FIM change

The change in functional status from the beginning to the end of the episode is measured by the change in FIM score. This is calculated as the FIM score at the end of the episode minus the FIM score at the start of the episode. In some instances the change in total FIM score (the sum of items 1 to 18) is calculated. In other cases either the change in FIM motor score (the sum of items 1 to 13) or the change in FIM cognition score (the sum of items 14 to 18) is calculated.

A higher FIM score corresponds to higher level of function while a lower FIM score represents less functional independence. This means that a positive value for the change in FIM score indicates functional improvement during the episode. A negative value for the change in FIM score indicates a decline in functional independence during the episode.

FIM efficiency

The FIM efficiency indicates the average FIM improvement per day. This statistic is calculated as the mean FIM change divided by the mean length of stay (LOS).

Impairment-specific weighted FIM motor scores

Impairment-specific weighted FIM motor scores are new to the inpatient (admitted overnight adult) rehabilitation AN-SNAP V4 classes. Weights reflect the **relative impact** of each item on the **cost** of caring for the rehabilitation patient. If an item has a weight of more than 1, it will have an impact on the cost of care that is more than average – a weight less than 1 implies the impact will be less than average. Within each impairment type, the weights are scaled to sum to 13 – thus both weighted and unweighted scores range from a minimum of 13 to a maximum of 91. Where impairments are grouped together in the classification, a single set of weights for that group has been derived. The exception is Major Multiple Trauma (MMT) where there were too few episodes to develop relative weights and so all weights were set to 1.

Interquartile range (IQR)

The middle 50% — between the 25% percentile and the 75% percentile.

Length of stay (LOS)

The length of stay (LOS) of an episode is the number of days on which care has been provided. It is calculated as the end date minus the start date, minus the number of leave days during the episode.

Mean

The mean, or average, is a measure of the "centre" of your data. It is calculated by adding all data values and dividing by the number of values. The mean can be used to calculate a total. For example, if the mean length of stay were 21 days for a group of 30 episodes, the total number of bed days could be calculated as 21 multiplied by 30.

Mean or median - which to use?

The mean and the median are both measures of the "centre" of your data. For data that are symmetric about the mean (e.g. normally distributed data), the mean and the median will be close to each other. However they may have very different values for some data sets.

As an example, consider length of stay. Typically, most episodes within a class will have roughly the same length of stay. However, there will be a few episodes that are longer than the others and a smaller number that are very long. These longer lengths of stay have the effect of increasing the mean length of stay, but have little or no effect on the median.

If you want to know how long episodes in this class "typically" stay, you will probably be interested in the median as this gives you the middle value - half the episodes are longer and half the episodes are shorter. If, however, your interest is in allocation of resources and you want to know how long episodes stay on average, or if you want to get an idea of the total number of days of care provided to episodes in this class, you will need to look at the mean. (The total days can be calculated by multiplying the mean with the number in the class).

Median

The median provides the middle value of your data - half the values lie above it and half the values lie below. For example, if your median length of stay were 20 days, half of your episodes would have stayed for 20 days or less, while the other half would have stayed 20 days or longer. Note that the median, unlike the mean, cannot be used to calculate the total number of bed days.

Appendix 1: Glossary

Relative Functional Gain (RFG) and Relative Functional Efficiency (RFE)

FIM change measures the absolute difference between admission FIM and discharge FIM scores, i.e. client 1 had a 10 point improvement (admission 46 - discharge 56) and client 2 also had a ten point improvement (admission 116 - discharge 126). FIM change does not take into account the proportion of FIM change possible, i.e. client 1 improved 10 points out of possible 80 (126-46) and client 2 improved 10 points out of a possible 10 (126-116). So not all patients that improve 10 FIM points are the same. This proportion of FIM change possible is known as the Relative Functional Gain (RFG) and tries to take into account the amount of FIM gain possible. RFG is calculated as follows:

- If actual FIM change > 0 [improved]
 - **(Discharge FIM - Admission FIM)/(126 - Admission FIM)**
 - e.g. $(90 - 50)/(126-50) = 40/76 = 52.6\%$
- If actual FIM change < 0 [declined]
 - **(Discharge FIM - Admission FIM)/ (Admission FIM)**
 - e.g. $(90 - 100)/100 = -10/100 = -10\%$
- If actual FIM change = 0 [no change]
 - 0%

FIM efficiency measures the absolute difference between admission FIM and discharge FIM scores per day, without taking into account the proportion of FIM change possible. The Relative Functional Gain per day is known as the Relative Functional Efficiency (RFE), and is calculated as the RFG divided by the length of stay (LOS).

Submitted versus reporting episodes

Submitted episodes are those submitted to AROC either via direct data entry or upload through AROC Online Services. These episodes have not been concatenated.

The reporting data used by AROC in this report is made up of concatenated episodes. For most episodes there is no difference between the submitted episode and the one used for reporting.

Appendix 1: Glossary

Valid FIM

For an episode to have a Valid FIM flag it must be a complete episode and each of the 18 items on admission and discharge must have been answered with a valid response of 1-7.

Valid LOS

For an episode to have a Valid LOS flag it must be a complete episode with a length of stay ranging between 1 and 500 days.

Version 4 data set

The version 4 (V4) AROC dataset was introduced on 1 July 2012. V4 is designed as a bank of data items, combinations of which are used to describe 6 possible pathways of care (see the AROC website for more information about the different pathways). NOTE: This report utilises only Pathway 3 data (inpatient direct care).

Appendix 2: AROC Impairment Codes

STROKE

Haemorrhagic

- 1.11 Left body involvement
- 1.12 Right body involvement
- 1.13 Bilateral involvement
- 1.14 No paresis
- 1.19 Other Orthopaedic fractures

Ischaemic

- 1.21 Left body involvement (right brain)
- 1.22 Right body involvement (left brain)
- 1.23 Bilateral involvement
- 1.24 No paresis
- 1.29 Other Orthopaedic fractures

BRAIN DYSFUNCTION

Non-traumatic

- 2.11 Sub-arachnoid haemorrhage
- 2.12 Anoxic brain damage
- 2.13 Other non-traumatic brain dysfunction

Traumatic

- 2.21 Open injury
- 2.22 Closed injury

NEUROLOGICAL CONDITIONS

- 3.1 Multiple Sclerosis
- 3.2 Parkinsonism
- 3.3 Polyneuropathy
- 3.4 Guillian-Barre
- 3.5 Cerebral palsy
- 3.8 Neuromuscular disorders
- 3.9 Other neurological conditions

SPINAL CORD DYSFUNCTION

Non traumatic spinal cord dysfunction

- 4.111 Paraplegia, incomplete
- 4.112 Paraplegia, complete
- 4.1211 Quadriplegia, incomplete C1-4
- 4.1212 Quadriplegia, incomplete C5-8
- 4.1221 Quadriplegia, complete C1-4
- 4.1222 Quadriplegia, complete C5-8
- 4.13 Other non-traumatic spinal cord dysfunction

Traumatic spinal cord dysfunction

- 4.211 Paraplegia, incomplete
- 4.212 Paraplegia, complete
- 4.2211 Quadriplegia, incomplete C1-4
- 4.2212 Quadriplegia, incomplete C5-8
- 4.2221 Quadriplegia, complete C1-4
- 4.2222 Quadriplegia, complete C5-8
- 4.23 Other traumatic spinal cord dysfunction

AMPUTATION OF LIMB

Not resulting from trauma

- 5.11 Single upper above elbow
- 5.12 Single upper below elbow
- 5.13 Single lower above knee (includes through knee)
- 5.14 Single lower below knee
- 5.15 Double lower above knee (includes through knee)
- 5.16 Double lower above/below knee
- 5.17 Double lower below knee
- 5.18 Partial foot (single or double)
- 5.19 Other amputation not from trauma

AMPUTATION OF LIMB

Resulting from trauma

- 5.21 Single upper above elbow
- 5.22 Single upper below elbow
- 5.23 Single lower above knee (includes through knee)
- 5.24 Single lower below knee
- 5.25 Double lower above knee (includes through knee)
- 5.26 Double lower above/below knee
- 5.27 Double lower below knee
- 5.28 Partial foot (single or double)
- 5.29 Other amputation from trauma

ARTHRITIS

- 6.1 Rheumatoid arthritis
- 6.2 Osteoarthritis
- 6.9 Other arthritis

PAIN SYNDROMES

- 7.1 Neck pain
- 7.2 Back Pain
- 7.3 Extremity pain
- 7.4 Headache (includes migraine)
- 7.5 Multi-site pain
- 7.9 Other pain (includes abdo/chest wall)

Appendix 2: AROC Impairment Codes

ORTHOPAEDIC CONDITIONS

Fractures (includes dislocation)

- 8.111 Fracture of hip, unilateral (incl. #NOF)
- 8.112 Fracture of hip, bilateral (incl. #NOF)
- 8.12 Fracture of shaft of femur
- 8.13 Fracture of pelvis
- 8.141 Fracture of knee
- 8.142 Fracture of lower leg, ankle, foot
- 8.15 Fracture of upper limb
- 8.16 Fracture of spine
- 8.17 Fracture of multiple sites
- 8.19 Other orthopaedic fracture

Post Orthopaedic Surgery

- 8.211 Unilateral hip replacement
- 8.212 Bilateral hip replacement
- 8.221 Unilateral knee replacement
- 8.222 Bilateral knee replacement
- 8.231 Knee and hip replacement, same side
- 8.232 Knee and hip replacement, diff sides
- 8.24 Shoulder replacement
- 8.25 Post spinal surgery
- 8.26 Other orthopaedic surgery

Soft tissue injury

- 8.3 Soft tissue injury

CARDIAC

- 9.1 Following recent onset of new cardiac impairment
- 9.2 Chronic cardiac insufficiency
- 9.3 Heart and heart/lung transplant

PULMONARY

- 10.1 Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
- 10.2 Lung transplant
- 10.9 Other pulmonary

BURNS

- 11 Burns

CONGENITAL DEFORMITIES

- 12.1 Spina bifida
- 12.9 Other congenital deformity

OTHER DISABLING IMPAIRMENTS

- 13.1 Lymphoedema
- 13.3 Conversion disorder
- 13.9 Other disabling impairments that cannot be classified into a specific group

MAJOR MULTIPLE TRAUMA

- 14.1 Brain + spinal cord injury
- 14.2 Brain + multiple fracture/amputation
- 14.3 Spinal cord + multi fracture/amputation
- 14.9 Other multiple trauma

DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES

- 15.1 Developmental disabilities (excludes cerebral palsy)

RE-CONDITIONING/RESTORATIVE

- 16.1 Re-conditioning following surgery
- 16.2 Reconditioning following medical illness
- 16.3 Cancer rehabilitation

Appendix 3: AN-SNAP V4 Overnight Rehabilitation Classes



Class Description of AN- SNAP class

4AZ1	Weighted FIM motor score 13- 18, Brain, Spine, MMT, Age ≥ 49
4AZ2	Weighted FIM motor score 13- 18, Brain, Spine, MMT, Age ≤ 48
4AZ3	Weighted FIM motor score 13- 18, All other impairments, Age ≥ 65
4AZ4	Weighted FIM motor score 13- 18, All other impairments, Age ≤ 64
4AA1	Stroke, weighted FIM motor 51- 91, FIM cognition 29- 35
4AA2	Stroke, weighted FIM motor 51- 91, FIM cognition 19- 28
4AA3	Stroke, weighted FIM motor 51- 91, FIM cognition 5- 18
4AA4	Stroke, weighted FIM motor 36- 50, Age ≥ 68
4AA5	Stroke, weighted FIM motor 36- 50, Age ≤ 67
4AA6	Stroke, weighted FIM motor 19- 35, Age ≥ 68
4AA7	Stroke, weighted FIM motor 19- 35, Age ≤ 67
4AB1	Brain dysfunction, weighted FIM motor 71- 91, FIM cognition 26- 35
4AB2	Brain dysfunction, weighted FIM motor 71- 91, FIM cognition 5- 25
4AB3	Brain dysfunction, weighted FIM motor 41- 70, FIM cognition 26- 35
4AB4	Brain dysfunction, weighted FIM motor 41- 70, FIM cognition 17- 25
4AB5	Brain dysfunction, weighted FIM motor 41- 70, FIM cognition 5- 16
4AB6	Brain dysfunction, weighted FIM motor 29- 40
4AB7	Brain dysfunction, weighted FIM motor 19- 28
4AC1	Neurological conditions, weighted FIM motor 62- 91
4AC2	Neurological conditions, weighted FIM motor 43- 61
4AC3	Neurological conditions, weighted FIM motor 19- 42
4AD1	Spinal cord dysfunction, Age ≥ 50, weighted FIM motor 42- 91
4AD2	Spinal cord dysfunction, Age ≥ 50, weighted FIM motor 19- 41
4AD3	Spinal cord dysfunction, Age ≤ 49, weighted FIM motor 34- 91
4AD4	Spinal cord dysfunction, Age ≤ 49, weighted FIM motor 19- 33

Class Description of AN- SNAP class

4AE1	Amputation of limb, Age ≥ 54, weighted FIM motor 68- 91
4AE2	Amputation of limb, Age ≥ 54, weighted FIM motor 31- 67
4AE3	Amputation of limb, Age ≥ 54, weighted FIM motor 19- 30
4AE4	Amputation of limb, Age ≤ 53, weighted FIM motor 19- 91
4AH1	Orthopaedic conditions, fractures, weighted FIM motor 49- 91, FIM cognition 33- 35
4AH2	Orthopaedic conditions, fractures, weighted FIM motor 49- 91, FIM cognition 5- 32
4AH3	Orthopaedic conditions, fractures, weighted FIM motor 38- 48
4AH4	Orthopaedic conditions, fractures, weighted FIM motor 19- 37
4A21	Orthopaedic conditions, all other, weighted FIM motor 68- 91
4A22	Orthopaedic conditions, all other, weighted FIM motor 50- 67
4A23	Orthopaedic conditions, all other, weighted FIM motor 19- 49
4A31	Cardiac, Pain syndromes, Pulmonary, weighted FIM motor 72- 91
4A32	Cardiac, Pain syndromes, Pulmonary, weighted FIM motor 55- 71
4A33	Cardiac, Pain syndromes, Pulmonary, weighted FIM motor 34- 54
4A34	Cardiac, Pain syndromes, Pulmonary, weighted FIM motor 19- 33
4AP1	Major Multiple Trauma, weighted FIM motor 19- 91
4AR1	Reconditioning, weighted FIM motor 67- 91
4AR2	Reconditioning, weighted FIM motor 50- 66, FIM cognition 26- 35
4AR3	Reconditioning, weighted FIM motor 50- 66, FIM cognition 5- 25
4AR4	Reconditioning, weighted FIM motor 34- 49, FIM cognition 31- 35
4AR5	Reconditioning, weighted FIM motor 34- 49, FIM cognition 5- 30
4AR6	Reconditioning, weighted FIM motor 19- 33
4A91	All other impairments, weighted FIM motor 55- 91
4A92	All other impairments, weighted FIM motor 33- 54
4A93	All other impairments, weighted FIM motor 19- 32
499A	Adult Overnight Rehabilitation - Ungroupable

- **AROC wish to acknowledge the valuable contributions made by:**
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 - Members of the Scientific and Clinical Advisory Committee of the Australasian Rehabilitation Outcomes Centre
 - The many staff from the rehabilitation facilities who have spent a great deal of time and care to collect, collate and correct the data, without whose considerable effort these reports would not be possible.
- **Disclaimer**

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